

Ridho Al-Hamdi

# Indonesian Political Ideology

Political Parties and Local Governance  
in Yogyakarta Municipality 1998–2015



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*To the memory of my mother,  
Sri Relawati (1961–2013)*



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Dortmund, 26 July 2017

## Abstract

This study examines the influence of political ideology on Indonesia's political parties in addressing local governance issues during the democratic era, primarily between 1998 and 2015. Three representative parties are investigated: The Indonesian Democratic Party of Struggle (PDIP), the National Mandate Party (PAN) and the Justice and Prosperous Party (PKS). Selecting these parties is based on a threefold consideration: representing ideological cleavage, representing people's aspirations and the result of four election cycles.

Yogyakarta Municipality is selected as the locus of study due to its good governance and overwhelming achievements nationally in addressing primarily education and health issues. Therefore, this study has three main objectives. First is figuring out the influence of ideology on the party policy and agenda in coping with public service issues. Second is to explore the effectiveness of the party agenda in dealing with those issues. Third is to discern the pattern of relationships between political parties and governance actors.

Methodologically, this study adopts qualitative research methodology using a case study approach. Two techniques were used to gather data: *first*, in-depth elite and specialised interviews and, *second*, documentary analysis for collecting the necessary data. The data analysis was presented in four steps: reducing data, displaying data, drawing and verification and conclusion. The deductive and inductive analyses were employed together in displaying the data.

Four main findings are presented. Firstly, the policies made by PDIP, PAN and PKS in addressing public services have similar roles as defenders of the welfare state. They concur that education and health are basic needs for human life which should be subsidised entirely by the government. Their distinctive ideologies together comprise the ideology of welfarism, or so-called "symbiotic ideology". The role of the party chairperson and daily boards are more dominant than other positions in deciding policies. There are three determining factors which

influence those parties in producing policies: the party regulation, internal stimuli and external stimuli.

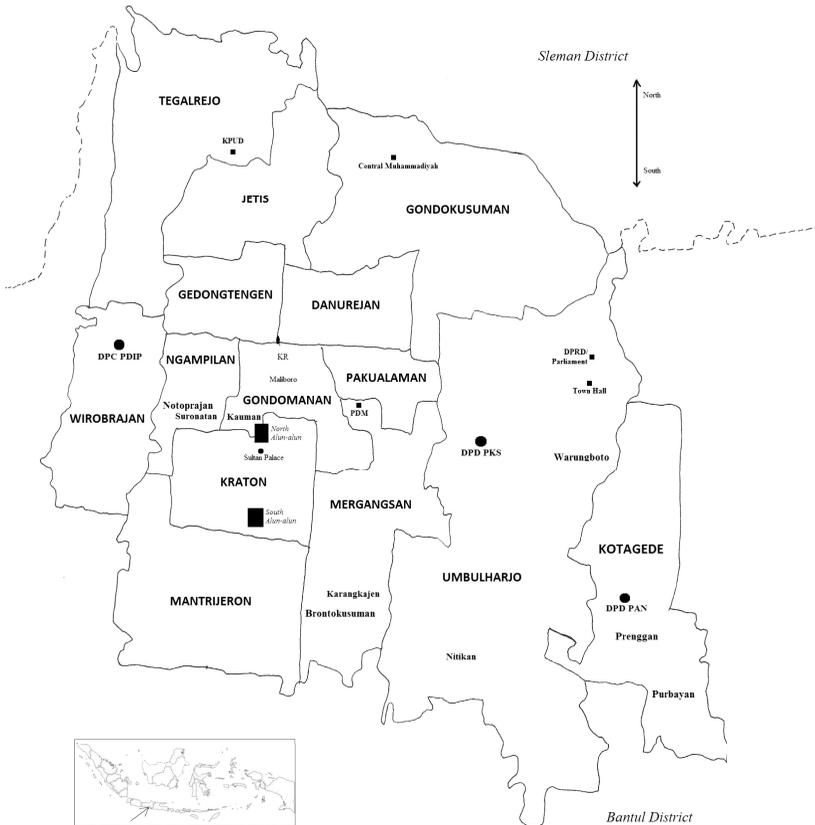
Secondly, the agendas which are performed by PDIP, PAN and PKS occur in two distinctive ways: structural and functional. The former demonstrates the involvement of those parties in five legislative bodies: the parliament board, the social welfare commission, the legislation body, the budgeting body and the special committee. The latter can be known through general statements of the party's fractions which are delivered in the parliament plenary sessions and through the individual view of the parties' elites. All parties tend to be defenders of people's interests indicating that the parties' agendas are working effectively and, in turn, Yogyakarta Municipality experienced positive growth.

