

Abbreviations and Acronyms

2G:	Second-generation cellular network
3G:	Third-generation cellular network
B2B:	Business-to-Business
B2C:	Business-to-Customers
BEREC:	Body of European Regulators for Electronic Communications
Ca.:	Circa (Latin), signifying “approximately”
CEE:	Central-Eastern Europe
CEO:	Chief executive officers
CEPT:	The European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations
CIA:	Central Intelligence Agency
CIS:	Commonwealth of Independent States
CRA:	Communications Regulatory Authority (in Lithuanian RRT—Ryšių reguliacijos tarnyba)
DOCSIS:	Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification, an international telecommunications standard
DSL:	Digital subscriber line, DSL technology is used for Internet access
EU:	European Union
FBI:	Federal Bureau of Investigation
FDI:	Foreign direct investment
FTTx:	“Fiber to the x,” telecommunications term for optical fiber-based broadband network architecture
Gb:	Gigabit
GDR:	German Democratic Republic
GEANT:	European data network for research and education
HSPDA:	High Speed Downlink Packet Access

ICT:	Information and Communications Technology
IMF:	International Monetary Fund
ID card:	Identification card
IP:	Internet Protocol
IPTV:	Internet Protocol Television
IT:	Information Technology
ITU:	International Telecommunications Union
Kauno miesto muziejus:	Kaunas City Museum
KTV:	Cable TV
LAN:	Local Area Network
LCTA:	Lithuanian Cable Television Association
LITNET:	Lithuanian Research and Education Network
LRTC:	Lithuanian Radio and Television Centre
LTE:	Long-Term Evolution standard for wireless broadband communication
LVNA:	Lithuanian State Modern Archives
MBB:	Mobile Broadband
MII:	Institute of Mathematics and Informatics of Vilnius University
NATO:	North Atlantic Treaty Organization
NGO:	Non-governmental organization
NKVD:	People's Commissariat for Internal Affairs
NORDUnet:	Collaboration between the National research and education networks in the Nordic countries
ODF:	Optical Distribution Frame
OECD:	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
OSF:	Open Society Foundation
OTT:	Over-the-top
RAIN:	Rural Area Information Technology Broadband Network
Sąjūdis:	Bendras demokratinio pasipriešinimo sąjūdis (United Movement of Democratic Resistance)
STS:	Science and Technology Studies
SVDSL:	Super-vectoring Digital Subscriber Line
TCP/IP:	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol
TIER 1:	Internet Protocol network that does not need to pay for transit traffic and peering

UMTS:	Universal Mobile Telecommunications Service
UPU:	Universal Postal Union
USSR:	The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
VAS:	Value-added service
VDSL:	Very high-speed Digital Subscriber Line
WWII:	World War II
X.25:	Standard protocol suite for packet-switched data communication in wide area networks

