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The numbers within brackets refer to the paragraph numbers in the text, not to page numbers. With a few exceptions, all persons are listed under their last known name and title. This also applies to references within the entries.

A

- Abimanyu** son of Arjuna, father of Parikesit, killed in action [19]
- Abiyasa** son of Palasara, father of Pandhudéwata [19]
- Adam** Prophet [1]
- Adibaya** Nyai Ageng, daughter of Getaspandhawa [95].
- Adilangu** 1. village, residence of Sunan Kalijaga [127, 287, 288], the holy graves there indispensable for Java [893].
- Adilangu** 2. Panembahan, = Pangéran Natapraja.
- Adilangu** 3. Panembahan, = Panembahan Wijil.
- Adiningkung** Prabu, son of Prabu Anom, king of Majapahit [43].
- Adisara** young woman sent by Senapati to Panembahan Madiyun [280, 281, 283, 285, 286].
- Adiwarna** village [1347].
- Ageng** 1. Ratu, = Ratu Kulon
- Ageng** 2. Ratu, wife of Mangkurat IV, has a dream about the future greatness of Pangéran Mangkubumi [1179]
- Agrayuda** 1. son of Tumenggung Pasingsingan, rebels, killed [403, 405, 406].
- Agrayuda** 2. = Tumenggung Reksanagara
- Agung** 1. Sultan, Mas Rangsang, Prabu Pandhita Nyakrakusuma, eldest son of Panembahan Krapyak, succeeds him [329-331], magically powerful [332], campaign against eastern Java [334-342], conquers Wirasaba [343-347], defeats Pangéran Surabaya [348-353], conquers Pasuruhan [354], Pajang [355-357], Tuban [359], Madura [360-362], and Surabaya [363], kills the bupati of Pathi [367], marries Pangéran Pekik to his younger sister Ratu Pandhansari [375], conquers Giri [375-377], failed expedition to Jakarta [378-390], peace with the Dutch [391], conquers Blambangan, Sumedhang, and Ukur [392-396], his children, dies, buried in Magiri [399], showed respect to the unborn Mangkurat II [484], kraton in Karta [398, 1043].
- Agung** 2. Déwa, Balinese commander [393].
- Agung** 3. Déwa, Balinese commander [1018].
- Ajibarang** village in Banyumas [472, 473, 592, 593].
- Akik** Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Pangéran Purbaya 3, goes with him to Ceylon [1204].
- Alang-alang** Bètèng, fortress near Batavia [580, 582, 585, 1144].
- Alap-alap** Tumenggung, conquers Kadhiri together with Pangéran Wiramanggala [301], sent on to Rawa and Jagaraga [303], conquers Lumajang and Renong [337], sent to help the bupati of Pathi [350], to Pathi to collect the spoils [368, 370, 371].
- Alduwèlbèh** Admiral; commander of the Dutch troops for Mangkurat II [491-495], gets rid of the the English and the French [497, 498], accompanies Mangkurat II [502], demands the death of Adipati Martalaya [507, 508], to Madura [510, 514, 515], to Kadhiri [519, 520, 523, 524, 534], rumored to be the father of Mangkurat II [539, 540], joins the attack on Pakubuwana I [544, 545, 548, 549, 551, 557, 566, 568], to Batavia, receives Cirebon and Pasundhan in reward [572].
- Ali** Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara and Radèn Ayu Ragasmara [1165].
- Alit** 1. Radèn, = Brawijaya
- Alit** 2. Pangéran, = Pangéran Danupaya 1.
- Alit** 3. Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Mangkuningrat.
- Alit** 4. Ratu, daughter of Pakubuwana II [1189, 1348].
- Alpiser Natanahil** Dutch commander in Semarang [1244].
- Ambiya** Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara [1165], also Sambiya.
- Ambonese** [447, 491, 938, 1215, 1284, 1304, 1369].
- Ambuh** village [1337-1339, 1342, 1345].
- Aminah** Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Mangkurat IV [1155], married to the bupati of Kaliwungu

- [1159], divorced [1170], remarried Arya Pringalaya [1174].
- Amongpraja** servant of Pangéran Tepasana [1264].
- Ampèl** 1. holy grave [538].
- Ampèl** 2. village on the road to Semarang [779, 1341, 1342].
- Ampèldenta** 1. Sunan, Radèn Rahmat, son of Brahimasmara, marries daughter of Ki Gedhé Manila [54], visited by Sèh Walilanang [55], father of Prabu Nyakrakusuma, teacher of Prabu Sèt-mata, Sénapati Jimbun, and Raden Husèn [56, 61], advises the interregnum of Sunan Parapèn [89].
- Ampèldenta** 2. place where Sunan Ampèldenta establishes himself [53].
- Andaka** River [340].
- Andakara** Kyai, = Tumenggung Wiradigda
- Andaningrat** Adipati, Kyai Ageng Pengging, marries daughter of Brawijaya, father of Ki Kebokanigara and Ki Ageng Pengging, ancestor of Sultan Pajang [96, 99].
- Andayaningsih** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Andayasmara** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Andayawati** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Angga** Kyai, headman of the Suranata corps [699].
- Anggadimeja** Radèn, = Pangéran Blitar 2.
- Anggadirja** messenger from Surabaya [1364], accompanies Captain Orgondrop to Surabaya [1367], leads reinforcements to Pranaraga [1377].
- Anggadiwirya** = Wiryadiningrat.
- Anggajaya** 1. Kyai, commander of Mataram, sent with Radèn Panji Karsula [493]
- Anggajaya** 2. from Surabaya, in the service of Mangkurat II [489, 510], receives Admiral Alduwèlbeh [514], defeats the Madurese [515], becomes bupati of Pasuruhan [526, 527], joins the stabbing of Trunajaya [536].
- Anggakatawengan** = Tumenggung Katawengan 2.
- Anggakusuma** son of Kyai Wirakabluk, servant of Mangkurat III, married to Radèn Ajeng Banowati who divorces him [1189].
- Anggatrana** servant of Pangéran Tepasana [1264].
- Anggawangsa** = Tumenggung, Adipati Jangrana
- Anggawirya** servant of Pangéran Tepasana [1264].
- Anggayuda** Radèn, = Pangéran Natakusuma
- Anglingdriya** son of Pancadriya, father of Sawéla-cala [19].
- Anom** 1. Prabu, son of Radèn Susuruh, king of Majapahit [40], has Patih Wahan murdered [41], killed by Dipati Udara [42].
- Anom** 2. Prabu, = Kraèng Galésong [502].
- Anom** 3. Pangéran, Adipati, title of crown prince, = Pangéran Krapyak, Mangkurat II, Mangkurat III, Mangkurat IV, Pakubuwana II, Pakubuwana III.
- Antagopa** messenger of Mangkurat III to Captain Kenol [800, 806].
- Antakusuma** 1. = Kyai Gundhil (Gondhil)
- Antakusuma** 2. cloth of Déwi Nawangwulan [74].
- Antang** Mount, last refuge of Trunajaya [525, 526, 528, 529], [877].
- Antawirya** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Prangwadana.
- Arbo Baudin** Captain of the Company militia in Batavia [1214].
- Ardikarun** guardian of Jayaparusa and Jayalalana [658, 659].
- Aretman** Seargeant in the party of Captain Orgondrop [1318].
- Arjuna** son of Pandhudéwanata, father of Abimanyu [19].
- Aru-aru** village [104].
- Arya** 1. Pangéran, bupati of Wirasaba, killed by Sultan Agung [344, 347].
- Arya** 2. Radèn, = Tumenggung Suranata 2.
- Asem** (Ngasem), [844, 845, 851, 1341, 1343].
- Asmarandana** Ngabèhi, kliwon Kaparak Kiwa [1165], escorts Pangéran Purbaya to Sekararum [1201], killed in action on the Sitinggil [1273], = Ki Samarandana?
- Asthabrata** Serat, book taught by Mangkurat II to his son [680].
- Astina** 1. realm of Pandhudéwanata [19].
- Astina** 2. assembly point for the expedition against Jakarta [378, 379].
- Awijaya** Sultan, Mas Krèbèt, Sultan Pajang, Jaka Tingkir, birth and naming [101], raised by the widow of Tingkir, disciple of Ki Ageng Séla [105-107], gains the favour of the Sultan of Demak, head of the Tamtama [108, 110, 111, 113], exiled [114], wanders [115], stays with Kyai Ageng Butuh and Kyai Buyut Banyubiru [115-120], returns to Demak [121], fights crocodiles

[122-124], regains favour by fighting buffalo [125, 126], succeeds as Sultan Demak [129, 130], disciple of Sunan Kalijaga and Sunan Kudus [135, 138], adopts Sénapati [137], invulnerable [143], visits Kudus [145-147], visits Ratu Kalinyamat [148, 149], announces a contest to kill Arya Panangsang [150, 153-155], chooses a woman from Kalinyamat and puts her in the care of Kyai Pamanahan [167], (later Sénapati marries her [179]), grants after mediation by Sunan Kalijaga Mataram to Pamanahan [169], proclaimed Sultan Pajang by Sunan Parapèn [180, 181], summons in vain Sénapati to Pajang 190-192], has Radèn Pabélan killed [228, 229], attacks Mataram, but retreats [231-235], falls ill, dies [236-241], succeeded by Adipati Demak [243], later by Pangéran Banawa [261].