Thirdly, the relationship between parties and the state actors reveals that political ideology is waning. The changeable politics in administration or parliament indicates that the ideology is blunt in the power arena. This can be seen in the political contest in the executive arena being marked by three different approaches in three government regimes: ideological, pragmatic and pragmatic-opportunist. In the same vein, in the legislative arena, parties liquefy if they cope with public service and parliamentary affairs; conversely, the circumstances become extreme clashes if they deal with issues linked to religion and ethnicity.

Fourthly, the relationship between parties and society reveals the resurgence of ideology when parties approach the grassroots. Each party will cultivate close ties with collateral-mass organisations or alliances. PDIP tends to strengthen the web of Marhaenism devotees, PAN relies on the Muhammadiyah network while PKS maximises the role of *liqo*' linkages. To build up their internal forces, each has its own strategy to recruit cadres. PDIP prefers to recruit cadres from Marhaenism-based organisations, PAN tends to recruit cadres from mainly Muhammadiyah and 'Aisyiyah and most of PKS' cadres originate particularly from the Campus *Da'wa* Institutes. With economic society, PDIP attempts to struggle for the *wong cilik* group although it also seems to stand up for the conglomerates' interests, PAN prefers to build up reciprocal cooperation with business clusters while PKS has little concern with this issue. Given these relationships, Yogyakarta

Municipality is the root of Marhaen. Nonetheless, pious Muslim activities can also be found in six *kampung santris*: Kauman, Karangkajen, Kotagede, Suronatan, Warungboto and Nitikan. They are abbreviated into one term: “Trikaswani”.

Map  
Yogyakarta Municipality



Source: The map of Yogyakarta Municipality was re-sketched by the Author, finished in 10.05.2016 while the map of Indonesia is from d-maps.com at [http://d-maps.com/carte.php?num\\_car=15299&lang=en](http://d-maps.com/carte.php?num_car=15299&lang=en)



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## Glossary and Abbreviations

ABA	<i>‘Aisyiyah Bustanul Athfal</i> , kindergarten under ‘Aisyiyah management
<i>abangan</i>	nominal Muslim
ABY	<i>Aliansi Buruh Yogyakarta</i> (Yogyakarta Labour Alliance)
AD	<i>Anggaran Dasar</i> (Statute)
<i>aliran</i>	literally stream, denoting various streams in political affairs such as Islamist, nationalist and secularist.
<i>Alun-Alun Lor</i>	North Field, located in front of the Yogyakarta <i>Kraton</i> Palace
Al-Qur’an	Muslim Holy book
<i>angkringan</i>	It denotes a roadside food stall, usually bought by lower-class people, such as pedicab drivers, students, toilers, street musicians and the like. Most <i>angkringans</i> consist of Javanese local-traditional foods and drinks
APBD	<i>Anggaran Pendapatan Belanja Daerah</i> (Regional Income and Expenditure Budget)
APBS	<i>Anggaran Pendapatan Belanja Sekolah</i> (School Income and Expenditure Budget)
ART	<i>Anggaran Rumah Tangga</i> (rule)
ASKES	<i>Asuransi Kesehatan</i> (Health Insurance)
ASMI	<i>Akademi Sekretari dan Manajemen Marsudirini</i> (Marsudirini Management and Secretary Academy)
As-Sunnah	The Prophet Muhammad’s way of life
Balegda	<i>Badan Legislasi Daerah</i> (Legislation Body)
Bamus	<i>Badan Musyawarah</i> (Consultative Body)
Banggar	<i>Badan Anggaran</i> (Budgetary Body)
<i>Batik</i>	Javanese textile dyeing
BHP	<i>Badan Hukum Pendidikan</i> (Legal Body of Education)
BKPM	<i>Badan Koordinasi Penanaman Modal</i> (Indonesia’s Investment Coordinating Council)
BN	Basic Needs
BOSDA	<i>Biaya Operasional Sekolah Daerah</i> (Local School Operational Financial Support)