Ayamwuruk son of Adiningkung, king of Majapahit [43].

Ayunan Radèn Ayu, daughter of Pakubuwana I [681].

B

Bagawanta River [471].

Bagus 1. Radèn, = Sénapati

Bagus 2. Déwa, Balinese chief, ally of Jayapuspita [930].

Bahrawa domain, (Lembahrawa) [824, 1180, 1235, 1247, 1250-1252, 1270, 1309, 1331, 1381].

Bajra Carik, = Tumenggung Tirtawiguna

Baka Ratu, = Karungkala [19].

Baki village [1362, 1366].

Bala son of Watugunung [3].

Balabar Kyai, heirloom kris, given to Mangkurat II by his father [473], used to kill Trunajaya [534], demanded from Mangkurat III [886], carried by Pakubuwana II [1353].

Balatér = Blitar 4.

Baléga domain in Madura [344].

Balèlèng 1. Panji, Balinese commander [393].

Balèlèng 2. Murah Panji, Balinese ally of Jayapuspita [978], joins him in Kaputran [989], helps defeat Commander Gobyó [991, 992], has the title panji taken away from Sasranagara [1007], joins the march to meet Panembahan Érucakra [1018, 1019].

Balélumur Kyai, a coach [44].

Bali 1. Island, (Nusakambangan) [393, 411, 485, 527, 923, 924, 945-947, 968, 978, 1003, 1007, 1018, 1101, 1112, 1131].

Bali 2. Juragan, = Tumenggung Tohjaya

Balinese [254, 393, 394, 402, 411, 574, 815, 930, 932-934, 945, 976, 978, 989, 995, 997, 998, 1000, 1003, 1021, 1062, 1076, 1085, 1135, 1246, 1258, 1318, 1381].

Banawa Pangéran, Ratu Pajang; son of Awijaya [171], wants to attack Mataram [185], as envoy to Sénapati [213, 215-219], becomes bupati in Jipang after his father's death [237, 240, 242-244], joins Sénapati [247-254], becomes Ratu Pajang [259-262], dies soon, succeeded by Pangéran Tumenggung Gagakbahni [270].

Banawa River, [1347, 1363].

Bandar Ki, brother of the widow of Kaligunting, mantri of Radèn Susuruh [33, 39].

Bangah Arya, son of Sri Pamekas, king of Galuh [21], conquered by Pajajaran, defeats Pajajaran with his brother Radèn Susuruh [38], changes name to Arya Panular [39].

Bangil [865, 866, 1171].

Bangsantaka Ki, court official stays loyal to Pakubuwana II and joins the flight to Pranaraga [1344-1347, 1363, 1367, 1375, 1376].

Bangsapatra 1. = Adipati Lumarap.

Bangsapatra 2. Ki, court official stays loyal to Pakubuwana II and joins the flight to Pranaraga [1345, 1346, 1356, 1367, 1376].

Bangsri Nyai Ageng, daughter of Kyai Ageng Séla [134].

Banjarandhap kraton corps [1344, 1345].

Banjaransari son of Kudalaléyan [21].

Banowati Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Pangéran Tepasana 3, married to Anggakusuma, son of Kyai Wirakabluk, divorces him to marry Puspadirja of Batang [1189].

Banten 1. Adipati, son-in-law and ally of Awijaya [231].

Banten 2. man from Banten [264].

Banten 3. piece of cloth from Banten [1166].

Banyakpatra Kyai, = Adipati Mangkupraja.

Banyakwidhé 1. Arya, Siyungwanara, son of Sri Pamekas from concubine [23-25], brought up by Kyai Buyut of Krawang [26], goes to Pajajaran [27-30], kills his father [31], defeats his half-brother Radèn Susuruh [32], becomes king in

- Pajajaran [33], defeated by his half-brothers [38, 39].
- Banyakwidhé** 2. Arya, captures Radèn Suryakusuma [776], sent by Mangkurat III to support Demak [800], leader in the fight against Pakubuwana I at Kalicacing [831].
- Banyubiru** Kyai Buyut, teacher of Mas Manca and Jaka Tingkir [118-120].
- Banyudana** [610, 611, 613-615, 617, 1182, 1340, 1343].
- Banyumas** 1. [472, 481, 483, 484, 486, 592-594, 597, 598, 698, 1011, 1046, 1197, 1201, 1318].
- Banyumas** 2. Adipati, defeated by Wiranagara (Untung Surapati), reinstated [593, 597, 598, 600, 601].
- Banyumas** 3. Adipati, supports the expedition against Surabaya [927, 994].
- Banyumas** 4. Tumenggung, sent by Mangkurat III to help Tegal [800], sent against Pakubuwana I [815].
- Barabudhur** Mount, [910].
- Barongkos** village, [932].
- Baru** 1. Kyai, pike of Sultan Agung [367, 368], inherited by Mangkurat II [473], carried by him [518], demanded from Mangkurat III [886].
- Baru** 2. Chinese in Kartasura, father of Suradiwangsa [1353].
- Baruwang** Kyai, 1. kris of crown prince [1345], 2. kris of Pakuwuwana II [1382].
- Basuki** [1138, 1139].
- Batang** 1. Adipati, married to daughter of Adipati Mandaraka [329].
- Batang** 2. Adipati, = Pusparudita
- Batang** 3. [939, 1168, 1189, 1207, 1208, 1246, 1254, 1330].
- Batavia** [484, 485, 491, 493, 572, 573, 581, 585, 586, 588, 596, 597, 599, 602, 617, 651, 667, 669, 737, 761, 801, 802, 805, 809, 823, 864, 891, 895, 928, 938, 993, 1026, 1028, 1126, 1141, 1142, 1144, 1147, 1148, 1152-1154, 1160, 1161, 1166-1169, 1171-1174, 1180, 1181, 1184, 1186-1188, 1199, 1203, 1204, 1210-1214, 1217-1219, 1278, 1281, 1284, 1295, 1299, 1302, 1318]. Also Jakarta.
- Baturana** village [1065].
- Baureksa** 1. Tumenggung, one of the commanders of the expedition against Jakarta, killed by Sultan Agung [390].
- Baureksa** 2, Tumenggung, = Tumenggung Wirajaya.
- Baureksa** 3. Lord of the crocodiles, defeated by Awijaya [122].
- Bauwarna** Prabu Jaka Sunan Bauwarna = Radèn Mas Suryadi.
- Bayalali** [816, 838, 842, 1337, 1343, 1367].
- Bayangkaki** Mount [1376].
- Bebanar** village [1072].
- Beladho** Mas, = Pangéran Riya Mangkunagara
- Bèlem** 1. one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381].
- Bèlem** 2. Captain, in Jepara, fights against Trunajaya [456].
- Bengawan** River [1289].
- Benggol** Captain, [1116].
- Bérawa** Kyai, sword presented to Captain Orgon-drop [1367].
- Besar** panakawan [1345, 1346].
- Bésing** Captain, sent out against Pangéran Cakraningrat 3 [1003], commander in Surabaya during the absence of Brikman [1050, 1085].
- Bethok** Kyai, kris of Sunan Prawata [140].
- Bicak** 1. Ki, wayang performer, killed by Ki Ageng Séla [132].
- Bicak** 2. Kyai, small gong appropriated by Ki Ageng Séla after the murder of Ki Bicak, heirloom [132, 233, 314, 779, 886].
- Bicak** 3. village [1322, 1324, 1325, 1338, 1367].
- Bima** [708].
- Binarong** Tumenggung, Kyai Nindakarti, involved in the killing of Tumenggung Martapura in Jepara [495, 642, 645-647, 649].
- Bintara** forest where Radèn Patah settles, later Demak [62, 65, 66, 85-89].
- Blambangan** [55, 56, 336, 392-396, 402, 403, 410-413, 452, 1019, 1258].
- Blimbing** Mas, son-in-law of Sénapati Kadhiri [302].
- Blitar** 1. Pangéran, son of Pangéran Juminah, sent out against Trunajaya, helps Panembahan Purabaya [329, 453, 454].
- Blitar** 2. Pangéran, Radèn Anggadimeja, kinsman of Mangkurat III, helps him at Kaliwungu and Kalicacing [766, 800, 831].
- Blitar** 3. Pangéran, Sultan, Radèn Mas Sudama, son of Pakubuwana I [681], raised in rank [810], receives appanage [859], conquers Malang [884-886, 888, 890, 892, 893] becomes wadana

- kaparak kiwatengen [913], his daughter Radèn Ayu Wulan marries Pangéran Riya Mangkuna-gara [914], dispatched against Jayapuspita [1012, 1022, 1023], defeats Adipati Sasranagara [1024], to Kartasura when Pakubuwana I falls ill [1025-1027], offended by Mangkurat IV [1030-1032], asks the help of the Dutch in vain [1034, defeated [1034-1038], with Pangéran Purbaya to Mataram [1039-1041, 1043], proclaimed king with the title Sultan Ibnu Mustapa Pakubuwana Sénapati ing Alaga Ngabdurrahman Sayidin Panatagama in Kartasekar [1044], promotions and enlargement of subjected lands [1045-1047], defeated [1070, 1072-1074], flees to Kedhu [1075, back in Mataram [1077], at Mrebung [1082, 1091], failure of his rebellion predicted, [1093-1096] flees to Madiyun [1102], to Kadhiri [1114, 1115], Malang [1117] and Dhum-pul [1119], dies [1121].
- Blitar** 4. Pangéran, (Balatèr), Radèn Mas Subrangta (Subrangti), son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank [1161]. [In Dutch sources he is called Blitar. "Balatèr" looks like a nickname, probably referring to his dubious reputation].
- Blitar** 5. domain [274, 887, 1353].
- Blora** [277, 1030, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1363].
- Bocor** Kyai, a leaseholder who tests the invulnerability of Sénapati [198, 199].
- Boga** village [1347].
- Bokong** Nyai Ageng, daughter of Getaspandhawa [95].
- Bonang** Santri, Sunan = Prabu Nyakrakusuma.
- Bondhankajawan** = Kyai Ageng Tarub 3
- Bonggol** Captain, sent to meet Panembahan Purbaya [1138].
- Brahim** Radèn, Ibrahim Wiranagara, younger brother [?] of Tirtanata 1, remains behind in Dhumpul after the surrender of his siblings [1139], attacked, defeated, flees, raids Kadhiri [1146], attacked, flees, returns to Malang, attacked, disappears [1149], Governor General inquires after him [1169], summoned by Pakubuwana II during his flight to Pranaraga [1367].
- Brahimasmara** Makdum, converts king of Cempa to Islam, marries daughter of the king [45], father of Radèn Rahmat and Radèn Santri [52].
- Brajanala** kraton gate [849].
- Brama** Bathara, son of Bathara Guru [1], sent down to rule Gilingwesi [19].
- Bramani** daughter of Bathara Brama [19].
- Brangkal** village [1356, 1366].
- Brangkas** village [1370, 1371, 1380, 1382].
- Brangti** Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Mangkurat IV, marries Radèn Sukrama [1159].
- Bratanjung** son of Lembuamisan [43].
- Bratayuda** horse of Sénapati [255].
- Brawijaya** 1. Radèn Alit, son of Bratanjung, last king of Majapahit, his patih is Gajahmada [43], marries a princess from Cempa [44], takes Éndhang Sasmitapura as concubine [46], father of Arya Damar [49], father of Radèn Patah from the Chinese princess whom he gives away to Arya Damar [50, 59], father of Kyai Ageng Tarub 3 with a Wandhan woman who heals him of a venereal disease [63], adopts his own son Radèn Patah [66], sends Kyai Ageng Tarub 3 to Tarub [76], lays siege to Giri twice [79-82], attacked by the Muslims, ascends to heaven [88], his daughter married to Andayaningrat [96].
- Brawijaya** 2. Panembahan = Sunan Pakubuwana II.
- Brebes** [948, 1090, 1188, 1246, 1282, 1304].
- Bregas** village [1235, 1239, 1247, 1381].
- Brekat** Kyai, saddle [1345].
- Brikman** Captain, killed by Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) [624, 625].
- Brikman** Admiral, leader of the Dutch expeditionary army against Jayapuspita [938, 939, 960], to Surabaya [963], starts the attack [964, 971-976], captures Surabaya [979-981], has commander Gobyo removed [990-993], sends out Major Gustap [999-1003], goes to Mangkurat IV [1049, 1050], kills Pangéran Kudus [1051-1054], to Semarang [1055], to Kartasura [1058, 1059], captures Kartasekar [1069, 1071, 1072, 1076], returns to Kartasura [1076, 1078], frees Danureja [1078, 1079], marches against Mrebung [1090, 1091], again to Kartasura [1104, tricks and kills Pangéran Arya Mataram [1106-1109], pursues Panembahan Purbaya and Pangéran Blitar 3 [1110, 1111], conquers Madiyun, Kadhiri, and Malang [1115-1120], returns to Kartasura [1120, 1122], receives Panembahan Purbaya in Semarang [1141].
- Bro** Major, in Jepara, fights against Trunajaya [456].

- Buginese** [254, 491, 574, 583, 662, 707, 815, 938, 1181, 1215, 1246, 1284, 1304, 1369].
- Bulu** village, = Tindak
- Bumi** 1. Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Buminata 1.
- Bumi** 2. one half of Kedhu [1232, 1339].
- Bumija** one half of Kedhu [1159, 1202].
- Buminata** 1. Pangéran, = Radèn Mas Bumi; eldest son of Mangkurat III [741], dies [766].
- Buminata** 2. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Sekti (Sakti), son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank, marries Radèn Ajeng Tembelèk, receives apanage [1159, 1160, 1162], dies, his younger brother Radèn Mas Karaton receives his title [1161].
- Buminata** 3. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Karaton, son of Mangkurat IV receives title of Buminata [1155, 1161, 1162], becomes [right] wadana santana and increase in apanage lands [1175], escorts the head of the Dutch factory [1182], marries Radèn Ajeng Sumilah, a daughter of Pangéran Tepasana [1189], deployed in Banyudana [1340], avoids the fleeing Pakubuwana II and submits to Sunan Kuning [1347, 1349], advises Pangéran Ngabèhi and other brothers to submit [1349, 1354].
- Bunjaladriya** Kyai, = Ebunjaladri
- Burarah** Radèn, son of king of Cempa [52], marries daughter of Adipati Téja [54].
- Buratsari** Nyai, asked to bring Radèn Mas Said to the kraton [1165].
- Burham** Major, leader of the expedition against Wiranagara in Pasuruhan [668, 669, 672].
- Busungmernung** deputy chief of the Makassarese [437, 453, 470].
- Butuh** 1. Kyai Ageng, disciple of Sitijenar [98, 100, 102], meets Awijaya [115-117], predicts his future power and teaches him [123].
- Butuh** 2. village, grave of Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) [242], visited by Pangéran Pekik [372, 542], visited by Mangkurat IV [1149].
- Buwang** Kyai, = Tumenggung Natayuda 1.
- Buyung** Captain, [1116].
- Buyut** 1. Kyai, of Krawang, finds and takes care of Arya Banyakwidhé 1 [26, 27].
- Buyut** 2. Nyai, of Krawang [26].
- Cakra** Radèn Mas, youngest son of Panembahan Krapyak [329].
- Cakrajaya** 1. Tumenggung, Ngabèhi, son of Danureja, kliwon of Sèwu, bupati of Batang, fights wild buffalo [1206], promoted [1207], fights Chinese [1246], name used in a ruse [1254].
- Cakrajaya** 2. Captain of the Dutch auxiliary troops [1214].
- Cakrajaya** 3. = Adipati Danureja.
- Cakranagara** 1. Pangéran, Radèn Mangunjaya, messenger of Mangkurat II to Pandhita Giri [539], appointed bupati of Sumenep [540].
- Cakranagara** 2. Radèn, = Pangéran Cakraningrat 4.
- Cakranagara** 3. Radèn, bupati of Pamalang [1304].
- Cakraningrat** 1. Adipati, Panembahan, uncle and guardian of Trunajaya, bupati of Sampang [431], dispatched against Trunajaya [450], captured and exiled to Lodhaya [469], reinstated and sent out again against Trunajaya [527-533], his role in the faked rebellion of Wiranagara (Surapati) [604, 605, 613, 615, 616, 620-622], sent out against Pasuruhan [666, 670, 671], father of Radèn Demang Pasisir [674], forgives Wiranagara the death of Radèn Demang Pasisir [677-679], fakes a retreat [695, 696], receives Ratu Wétan as wife, adviser of Mangkurat II [697], his wife Radèn Ayu Pakuwati raped by Mangkurat III [767, 768], sympathizes with the plans of a rebellion by Pakubuwana I (Puger) [768, 769, 771, 772, 774], goes with permission of Mangkurat III to Madura [774], rises in rebellion [795-797], father of Pangéran Cakraningrat 2, and Radèn Sasradiningrat [798], receives the title Panembahan at the installation of Pakubuwana I [808, 809, 810], father of Tumenggung Natadiningrat (= Sasranagara 2?) [810], joins the attack on Kartasura [825, 828, 836, 837, 841, 846, 849], pursues Mangkurat III [855, 857, 859], commands two expeditions against Pasuruhan [864, 866, 868, 875], dies on the way back [883].
- Cakraningrat** 2. Pangéran, Sasranagara 2, eldest son of Panembahan Cakraningrat, receives one-third of Madura [894], fights with his son-in-law Arya Dikara of Pamekasan, abandoned by Pangéran Cakraningrat 3 [965, 967, 968], flees to the Dutch but killed in a misunderstanding [969, 970, 971], his wives handed over to the