BPJS	<i>Badan Penyelenggara Jaminan Sosial</i> (Social Insurance Administrative Body)
BPK	<i>Badan Pemeriksa Keuangan</i> (Financial Auditing Agency)
BPUPKI	<i>Badan Penyelidik Usaha Persiapan Kemerdekaan Indonesia</i> (Committee for Preparatory Work for Indonesian Independence)
BUMD	<i>Badan Usaha Milik Daerah</i> (Local State-owned Enterprises)
BUMN	<i>Badan Usaha Milik Nasional</i> (National State-owned Enterprises)
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility
<i>da'wa</i>	Islamic proselytising
<i>Dagadu</i>	a local creative garment industry in Yogyakarta
DAK	<i>Dana Alokasi Khusus</i> (Special Allocation Fund)
<i>Dapil</i>	<i>daerah pemilihan</i> (election district)
DAU	<i>Dana Alokasi Umum</i> (General Allocation Fund)
DEPAG	<i>Departemen Agama</i> (Indonesia's Religious Department)
<i>desa</i>	village level in rural area
DIY	<i>Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta</i> (Special Territory of Yogyakarta)
DMI	<i>Dewan Masjid Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Mosque Council)
DPC	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Cabang</i> , organisational structure of PAN at the sub-district/sub-municipal levels; or <i>Dewan Pengurus Cabang</i> , organisational structure of PKS at the sub-district/sub-municipal levels
DPC Party	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Cabang Partai</i> , organisational structure of PDIP at the district and municipal levels
DPD	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Daerah</i> , organisational structure of PAN at the district and municipal levels; or <i>Dewan Pengurus Daerah</i> , organisational structure of PKS in executive functions at the district and municipal levels
DPD Party	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Daerah Partai</i> , organisational structure of PDIP at the provincial level
DPLN Party	<i>Dewan Perwakilan Luar Negeri Partai</i> (Foreign Representative Board), organisational structure of PDIP in foreign countries
DPP	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Pusat</i> , organisational structure of PAN at the national level
DPP Party	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Pusat Partai</i> , organisational structure of PDIP at the national level
DPRD	<i>Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat Daerah</i> (People's Regional Representative Council)