C

Caket = Soré

- king [1005, 1165].
- Cakraningrat 3.** Pangéran, Radèn Suradiningrat (= Natadiningrat ?), son of Panembahan Cakraningrat, sent against Demak by Pakubuwana I [811], leader in battle at Salahtiga [828, 832, 834, 835, 840], rewarded for his courage [840], allies with the Dutch against Pangéran Cakraningrat 2 [965-970], becomes bupati of Madura [972, 973], commands the left wing at Surabaya [979], dispatches Cakraningrat 4 against Déwa Ketut [997], betrayed [998], recovers his domain [1003, 1004], dispatched against Pangéran Purbaya [1110, 1114, 1130, 1132, 1133], discusses succession of Pakubuwana II [1152], speaks ill of Patih Danureja [1160], demands kris of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara [1166], Governor General discusses his case [1171], turns down Patih Natakusuma's belated request for cooperation [1238], instructs his son Tumenggung Secadiningrat [1276], the latter informs him of his defeat [1290], sends the captured messengers of the Sunan to Surabaya [1295], turns down Mangunoneng 4 [1368].
- Cakraningrat 4.** Pangéran, Radèn Jimat, Pangéran Jimat, Radèn Cakranagara; sent by his brother Pangéran Cakraningrat 3 against Déwa Ketut [997], joins Déwa Ketut [998], defeated, flees to Bali [1003], joins Adipati Natapura [1112], defeated in battle [1113, 1114], surrenders together with Panembahan Purbaya and taken to Kartasura [1140], jailed, hangs himself [1145].
- Cakraningrat 5.** Radèn Ayu, wife of Cakraningrat 2 [970].
- Calpitu** village at the foot of Mt. Lawu [119].
- Campakamaling** village [1149].
- Candrakirana** Déwi = Déwi Galuh.
- Candramenggala** = Candranagara.
- Candranagara** Tumenggung, Kyai Candramenggala, attendant of Pakubuwana II, appointed wadana Kaparak Tengen, demoted [1175].
- Candrawilasita** follower of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1197, 1204].
- Cangkiran** village [1371].
- Cape** of Good Hope, [1128, 1144, 1188, 1285].
- Carat** Mount [876, 878].
- Carebon** = Cirebon
- Caremé** village [1372].
- Caruban** [739, 1264, 1353].
- Carubuk** Kyai, kris of Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) [146].
- Cathis** Radèn Ayu, former wife of Panembahan Purbaya [1356].
- Cemarasèwu** village [1347].
- Cemaratunggal** Ajar, princess of Pajajaran, resides on Mt. Kombang, predicts Radèn Susuruh's future [33-37].
- Cempa 1.** [44, 45, 50, 52, 63].
- Cempa** king of, gives daughter in marriage to Brauwijaya, converts to Islam [44, 45].
- Cepaga** village near Kartasura [779].
- Cepaka** Ajar, predicts destruction of Pajajaran [22].
- Ceylon** [1144, 1185, 1186, 1188, 1189, 1197, 1204, 1208, 1254, 1264, 1283].
- Chinese** [50, 51, 59, 376, 754, 770, 796, 815, 1166, 1170, 1210-1219, 1222-1228, 1231, 1232, 1234, 1235, 1238, 1239, 1242-1247, 1250-1254, 1256, 1259, 1267-1270, 1275-1278, 1281, 1283-1289, 1291, 1292, 1294, 1296, 1298, 1300-1303, 1306-1308, 1310, 1311, 1313, 1316-1319, 1321-1324, 1327, 1331-1333, 1336, 1338-1343, 1345, 1347, 1348, 1350, 1351, 1353-1355, 1359-1362, 1366-1367, 1369-1371, 1375, 1379-1382].
- Cianjur** [585].
- Cirebon 1.** Pangéran, marries Ratu Mas, daughter of Raden Patah [109].
- Cirebon 2.** Pangéran, marries daughter of Radèn Trenggana [129].
- Cirebon 3.** Sultan, has his adoptive son Surapati 1 killed [589], and adopts Untung as Radèn Surapati 2 [590].
- Cirebon 4.** Adipati, his daughter [423].
- Cirebon 5.** domain of Sunan Gunungjati, Sunan Kalijaga establishes himself there [58], leaves again [127]; the admiral receives it from Mangkurat II [572], Untung (Surapati) goes there [584, 586, 589].
- Cirebon 6.** (Carebon) granted to the Company [572, 737].
- Citra Ki**, employs the antidote against the poison of Pangéran Silarong [413].
- Citraboma** Ki, servant from Kartasura [1376].
- Citradiwiryia** Ki, Ngabéhi, bupati of Magetan, meets Pakubuwana II and escorts him to Magetan [1347, 1350, 1352], duped by his nephew, his scribe, dismissed as bupati of Magetan [1357], joins Pakubuwana II in Pranaraga [1379].
- Citramenggala** Ki, servant from Kartasura [1376].

- Citrasoma** 1. son of Kusumawicitra [19].
- Citrasoma** 2. Adipati, wadana gedhong of Pakubuwana I [859], becomes bupati of Jepara [894], army commander [937, 953], involved in the plot to deceive Pangéran Arya Mataram [1107], in pursuit of Panembahan Purbaya [1132, 1137], consulted by Adipati Danureja [1177], foils the plot of Mangunoneng 4 to kill the husband of Radèn Ayu Taman [1194], opposes Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1195, 1203, 1204], reports on the outbreak of the Chinese rebellion [1218-1220], joins the failed defense of the kraton [1345], as messenger of Mangunoneng 4 to Semarang, his son had in the meantime replaced him as bupati of Jepara [1369, 1371].
- Citrawangsa** patih of Tumenggung Tirtawiguna [1318].
- Citrawati** wife of Sunan Kuning [1348].
- Co Encik**, Chinese leader [1287, 1292].
- Culik** Kyai, kris of Adipati Mandaraka [314].
- Cumbring** Nyai, market vendor, meets Pakubuwana I [688].

D

- Daha** (old name for Kadhiri) [863, 1130, 1146, 1149].
- Dakawana** Ki, messenger of Mangkurat I [407].
- Dalem** Kyai, Kyai Dilem, because of his wife killed by Mangkurat I [414-416].
- Damar** 1. Arya, Ki Dilah, son of Brawijaya and Sasmitapura, king of Palembang receives the pregnant Chinese princess from his father, begets by her Radèn Husèn [46-51, 59].
- Damar** 2. Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Riya Mangkunagara
- Dana** Kyai Mas, rebel against Pakubuwana I in Ngénta-énta, son-in-law of Kyai Ageng Pacukilan, captured and killed [909-911].
- Danalaya** park in Mataram [319].
- Danaraja** Mount, residence of Ratu Kalinyamat [141, 148, 150, 151, 164, 166, 167, 457].
- Dangdangwacana** Ngabèhi, sent to Mount Wilis [1382].
- Danupaya** 1. Pangéran, Pangéran Alit, son of Sultan Agung, raised by Tumenggung Danupaya, rebels, kills among others the bupati of Sampang, killed in action [399, 402, 403, 406-410, 431].
- Danupaya** 2. Tumenggung, sent out against Blambangan, guardian of Pangéran Danupaya 1 (Alit), kills himself after the latter's death [402, 403, 406, 411, 412].
- Danupaya** 3. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Regu, son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank, marries [1159], receives apanage [1162], deployed in Banyudana [1340], flees to Mataram [1349].
- Danureja** Adipati, Kyai Setrajaya, Adipati Cakrajaya, patih of Pakubuwana I, Mangkurat IV, and Pakubuwana II, leads Pakubuwana I (Puger)'s flight from Kartasura [770, 780], becomes patih jawi at Pakubuwana I's accession [810], his actions as patih [859, 870, 893, 895, 896], also patih lebet [912], leads the war against Jayapuspita [927, 928, 933, 937, 939, 940, 941], besieges Surabaya [943, 945, 946, 950, 952], attacks [953], defeated [957, 958, 960], receives Admiral Brikman [963], drives Jayapuspita from Surabaya [974, 979], advises to dismiss Gobyo [993], continues the war under Mangkurat IV [1029], recalled to Kartasura because of the rebellion of Pangéran Blitar [1049, 1050, 1055], suspected of treason and arrested in Semarang [1058], released through the intercession of Brikman [1078-1080, 1087], raised in rank with the title Adipati Danureja [1089], marches against Mrebung [1090, 1098], back to Kartasura [1104], rescinds the appointment of the bupati of Semarang made by the Dutch commander [1124-1127], envoy to Semarang [1128], decision to chase Panembahan Purbaya from Lumajang [1130], has Mas Ibrahim chased from Malang, defuses the threat of the rebel from Nusatembini [1149], the dying Mangkurat IV instructs him to proclaim his son Radèn Mas Prabayasa after his death [1151], despite some opposition proclaims Pakubuwana II [1152-1154], defuses the Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara problem [1156, 1157], spoken ill of [1160], returns from Semarang with the envoys sent to Batavia and the body of Panembahan Purbaya [1161], as envoy to Batavia, has a hard time there [1168, 1169, 1171-1174], worries about the mental state of the Sunan [1177], prediction about the future [1179], the Tirtanata affair, leading to his dismissal and exile [1180-1185], shipwrecked and rescued by Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara [1186].