DPRT	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Ranting</i> , organisational structure of PAN at the levels of village or <i>nagari</i> ; or <i>Dewan Pengurus Ranting</i> , organisational structure of PKS at the village level
DPT	<i>Dana Purna Tugas</i> (Retirement Fund)
DPTD	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Tingkat Daerah</i> , organisational structure of PKS at the district and municipal levels
DPTP	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Tingkat Pusat</i> , organisational structure of PKS at the national level
DPTW	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Tingkat Wilayah</i> , organisational structure of PKS at the provincial levels
DPW	<i>Dewan Pimpinan Wilayah</i> , organisational structure of PAN at the provincial level
DSD	<i>Dewan Syariah Daerah</i> (Municipal Sharia Board)
EIU	Economist Intelligence Unit
EKPPD	<i>Evaluasi Kinerja Pemerintah Daerah</i> (Evaluation of the Local Government Performance)
FKDK	<i>Fraksi Kebangkitan Demokrasi dan Keadilan</i> (Justice and Democracy Awakening Fraction)
FKPMY	<i>Forum Komunikasi Pelajar Muslim Yogyakarta</i> (Communicating Forum for Yogyakarta's Muslim Pupils)
FORMI	<i>Federasi Olahraga Rekreasi Masyarakat Indonesia</i> (Federation of Recreation Sport for Indonesian Society)
FPI	<i>Fraksi Persatuan Islam</i> (Islamic Union Fraction)
<i>fraksi</i>	A fraction (faction) in the legislature. It consists of members of a party or some parties.
FSLDK	<i>Forum Silaturahmi Lembaga Dakwah Kampus</i> (Forum for Coordinating Campus Predication)
FSRMY	<i>Forum Silaturahmi Remaja Masjid Yogyakarta</i> (Coordinating Forum for Yogyakarta's Mosque Adolescent)
FUI	<i>Forum Ukhuwah Islamiyah</i> (Islamic Brotherhood Forum)
GAMKI	<i>Gerakan Angkatan Muda Kristen Indonesia</i> (Indonesia Christian Youth Movement)
Gapeknas	<i>Gabungan Pekerja Konstruksi Nasional</i> (National Construction Labour Relations Alliance)
GENPRO	<i>Global Entrepreneur Professional</i> , an Indonesian Muslim business community
Gerindra	<i>Gerakan Indonesia Raya</i> (Greater Indonesian Movement)
GMNI	<i>Gerakan Mahasiswa Nasional Indonesia</i> (Indonesian National Student Movement)
Golkar	<i>Golongan Karya</i> (Functional Group)

GPM	<i>Gerakan Pemuda Marhaenis</i> (Marhaenist Youth Movement)
GRANAT	<i>Gerakan Nasional Anti Narkotika</i> (National Anti-drug Movement)
GRM	<i>Gerakan Rakyat Marhaen</i> (Marhaen People Movement)
GSNI	<i>Gerakan Siswa Nasionalis Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Nationalist School Pupils' Movement)
<i>halaqah</i>	religious circles
Hanura	<i>Hati Nurani Rakyat</i> (People Pure Heart)
HDI	Human Development Index
HMI	<i>Himpunan Mahasiswa Islam</i> (Islamic Student Association)
IAIN	<i>Institut Agama Islam Negeri</i> (State Institutes of Islamic Religion)
IDR	Indonesian Rupiah, Indonesian currency
IGI	Indonesia Governance Index
<i>ijma</i>	acclamation system
IKI	<i>Indeks Kota Islami</i> (Islamic City Index)
<i>Ikhwanul Muslimin</i>	Egypt's Muslim Brotherhood founded by Hasan al-Banna in 1928
ILO	International Labour Organization
IMF	International Monetary Fund
IMM	<i>Ikatan Mahasiswa Muhammadiyah</i> (Muhammadiyah Student Association)
INKAI	<i>Institut Karate-Do Indonesia</i> , one of the martial arts in Indonesia
IPKI	<i>Ikatan Pendukung Kemerdekaan Indonesia</i> (League of the Upholders of Indonesian Independence)
IPM	<i>Ikatan Pelajar Muhammadiyah</i> (Muhammadiyah School's Pupil Association)
IUD	Intrauterine Device
JAMKESDA	<i>Jaminan Kesehatan Daerah</i> (Regional Government-financed Health Insurance)
JAMKESMAS	<i>Jaminan Kesehatan Masyarakat</i> (Government-financed Health Insurance)
JAMSOSTEK	<i>Jaminan Sosial TenagaKerja</i> (Employees Social Security System)
<i>Jemaah Tarbiyah</i>	Education movement
JKN	<i>Jaminan Kesehatan Nasional</i> (National Health Insurance)
JMF	<i>Jamaah Musholla Fisipol</i> , LDK at the faculty of social and political science UGM