- Darmayuda** 1. Tumenggung, bupati of Pasuruhan, dispatched against the Makassarese [438, 439].
- Darmayuda** 2. of Sampang, one of Trunajaya's commanders, defeated, killed [502, 515, 516, 525].
- Dasamuka** Prabu [1269].
- Demak** 1. Sultan, 1 = Radèn Patah, 2. = Pangéran Sabranglèr, 3. = Radèn Trenggana, 4. = Pangéran Prawata
- Demak** 2. Adipati, son-in-law and ally of Awijaya, succeeds him as Sultan Pajang, employs mercenaries, is deposed [231, 243, 244, 245, 248, 254, 257-259, 272, 301].
- Demak** 3. domain [66, 90, 99, 100, 107, 108, 111, 113-115, 117, 120, 123, 126-129, 131, 132, 245, 252, 254, 256, 257, 259, 287, 308, 310, 320-323, 325, 456, 488, 497, 501, 773, 786, 800, 802, 805, 808, 811, 813, 893, 913, 914, 937, 1051-1054, 1087, 1106, 1159, 1190, 1228, 1229, 1235, 1240, 1243, 1246, 1265, 1268, 1275, 1282, 1298, 1308-1311, 1313, 1315-1318, 1321, 1322, 1327, 1330, 1336, 1348, 1369-1371, 1380].
- Demung** near Pajajaran, invaded by the Makassarese [437-439, 443, 445, 446, 450].
- Dengkèng** River, travelled by Jaka Tingkir [121, 312, 314].
- Dersanan** village [1041, 1043, 1046, 1056, 1069].
- Dèwi** 1 Radèn Ajeng, married to Padmanagara of Demak, probably mistake for Dèwi 2 [1348].
- Dèwi** 2. Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Mangkurat IV [1155], married to the bupati of Brebes [1159].
- Dhadhapan** Ranga, subordinate of Panembahan Kajoran, killed in action [655].
- Dhadhaptulis** marries daughter of Kyai Pamana-han [170].
- Dhadhungawuk** wants to enlist in the Tamtama corps, killed by Jaka Tingkir [113].
- Dhanci** Company messenger [1301].
- Dhandhangmungsuh** spear of Arya Panangsang [159].
- Dhandhangwacana** leader of Trunajaya's Madurese [453], sent to collect Panembahan Kajoran [458], captures Adipati Cakraningrat [462, 469], pursues Mangkurat I [470], defeated by Pakubuwana I (Puger) [477], [502, 512], dies in battle [525].
- Dhayaluhur** domain [994, 1011].
- Dhobras** Radèn, son of Pangéran Pekik, has love affair with Radèn Ayu Singasari, murdered by Pangéran Singasari 2. [422].
- Dhukut** son of Watugunung [3].
- Dhumpul** [1119, 1139, 1146, 1169].
- Dhungkul** Mount [876, 877].
- Dikara** 1. Arya, of Pamekasan, fights his father-in-law Pangéran Cakraningrat 1 [965].
- Dikara** 2. Arya, member of the Martalulut, sent to strangle Pangéran Wiramenggala and Radèn Wiratmeja [1275, 1276].
- Dilah** Ki, = Arya Damar
- Dilanggu** village [1069, 1071].
- Dilem** Kyai, = Kyai Dalem
- Dipanaganara** 1. Pangéran, = Panembahan Érucakra
- Dipanaganara** 2. Pangéran, = Pangéran Martasana 2.
- Dipanaganara** 3. Pangéran Arya, Pangéran Martasana, Radèn Mas (S)utara, son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank marries Radèn Ajeng Jèmbem [1159], receives apanage [1162], divorced [1170], name changed to Pangéran Arya Dipanaganara, kliwon of Pangéran Ngabèhi, apanage increased [1175], sent with Arya Pringgalaya against the Madurese [1294, 1297], recalled [1312], deployed at Banyudana [1340], insists on following the fleeing Pakubuwana II [1349], arrives in Kaduwang [1358], retreats with Pakubuwana II to the mountains [1375], returns with him to Pranaraga [1379].
- Dipanaganara** Panji, kinsman of Trunadilaga [676].
- Dipapraja** Radèn Panji, prevents a real attack on Pasuruhan [877].
- Dipasana** apprentice official with Pangéran Purabaya, conducts a raid on Adipati Suradiningrat of Tuban, apprehended [1195], made to fight a tiger [1196], installed as bupati in Tuban by the Madurese [1286], has to flee [1290], returned to Tuban [1293].
- Dipasanta** 1. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Mesir, son of Pakubuwana I, called Radèn Mas Martataruna, raised in rank [681, 691, 716, 810], rises in rebellion and strangled [1129]. Also = Upasanta?
- Dipasanta** 2. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Sardin, son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank [1161], dies [1176].
- Dipataruna** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Érucakra
- Dipayuda** Ki, bupati of Pamardèn (Pamredèn), joins the defense of Salatiga [1336, 1339, 1343], reports defeat [1344], sent out again [1345].

Diramanggala Ngabèhi, as envoy to Jayapuspita [919, 921].

Domba horse of Ngabèhi Tambakbaya, captured by Sultan Agung [357].

Donan [485].

Doplang Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara and Radèn Ayu Ragasmara [1165].

Drana village [104].

Dul Kahar Captain of the Company militia in Batavia [1214].

Dul Katip Captain of the Company militia in Batavia [1214].

Dul Manaf Captain of the Company militia in Batavia [1214].

Dulangmangap crack troops of Jayapuspita [983, 986].

Dulkup 1. Captain, commander of the Dutch in Jepara [444].

Dulkup 2. Commissioner, in Semarang, receives Brikman and others [1055], exceeds his authority [1124-1128], effects the surrender of Panembahan Purbaya [1136-1138], successfully objects to death penalty for Panembahan Purbaya [1141].

Dumilah princess of Mount Dumilah, daughter of Sunan Lawu [1376].

Durahman Ki, devout Muslim, son-in-law of Ki Muhammad [1376].

Durgajaya Radèn, kinsman of Trunadilaga [676, 677].

Dutch [376, 380, 381, 383-391, 442, 444, 451, 456, 457, 473, 484, 491-493, 506, 507, 545, 547, 551, 556, 557, 560, 567, 574, 576, 590, 596, 606, 607, 624, 632, 640, 642, 650, 710, 738, 786, 788, 790, 792, 801-803, 805, 806, 823, 826, 827, 853, 855, 867, 872, 883, 888, 895, 897, 898, 903, 938, 970, 980, 1026, 1037, 1048, 1053, 1128, 1130, 1140, 1177, 1200, 1259, 1269, 1270, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1283, 1307, 1310, 1313, 1331, 1345, 1353].

Dwarawati [703].

E

Ebun Kyai, advises Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) to flee to Cirebon [584], given the title Ebunjaladri [592].

Ebunjaladri Kyai, Kyai Ebun, Bunjaladriya, dep-

uty commander of Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) [592], promoted [594], kills Saradenta and Saradenti [595, 599, 600], and Radèn Demang Pasisir [674], killed in action [885].

Ékawangsa Ki, panèket official of the Kaparak corps, fights wild buffalo [1206].

Elik 1. Rangga, Chinese leader [1287], killed in action [1292].

Elik 2. Chinese of mixed-descent, younger brother of Suradiwangsa [1353].

Emas 1. Pangéran, son of Mangkurat III, returns from exile [1188].

Emas 2. Captain, son of Adipati Suradimenggala of Semarang [1214].

Émop = Émuf.

Émuf Pan der Ardiyan Yan Wilem Baron Pan Émuf [1210, 1212, 1214-1216].

Émup = Émuf.

Éndranata 1. Tumenggung, Kyai Gadamastaka, bupati of Demak [325], killed [371].

Éndranata 2. Tumenggung, Martajaya, offers his services to Mangkurat II [488], to Demak [497], becomes bupati there [501], defeats the Madurese [510. 511], at the siege of Kadhiri [524].

Èndro one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381].

Éng Encik, subordinate of Sapanjang [1213, 1215].

English eliminated [498].

Énta-énta (Ngénta-énta), village in Mataram, rebellion of Radèn Suryakusuma and Kyai Mas Dana [755, 909, 910].

Eping Cik, = Ping Bulung

Epo Cik, = Cik Po.

Érucakra Panembahan, Radèn Mas Sungkawa, son of Pakubuwana I, Radèn Mas Dipataruna, Pangéran Dipanagara [681, 691, 716, 810], receives appanage [859], dispatched against Jayapuspita [1012-1018], receives with the latter eastern Java [1019], becomes Panembahan Érucakra Sénapati ing Alaga Ngabdurrahman Sayidin Panatagama, in Madiyun [1020-1022], his commander in battle Sasranagara [1023], defeated [1024], still in rebellion [1031, 1033, 1057, 1060-1068, 1103], joins eventually Pangéran Blitar 3, and Pangéran Purbaya, flees with them, to Lumajang [1119, 1131, 1136, 1139], surrenders [1140], exiled to Cape of Good Hope [1144, 1188], father of Radèn Ayu Kusuma [1193].

Etik 1. Mudha Tik, Éyang Tik, Pun Etik, Cik Etik, one of the leaders of the Pasisir Chinese [1218, 1222, 1224, 1227, 1242, 1277, 1278, 1308, 1322, 1324, 1336, 1340, 1342].

Etik 2. Chinese who hid Mas Garendi (Sunan Kuning) [1275, 1311, 1313].

Éyang Etik = Etik 1.

F

Fager Major, member of the welcoming committee for Patih Danureja [1169].

Fakenir Pergo Ardiyan, Pakenir, director junior member of the Council of the Indies [1154, 1171], Governor General [1172, 1173, 1181, 1210].

Fanbandhem Lieutenant, killed in action at Surabaya [980].

Fanderlin Lieutenant, killed in action at Surabaya [980].

French eliminated [498].

G

Gadamastaka Kyai, = Tumenggung Éndranata 1.

Gadhungmalathi camp of Sapanjang [1213-1215].

Gagakbahni Tumenggung, Radèn Tompé, son of Kyai Pamanahan [137], raised in rank [263], appointed Adipati Pajang, dies, buried in Mataram [270].

Gagakpranala Ki, captures Pangéran Dipasanta 1 [1129], killed in action [1362], the same?

Gagakrimang horse of Arya Panangsang [156].

Gagatan village [1265].

Gajahmada patih of Brawijaya [43, 44, 47, 50, 51, 79, 81, 88].

Gajahpramada 1. Tumenggung, appointed bupati of Pagelèn by Pangéran Puger (Pakubuwana I) [475], killed in battle [552, 555].

Gajahpramada 2. Tumenggung, sent to assist Adipati Lumarap [1069].

Galaganjur gamelan [216, 1175].

Galésong Kraèng, Prabu Anom 2, head of the Makassarese who occupy Pajarakan and Demung [437], victories [440, 441], joins Trunajaya [445], defeat together Mangkurat II [446, 450-453], to Kadhiri [461, 462], brother of Kraèng Naba [502, 503, 513], killed by Trunajaya [516].

Galuh 1. Déwi = Candrakirana [21].

Galuh 2. kingdom [21, 38].

Galungan son of Watugunung [3].

Gambuh group of court servants [1345, 1356].

Gandakusuma Mas, son of Yudanagara of Banyumas, master of horse of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1197, 1201].

Gandaprana horse of crown prince [1345].

Gandariyasèwu sugar mill near Batavia where the rebellious Chinese assemble [1210-1213, 1215, 1216].

Gandasuli messenger of Patih Natakusuma to Madura [1238].

Gandawati wife of Sunan Kuning [1348].

Ganjur Kyai, chief of the Suranata, relative of the widow of Tingkir, receives Jaka Tingkir in Demak [108, 110].

Gapit kraton gate [851, 1037, 1270, 1271].

Gardapati commander of Cakraningrat 3 [1238].

Garebeg = Grebeg.

Garem Biyang, maid of Embok Martayuda [819].

Garendi Radèn Mas, = Sunan Kuning 2.

Garjitawati in Mataram [1204, 1206].

Garon Nyai, attendant of Pakubuwana II [1345].

Garwakandha 1. Kyai, = Tumenggung Jayabrata

Garwakandha 2. Tumenggung, nephew of Ki Wiraguna, becomes wadana Sèwu [1199], shows fear fighting a banthèng calf [1206], dismissed [1207].

Garwakandha 3. brother-in-law of Mangunoneng 4, made bupati Panumping [1354], sent to attack Kaliwungu [1371], reinforces Lemahbang [1381].

Gathayu 1. Resi, fifth son of Kandhiawan, king of Koripan [19, 20].

Gathayu 2. heirloom saddle [260].

Gedhangan village [1347].

Gedhong Kyai, mantri of Pajang, helps Sénapati, killed in battle [256, 257].

Gegelang realm of Lembupangarang [20], Mangkurat III flees through its forest [862, 1110], Pakubuwana II visits the place [1350].

Gelathik village [869].

Gembong [382, 883, 1130, 1137, 1138, 1140].

Gemulak Ngabèhi, = Ngabèhi Sastrawijaya.

Gemulak place near Semarang [1128, 1318].

Gendhing 1. Bupati, commander of the eastern Javanese army against Sénapati [308].

Gendhing 2. Bupati, incites Pangéran Puger of Demak against Panembahan Krapyak, killed in

- battle [321, 323].
- Gendhingan** village [1348].
- Gendrayana** son of Yudayana [19].
- Genter** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Arya Panular 3.
- Genthong** village near Pasuruhan [696].
- Genting** village [1066].
- Genukséla** village [1244].
- Gerdyug** one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381].
- Gerit** Ki Mas, = Tumenggung Sindureja
- Getasaji** village, residence of Kyai Buyut Banyu-biru [118].
- Getaspandhawa** Kyai, son of Kyai Ageng Tarub 3 and Nawangsih, has 7 children [95].
- Géyong** Chinese lieutenant of Semarang [1235].
- Gilingwesi** kingdom of Watugunung [3,4, 8-10, 14-17, 19].
- Giri** 1. Santri, Sunan, = Prabu Sètmata.
- Giri** 2. Pandhita, = Sunan Parapèn.
- Giri** 3. Pandhita, refuses to submit to Mangkurat II, defeated and strangled [539, 540].
- Giri** 4. Radèn, Madurese leader [1287].
- Giri** 5. [79, 81, 84, 87, 169,180, 183, 185, 186, 271, 272, 275, 276, 348, 375-377, 539, 540, 697, 921, 1100, 1194, 1288].
- Girilaya** market [1178, 1204].
- Giring** Kyai Ageng, Kyai Ageng Padèrèsan, friend of Sénapati who drinks his magic coconut juice [175-178], revolt of his descendants [657].
- Giwang** Kyai, horse-cloth [1345].
- Gobyö** Commander, Semarang, dispatched against Jayapuspita [939, 940, 943, 953], reports to Brikman his defeat [960, 963], combative [979, 982], defeated when acting unilaterally and relieved of his command [990-993].
- Gogodog** [453].
- Gondhil** = Gundhil
- Gondrop** = Orgondrop
- Goplem** chief of the Jayantaka corps [1254, 1270].
- Governor General** [491-493, 551, 582, 583, 602-605, 619, 667-669, 737, 761, 783, 802, 803, 805, 809, 823, 826, 864, 895, 900, 1142, 1154, 1169, 1171-1173, 1181-1184, 1188, 1199, 1200, 1203, 1204, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1214, 1216, 1218, 1219, 1281, 1295, 1299].
- Gowong** distinctive social group specialized in woodworking [1012, 1270, 1272].
- Grebeg** festival [670, 1179, 1188, 1218, 1223, 1224].
- Gresik (Garesik)** [49, 51, 54, 56, 274, 339, 344, 378, 510, 540, 921-924, 930, 931, 944, 945, 948, 952, 962, 979, 1050, 1149, 1282, 1286, 1293, 1246].
- Grobogan** [125, 272, 462, 540, 928, 1057, 1081, 1106, 1220, 1222, 1224, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1282, 1310, 1313, 1316, 1322-1324, 1327, 1351, 1367, 1370, 1379, 1380, 1382].
- Grompol** village, [463, 1012, 1015, 1016, 1360, 1363, 1367].
- Gubug** village [1322, 1327, 1330, 1336].
- Gugur** village [1347].
- Gulu** cannon of Mataram [438].
- Gumarang** Kyai, Kyai Gupita, heirloom kris of Retna Jumilah [291].
- Gumbreg** son of Watugunung [3].
- Gumpang** village near Kartasura [1278].
- Gunawangsa** Ki, chief of the Gowong people [1270, 1272].
- Gundhil** (Gondhil), Antakusuma, holy jacket made by Sunan Kalijaga [90], presented to Sénapati [287, 288, 290], Mangkurat III refuses to hand it over [886], Pakubuwana II uses it as pillow [1347].
- Guntur** Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Ngabèhi Loringpasar (Radèn Suryakusuma) [1188].
- Gunturgeni** cannon of Mataram [438, 555, 1277].
- Gunung** Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Ngabèhi Loringpasar (Radèn Suryakusuma) [1188].
- Gunungjati** Sunan, brother-in-law of Sunan Kalijaga [58].
- Gunung Kidul** [175, 232, 233, 234, 249, 251, 653, 657, 660, 755, 793, 1149].
- Gupita** Kyai, Kyai Gumarang, heiloom kris renamed Kyai Gupita by Sénapati [293].
- Guru** Bathara, son of Sang Hyang Tunggal [1, 2, 8-13, 15-18].
- Gustap** Major, Dutch commander at Surabaya [981], defeats Jayapuspita [987, 999, 1000, 1002], defeats Cakraningrat 3 [1003, 1004].