Jogja	The other well-known name for Yogyakarta Municipality
JPD	<i>Jaminan Pendidikan Anak</i> (Children Education Insurance)
JSIT	<i>Jaringan Sekolah Islam Terpadu</i> (Indonesia's Network of Integrated Islamic Schools)
<i>jumatan</i>	Friday group-prayer, Friday service
<i>kabupaten</i>	district
KAJASHA	<i>Yayasan Keluarga Alumni Jamaah Shalahuddin</i> (Foundation for Jamaah Shalahuddin Alumni)
KAMMI	<i>Kesatuan Aksi Mahasiswa Muslim Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Muslim Student Action Union)
<i>kampung</i>	It does not denote an administrative territory, but it pictures a societal community having a similar culture and practice and usually consisting of some surrounding groups
<i>Karang Taruna</i>	village-based youth organisation, concentrates itself in social and welfare purposes
KB	<i>Keluarga Berencana</i> (Family Planning)
KBM	<i>Keluarga Besar Marhaenis</i> (Great Family of Marhaenist)
<i>kecamatan</i>	sub-municipality in urban area or sub-district in rural area
<i>kelurahan</i>	village level in urban area
Kesbang	<i>Kesatuan Bangsa</i> (National Unity)
KIH	<i>Koalisi Indonesia Hebat</i> (Outstanding Indonesia Coalition)
KJB	<i>Koalisi Jogja Bersatu</i> (United Yogyakarta Coalition)
KJKS	<i>Koperasi Jasa Keuangan Syariah Umbul Sejahtera</i> (Sharia Finance Service Cooperative of Umbul Sejahtera)
KKB	<i>Klinik Keluarga Berencana</i> (Family Planning Clinics)
KLN	<i>Koordinator Luar Negeri</i> (Foreign Coordinator), organisational structure of PAN in foreign countries
KMP	<i>Koalisi Merah Putih</i> (White Red Coalition)
KMP	<i>Keluarga Muslim Psikologi</i> (Muslim Family of Psychology), LDK in the faculty of psychology UGM
KMS	<i>Keluarga Menuju Sejahtera</i> (Family towards Prosperity), provided for poor people
Konfercab	<i>Konferensi Cabang</i> (Branch Conference)
Konferda	<i>Konferensi Daerah</i> (Regional Conference)
KONI	<i>Komite Olahraga Nasional Indonesia</i> (National Sports Committee of Indonesia)
<i>kos-kosan</i>	rented rooms/houses or apartments
<i>kota</i>	a city or municipality, headed by an elected mayor

KPK	<i>Komisi Pemberantasan Korupsi</i> (Corruption Eradication Commission)
KPM	<i>Koalisi Pelangi Mataram</i> (Mataram Rainbow Coalition)
KPU	<i>Komisi Pemilihan Umum</i> (Election Commission)
KPUD	<i>Komisi Pemilihan Umum Daerah</i> (Regional Election Commission)
KRJ	<i>Koalisi Rakyat Jogja</i> (Yogyakarta People Coalition)
KSPSI	<i>Konfederasi Serikat Pekerja Seluruh Indonesia</i> (All Indonesian Workers Union Confederation)
<i>kyai</i>	Muslim elder, cleric
<i>lapak seller</i>	a person who sells belongings in a tiny place, usually on the floor/ground without any tents or stalls
LDK	<i>Lembaga Dakwah Kampus</i> (Campus Predication Institute)
LIPIA	<i>Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Islam dan Arab</i> (Institute of Arabic and Islamic Studies of Ibn Saud University)
<i>liqo'</i>	meeting
LOD	<i>Lembaga Ombudsman Daerah</i> (Regional Ombudsman Institution)
<i>los seller</i>	a person who sells in small aisles
<i>madrasah</i>	Islamic school
<i>masjid</i>	mosque
MENA	Middle East and North Africa
<i>Merdeka</i>	Indonesian term, freedom
MIPI	<i>Masyarakat Ilmu Pemerintahan Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Government Scientists' Association)
Malioboro Street	Name of a famous street and area located at the heart of Yogyakarta Municipality, as a major shopping centre mainly for tourists
MI	<i>Madrasah Ibtidaiyah</i> (Islamic primary school)
MPD	<i>Majelis Pertimbangan Daerah</i> (Municipal Consultative Assembly)
MPP	<i>Majelis Pertimbangan Partai</i> (Advisory Board)
MPR	<i>Majelis Permusyawaratan Rakyat</i> (People's Consultative Assembly)
MTs	<i>Madrasah Tsanawiyah</i> (Islamic junior high school)
<i>mubaligh</i>	Islamic missionaries
<i>muktamar</i>	national congress
Munas	<i>Musyawarah Nasional</i> (National Deliberation)
<i>murabbi</i>	teacher/senior, mentor

Murba	<i>Musyawarah Rakyat Banyak</i> (Deliberation of Common People)
Muscab	<i>Musyawarah Cabang</i> (Sub-District/Sub-Municipal Deliberation)
Musda	<i>Musyawarah Daerah</i> (District/Municipal Deliberation)
<i>musholla</i>	Well-known also as <i>langgar</i> (a place for prayer), smaller than mosque and frequently privately owned
Musran	<i>Musyawarah Ranting</i> (Village Deliberation)
MUSRENBANG	<i>Musyawarah Perencanaan Pembangunan</i> (Development Planning Deliberation).
Muswil	<i>Musyawarah Wilayah</i> (Provincial Deliberation)
<i>musyawarah</i>	deliberation to build consensus
Nasdem	<i>Nasional Demokrat</i> (National Democrat)
NCC	Napza Crisis Centre
NGO	Non-Government Organisation
NII	<i>Negara Islam Indonesia</i> (Islamic State of Indonesia)
NKRI	<i>Negara Kesatuan Republik Indonesia</i> (United State of Republic of Indonesia)
NU	Nahdhatul Ulama (Resurgence of Islamic Scholars)
PAC Party	<i>Pimpinan Anak Cabang Partai</i> , organisational structure of PDIP at sub-district and sub-municipal levels
<i>Pak</i>	Literally means Mister. It is a term for respecting other persons
PAN	<i>Partai Amanat Nasional</i> (National Mandate Party)
Panggar	<i>Panitia Anggaran</i> (Budgetary Committee)
Panmus	<i>Panitia Musyawarah</i> (Consultative Committee)
Pansus	<i>Panitia Khusus</i> (Special Committee)
Parkindo	<i>Partai Kristen Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Christian Party)
PAR Party	<i>Pengurus Anak Ranting Partai</i> (Sub-Village Board), organisational structure of PDIP under village level
PAUD	<i>Pendidikan Anak Usia Dini</i> (Early Childhood Education)
<i>patungan</i>	voluntary dues system
PBB	<i>Partai Bulan Bintang</i> (Star Crescent Party)
PBR	<i>Partai Bintang Reformasi</i> (Reformation Star Party)
PBSD	<i>Partai Buruh Sosial Demokrat</i> (Socialist Democrat Labour Party)
PBVSJ	<i>Persatuan Bola Voli Seluruh Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Volleyball Association)

PCM	<i>Pimpinan Cabang Muhammadiyah</i> (Muhammadiyah Sub-Municipal Board)
PDA	<i>Pimpinan Daerah 'Aisyiyah</i> (Municipal Board of 'Aisyiyah)
PDAM	<i>Perusahaan Daerah Air Minum</i> (Drinking Water Local Company)
PDI	<i>Partai Demokrasi Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Democracy Party)
PDIP	<i>Partai Demokrasi Indonesia Perjuangan</i> (Indonesian Democratic Party of Struggle)
PDK	<i>Partai Demokrasi Kebangsaan</i> (National Democratic Party)
PDKB	<i>Partai Demokrasi Kasih Bangsa</i> (National Democracy Party of Devotion)
PDM	<i>Pimpinan Daerah Muhammadiyah</i> (Muhammadiyah Municipal Board)
PDP	<i>Partai Demokrasi Pembaharuan</i> (Democratic Renewal Party)
PDS	<i>Partai Damai Sejahtera</i> (Prosperous Peace Party)
<i>Pelopor</i>	Pioneer
<i>pengajian</i>	Islamic forums and teachings
PERBASI	<i>Persatuan Bola Basket Seluruh Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Basketball Association)
<i>perda</i>	<i>peraturan daerah</i> (local regulation)
Permai	<i>Persatuan Rakyat Marhaen Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Marhaen People's Union)
Perwal	<i>peraturan walikota</i> (mayoral regulation)
<i>pesantren</i>	Islamic boarding school, a place for <i>santri</i>
PHBS	<i>Perilaku Hidup Bersih dan Sehat</i> (Clean and Health Life Behavior)
PIAK	<i>Penilaian Inisiatif Anti Korupsi</i> (Anti-Corruption Initiative Assessment)
PII	<i>Pelajar Islam Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Muslim Pupils)
<i>pilkada</i>	<i>pemilihan kepala daerah</i> (regional head elections)
<i>pilwalkot</i>	<i>Pemilihan walikota</i> (mayoral election)
PK	<i>Partai Keadilan</i> (Justice Party)
PKB	<i>Partai Kebangkitan Bangsa</i> (National Awakening Party)
PKDI	<i>Partai Kasih Demokrasi Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Democratic Party of Devotion)
PKI	<i>Partai Komunis Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Communist Party)
PKK	<i>Pembinaan Kesejahteraan Keluarga</i> (Family Welfare Movement)