H

- Ham** 1. Matiyus da Ham, Governor General, passed away [1172].
- Ham** 2. Chinese scribe, sent away from Kartasura [1232], sent to talk to the bupati deployed in Bahrawa, killed [1250-1253].
- Hirpèkusdiman** Governor General [761].

Hukman Onder factory head, member of the welcoming committee for Patih Danureja [1169].

Husèn Radèn, Adipati Terung, son of Arya Damar and the Chinese princess [59], flees with his half-brother Radèn Patah to Java, converted to Islam by Sunan Ampèldenta [60, 61], Adipati of Terung [61], summons Radèn Patah to Brawijaya [65, 66], together with the latter in revolt against Brawijaya [85-87], father-in-law of Sunan Kudus [103].

I

Ijo Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Pangéran Purbaya 3, stays behind in Kartasura [1204].

Imagiri Magiri, cemetery of the royal house of Mataram [399, 410, 467, 748, 755, 1027, 1151, 1165, 1177, 1178, 1204, 1205, 1345].

Impun Radèn Ayu, daughter of Pakubuwana I [681], adopted by Mangkurat II [735], married to Mangkurat III [742], sent back to her father [754].

Inten 1. = Iten

Inten 2. Kutha, Diamond Fortress, Castle of Batavia [280, 303].

Irawan servant of Pangéran Tepasana [1264].

Iten Radèn Ajeng, (Inten), daughter of Mangkurat IV [1155], marries Pangéran Purbaya (Demang Urawan) [1176].

J

Jabir Radèn Ajeng [1348].

Jadipa Tumenggung, bupati of Pasuruhan, killed because of cowardice [915, 916].

Jagabaya 1. sent by Sultan Agung to Pathi [368].

Jagabaya 2. village [477].

Jagabaya 3. corps of soldiers [1343].

Jagamenggala son of Kyai Adipati Martapura [438].

Jagapati son of Kyai Adipati Martapura [438].

Jagaraga [301, 303, 349, 358, 739, 863, 927, 928, 1110, 1353, 1372].

Jagasura corps of soldiers raised in Tegal [487, 1030, 1296, 1345].

Jagatamu village [456, 457, 498].

Jahisman Lieutenant, sent against Tegal [811].

Jajanggu Kénthol, Kyai, = Adipati Jayasupanta.

Jakarta [378-380, 382-384, 387, 390, 981, 1127, 1128,

1219, 1295]. Also Batavia.

Jakatuwa kris of Adipati Martapura [509].

Jakim Dutch lieutenant at Surabaya [981].

Jakub dog of Brikman, fed the genitals of Adipati Lumarap, renamed Lumarap [1071].

Jakup Bèlem Pan Drèn Admiral, member of the welcoming committee for Patih Danureja [1169].

Jakuwès one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381, 384].

Jaladra servant of Adipati Pragola 2, follows him in death [369].

Jalumampang patih of the crocodile king Bau-reksa, killed by Jaka Tingkir [122].

Jambu 1. Radèn, = Pangéran Mangkubumi 1.

Jambu 2. village [782, 1375].

Jamurdipa village [1347].

Janapura Radèn [1366], = Sujanapura 4.

Janas Ki, blacksmith, copies Sunan Bonang's krisses for Sunan Kudus [93].

Jangkéwuh kinsman of Pangéran Cakraningrat 1, defects [965, 966]

Jangkungpacar Kyai, kris [41].

Jangrana 1. Adipati, Tumenggung, Anggawangsa, from Surabaya, joins Mangkurat II [489, 502], spy [510], sent out against Trunajaya, captures the cannon Nyai Satomi [514], defeats the Madurese [515], becomes bupati in Surabaya [520], sent out against the Makassarrese [526, 527], joins the stabbing of Trunajaya [536], his role in the faked rebellion of Wiranagara [604, 605, 613, 615, 616, 620], to Jepara [645, 646], sent out against Panembahan Kajoran [654], again a faked attack on Pasuruhan [666, 670], pillar of Kartasura [680], sides with Pakubuwana I [768, 769, 772, 773], sent out to pursue the latter, joins him [781], to Surabaya [795-797, 799, 800], present at the inauguration of Pakubuwana I [808], made adipati and kliwon [810], joins the march against Kartasura [825], commander [829, 836, 846, 848], pursues Mangkurat III [855], expeditions against Pasuruhan [864, 875], Dutch request his death, does not resist [895, 897-901], succeeded by his brother Jayapuspita [903].

Jangrana 2. Tumenggung, Jaka Tankeban, son of Tumenggung Jangrana 1 [899, 954], commander [983, 985], raised in rank by Panembahan Érukakra [1020], commander under Jayapuspita [1021], after surrender exiled to Ceylon [1144].

- Jangrana** 3. Ngabèhi, younger brother of Jayapus-pita [954, 983], killed in action [985, 986, 988].
- Janur** Ranga, a leader in the march on Kartasura [1336].
- Japan** [180, 273-275, 300, 344, 353, 439, 440, 925, 927, 1001, 1002, 1007, 1018, 1021, 1060, 1061, 1064, 1086, 1101, 1112, 1118, 1248, 1291, 1292].
- Jaranpanolèh** ancestor of Trunajaya [523].
- Jaswa** Captain, in Kartasura when Pakubuwana I dies [1026], present at the installation of Mangkurat IV [1028], refuses to help Pangéran Blitar 3 [1037].
- Jati** Nyai Ageng, daughter of Kyai Ageng Séla [134].
- Jatijajar** [230].
- Jaya** Ki, panakawan [1345, 1346].
- Jayaantaka** = Jayantaka.
- Jayabaya** son of Gendrayana [19].
- Jayabrata** Tumenggung, Kyai Garwakandha, leader in battle of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1023], incites him to rebel [1030], frees his son Ragum [1036], raised in rank [1045], at Mrebung [1091, 1097], accompanies the body of Pangéran Blitar 3 to Kartasura [1121].
- Jayacapa** Ki, horse of Pakubuwana II [1345].
- Jayadirana** 1. son of Jayasanta, killed in action on the Sitiggil [1273].
- Jayadirana** 2. Ki, brother-in-law of Mangunoneng 4 [1358].
- Jayakusuma** 1. = Tumenggung Tirtanata 2.
- Jayakusuma** 2. Radèn, son of Mangkurat III, younger brother of Pangéran Tepasana 3 [1188], his son Radèn Mas Surada [1189], killed together with his brother Pangéran Tepasana 3 [1258, 1260, 1263].
- Jayalalana** son of Wanakusuma, rises in rebellion [658-660], killed [665].
- Jayamenggala** corps of kraton soldiers [1254, 1262, 1296, 1320].
- Jayamijaya** son of Jayabaya [19].
- Jayamiséna** son of Jayamijaya [19].
- Jayanagara** = Jayaningrat 2.
- Jayaningrat** 1. Tumenggung, Adipati, Pusparaga, half-blood Chinese from Semarang, raised in rank [754], wants to become bupati in Semarang [770], told to fight at Ungaran [815], submits to Pakubuwana I [824], bupati of Pekalongan [894], in action against Surabaya [953], his opinion concerning the succession of Pakubuwana II [1152], criticizes the actions of Patih Danureja [1160], asked to look for a cure against Pakubuwana II's depression [1177], dies, succeeded by his eldest son [1180].
- Jayaningrat** 2. Adipati, = Jayanagara, eldest son of Jayaningrat 1 and son-in-law of Patih Danureja [1180], involved in the removal of Pangéran Purbaya [1195, 1203], reports on the Chinese rebellion [1218], opposes supporting the Chinese [1219-1221, 1230, 1231], sent with his troops to Semarang [1233, 1235-1237, 1240, 1242], ostensibly defeated after faked actions against the Chinese [1243, 1244], again a faked action [1245-1247], reports that the Company realized that the Javanese were not fighting for real [1256], his actions concerning Pangéran Wiramenggala [1256], displeased with the conduct of the war and shocked by the killing of Pangéran Tepasana he offers his resignation [1269], replaced by his son-in-law Sumadiwirya, takes poison and dies [1283, 1295].
- Jayaningrat** 3. Adipati, Radèn Bagus (Su)Pama, Radèn Sumadiwirya, son of Patih Natakusuma, son-in-law of Adipati Jayaningrat 2, replaces the the latter [1269, 1283, 1311], again a faked action against the Chinese, his father Patih Natakusuma surrenders to the Company [1326, 1330].
- Jayantaka** corps of soldiers [1254, 1262, 1270, 1272, 1296, 1298, 1321].
- Jayaparusa** 1. son of Wanakusuma, rises in rebellion, killed [658-660, 662, 663, 665].
- Jayaparusa** 2. corps of soldiers [1262, 1321].
- Jayapati** = Tumenggung Sujanapura 2.
- Jayapuspita** Arya, younger brother of Tumenggung Jangrana 1 [799], receives lands near Surabaya [810], also sent out against Tugu [811, 828, 832], leader in battle at Salahtiga [834], rewarded for his bravery [840], succeeds his brother who has been killed at the request of the Dutch [898, 900, 902-907], rises in rebellion [917-919, 921, 925, 927], lays siege to Surabaya [954], wins in battle [959], defends Surabaya [976], miracles [977, 978], evacuates Surabaya [980, 981, 983, 984, 986-988], retreats to Kaputran [989], defeated by Major Gustap [1000-1002], demotes his brother Sasranagara [1007], receives eastern Java together with Panembahan Érucakra [1013,