PKL	<i>Pedagang Kaki Lima</i> (Street-based Vendors)
PKNU	<i>Partai Kebangkitan Nasional Ulama</i> (National Awakening of Islamic Scholars Party)
PKPB	<i>Partai Karya Peduli Bangsa</i> (Care for the Nation Functional Party)
PKPI	<i>Partai Keadilan dan Persatuan Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Justice and Unity Party)
PKS	<i>Partai Keadilan Sejahtera</i> (Justice and Prosperous Party)
PMKRI	<i>Perhimpunan Mahasiswa Katholik Republik Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Catholic Student Association)
PNBK	<i>Partai Nasional Banteng Kemerdekaan</i> (Freedom Bull National Party)
PNI	<i>Partai Nasionalis Indonesia</i> (Indonesian National Party)
POLRI	<i>Kepolisian Negara Republik Indonesia</i> (Indonesian National Police)
Posyandu	<i>Pos Pelayanan Terpadu</i> (Integrated Service Centre)
PPD	<i>Partai Persatuan Daerah</i> (United Regional Party)
PPDB	<i>Penerimaan Peserta Didik Baru</i> (New Pupil Registration Online System)
PPDI	<i>Partai Penegak Demokrasi Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Democracy Upholder Party)
PPKBD	<i>Pos Pelayanan Keluarga Berencana Desa</i> (Village Family Planning Post)
PPLN Party	<i>Pengurus Perwakilan Luar Negeri Partai</i> (Foreign Province-based Representative Board), organisational structure of PDIP at the federal state or province levels in foreign countries
PPP	<i>Partai Persatuan Pembangunan</i> (United Development Party)
PPPI	<i>Partai Pengusaha dan Pekerja Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Entrepreneurs and Workers Party)
PPRN	<i>Partai Peduli Rakyat Nasional</i> (National People's Concern Party)
PRM	<i>Pimpinan Ranting Muhammadiyah</i> , the organisational structure of Muhammadiyah at the levels of kelurahan, desa, RW, RT or certain communities
PRP	<i>Pengurus Ranting Partai</i> , organisational structure of PDIP at village levels
PSI	<i>Partai Sosialis Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Socialist Party)
PSI	<i>Partai Sarikat Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Union Party)
PSIM	<i>Persatuan Sepak Bola Indonesia Mataram</i> (Indonesian Mataram Football Club)

PTSP	<i>Pelayanan Terpadu Satu Pintu</i> (One-stop Integrated Service)
Puskesmas	<i>Pusat Kesehatan Masyarakat</i> (Public Health Centre)
PUTM	<i>Pendidikan Ulama Tarjih Muhammadiyah</i> (Muhammadiyah's Tarjih Ulema Education)
PWK	<i>Pos Wanita Keadilan</i> (Women's Justice Station)
Rakercabsus	<i>Rapat Kerja Cabang Khusus</i> (a special meeting of all PAC PDIPs)
<i>raperda</i>	<i>rancangan peraturan daerah</i> (local regulation draft)
<i>reses</i>	a period where legislators conduct activities outside the legislative building, usually three or four times each year
RISMA	<i>Remaja Masjid</i> , an adolescent predication organisation with activities centred in the mosque
ROHIS	<i>Rohani Islam</i> (Islamic Spirituality)
RSKIA	<i>Rumah Sakit Keluarga Ibu dan Anak</i> (Mother and Child Hospital)
RSUD	<i>Rumah Sakit Umum Daerah</i> (Regional Public Hospital)
RT	<i>Rukun Tetangga</i> (Neighbouring Group)
RTO	Real Time Online
RW	<i>Rukun Warga</i> (Surrounding Group)
<i>santri</i>	devout Muslim
SAW	<i>Sallallahu 'Alaihi waSallam</i> (peace be upon him or PBUH)
SD	<i>Sekolah Dasar</i> (Primary School)
SDI	<i>Sarekat Dagang Islam</i> (Muslim Traders Union)
<i>Sekda</i>	<i>Sekretaris Daerah</i> (Executive Secretariat)
Semutlis	<i>Sepuluh Menit untuk Lingkungan Sekolah</i> (Ten Minutes for the School's Environment)
<i>sharia</i>	Islamic Law
SIT	<i>Sekolah Islam Terpadu</i> (Integrated Islamic Schools)
SJSN	<i>Sistem Jaminan Sosial Nasional</i> (National Social Security System)
SKI	<i>Seksi Kerohanian Islam</i> (Islamic Spiritual Section)
SKN	<i>Sistem Kesehatan Nasional</i> (National Health System)
SLB	<i>Sekolah Luar Biasa</i> (Extraordinary School)
SMA	<i>Sekolah Menengah Atas</i> (Senior High School)
SMK	<i>Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan</i> (Vocational High School)
SMP	<i>Sekolah Menengah Pertama</i> (Junior High School)
STIKES	<i>Sekolah Tinggi Ilmu Kesehatan</i> (Health Science College)

<i>tamanisasi</i>	garden(isation), an environment-friendly movement. It denotes the process of greening a garden
<i>Taman Pintar</i>	Smart Park
<i>tarbiyah</i>	education or training model of Jemaah Tarbiyah in disseminating its ideas
<i>tata tertib</i>	standing orders
<i>Tim Sukses</i>	Success Team
tool fitting	In Indonesia known as <i>Alkep (Alat Kelengkapan)</i> . It denotes the division of parliamentary duties into some bodies such as the board, commissions, the consultative body, the legislation body, the budgetary body and the honorary body.
TK	<i>Taman Kanak-Kanak</i> (Kindergarten)
TNI	<i>Tentara Nasional Indonesia</i> (Indonesian Military)
TPS	<i>Tempat Pemungutan Suara</i> (polling stations)
UAD	<i>Universitas Ahmad Dahlan</i> (Ahmad Dahlan University)
UGM	<i>Universitas Gadjah Mada</i> (Gadjah Mada University)
UHC	Universal Health Coverage
UIN	<i>Universitas Islam Negeri</i> (State Islamic University)
UKDW	<i>Universitas Kristen Duta Wacana</i> (Christian University of Duta Wacana)
<i>ulama</i>	Muslim scholars
UMKM	<i>Usaha Micro Kecil Menengah</i> (Micro Small and Medium Enterprises)
<i>ummah</i>	society, community
UMR	<i>Upah Minimum Regional</i> (Regional Minimum Wage)
UMY	<i>Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta</i> (Muhammadiyah University of Yogyakarta)
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UST	<i>Universitas Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa</i> (Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa University)
<i>ustadz</i>	Islamic teachers
WHA	World Health Assembly
WHO	World Health Organisation
<i>wong cilik</i>	common people or small people
YAKKUM	<i>Yayasan Kristen Untuk Kesehatan Umum</i> (Christian Foundation for Public Health)