- 1018, 1019], becomes Adipati Panatagama in Japan [1020], ordered to subjugate Panembahan Ērucakra [1060, 1061], dispatches Adipati Natapura against Kartasura [1086], dies [1101].
- Jayaraga** Pangéran, fourth son of Sénapati [269], bupati in Panaraga [325], rebels, exiled to Masjidwatu [326-328].
- Jayasamodra** Demang, [1165].
- Jayasamudra** Ki, follower of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1201].
- Jayasanta** Ngabèhi, sent after the envoy to Batavia who was late in returning [1160], sent to Pangéran Purbaya in Sekararum [1203], takes part in the attack on the kraton guard, killed in action, including his son Jayadirana [1273].
- Jayasantika** Kyai, kliwon of Kudus, envoy to Batavia [1168].
- Jayasudarga** Kyai, ordered by Mangkurat IV to conquer Pagelèn [1090, 1092].
- Jayasudirga** Tumenggung, wadana jawi (Numbak-anyar), escorts body of Ratu Kancana 4 to Imagiri [1192], part of the attack party on the fort of Kartasura [1270], beaten to death [1272], his sons too young to succeed him [1276].
- Jayasupanta** Adipati, = Jajangu, brother of Pangéran Mas of Kadhiri [300], raised in rank [308], idem? Radèn Jayasupanta = Adipati Sujanapura 1.
- Jayataka** elite soldiers of Sénapati [280].
- Jayatrana** messenger [1380, 1382].
- Jayawinata** Kyai Tumenggung, bupati of Mataram, defeated by Kyai Mas Dana [909], comes to the aid of the Kartasura army in Surabaya [994], loses part of his apanage [1170].
- Jayèngastra** corps of soldiers [1262, 1296, 1321].
- Jayèngkéwuh** servant of Radèn Demang Pasisir, killed in action [674].
- Jayènglatrì** corps of soldiers [1262, 1296].
- Jebadbètri** Kyai, an ox-cart [44].
- Jembaran** Captain, [1116].
- Jèmblem** Radèn Ajeng, Radèn Ajeng Salamah, daughter of Panembahan Purbaya, younger sister of Ratu Kancana, marries Pangéran Martasana 4 [1159], divorces, remarried to Radèn Natawijaya (Patih Natakusuma) [1170, 1174].
- Jenar** = Purwaganda.
- Jenes** River [1347].
- Jenggala** realm of Lembuamiluhur [20], place near Surabaya [1289].
- Jepara** [19, 58, 383, 420, 438, 442-444, 449-451, 453, 456, 457, 493, 497-499, 505, 512, 541, 603, 605, 609, 629, 631-634, 636-638, 641-643, 666-669, 754, 761, 801-805, 823, 875, 876, 894, 937, 953, 1087, 1106, 1107, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1194, 1304].
- Jimat** 1. Radèn, Pangéran, = Pangéran Cakraningrat 4.
- Jimat** 2. Kyai, caretaker of the royal cemetery at Imagiri [1205].
- Jimbun** Sénapati, = Radèn Patah.
- Jimbungan** village [104].
- Jimus** panakawan [1345, 1346].
- Jipang** 1. Adipati = Pangéran Arya Panangsang.
- Jipang** 2. bupati, = Pangéran Banawa.
- Jipang** 3. domain [130, 143, 162, 164, 243, 244, 246-248, 250, 894, 926, 927, 929, 930, 932, 934, 935, 940, 941, 949, 1006, 1130, 1247, 1248, 1286-1288, 1290, 1292-1294, 1297, 1353, 1367].
- Jiwaraga** = Tumenggung Martapura 3.
- Jolang** Radèn, = Panembahan Krapyak.
- Jombaléka** ascetic in Calpitu, father of Mas Manca [119].
- Jombla** = Wiryadiningrat.
- Jrodo** one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381].
- Judhipati** corps of soldiers raised in Pekalongan [499].
- Jugulmudha** patih of Mahapunggung [19].
- Juldah** place of origin of Seh Walilanang [55].
- Julungpujut** son of Watugunung [3].
- Julungwangi** son of Watugunung [3].
- Jumanten** Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Mangkurat IV [1155], marries Radèn Wiratmeja 2, the widower of her elder sister Radèn Ajeng Tajem [1176].
- Jumilah** Retna, daughter of Panembahan Madiyun, becomes wife of Sénapati [282, 291-294].
- Juminah** Pangéran, fifth son of Sénapati [269, 329].
- Jurukithing** Panembahan, son of Adipati Mandaraka, reaches a high age, defeats Pangéran Madura [329, 333, 362].
- Jurumartani** Adipati Mandaraka, son of Nyai Ageng Saba, cousin and brother-in-law of Kyai Pamanahan, disciple of Sunan Kalijaga [135, 136], joins the attack on Arya Panangsang [154, 156, 160, 161, 163, 164], to Mataram with Kyai Pamanahan [168, 171], guardian of Sénapati and his brothers, adviser of Sénapati [187, 188,

189, 194, 195, 201, 203, 204, 232, 233, 242-244, 257, 259], teacher of Radèn Rangka [266, 267], raised in rank [269], adviser [272, 279, 280, 287, 288, 294, 309, 311, 314, 316], proclaims Pangéran Krapyak [318, 320], 4 children [329], adviser of Mas Martapura [331], buried in Mataram [333].
Jurutaman 1. a spirit, servant of Sénapati, kills Awijaya without being noticed [239, 241].
Jurutaman 2. albino, servant of Pangéran Krapyak, killed by Sultan Agung [319, 413, 763].
Juwana [456, 937, 1282, 1316].

K

Kabakalan [854].
Kabangkèkan [857].
Kabaréyan abode of spirits [18].
Kabayan Kyai, a mantri kabayan from Jepara, with Tohjaya to Lumajang [1133, 1135].
Kadarèn village [1347].
Kademèn village, 2nd place of exile of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1203].
Kadhangkrang Kraèng, major of the Makassarese and Ambonese auxiliaries for Mangkurat II [491].
Kadhaton Radèn Ayu, daughter of Pakubuwana II [1187, 1348].
Kadhawung 1. Radèn, son of Kyai Pamanahan [137].
Kadhawung 2. Radèn, = Radèn Demang Tanpanangkil [322].
Kadhiri 1. realm of Jayabaya and Lembupeteng [19, 20].
Kadhiri 2. domain, [21, 40, 42, 180, 274, 300-305, 307, 308, 339, 363, 392, 441, 461, 469, 478, 502-504, 510, 512, 515, 516, 518, 521, 522, 526, 653, 869-871, 875, 876, 925, 951, 1018, 1921, 1114, 1115, 1118, 1146, 1149, 1183].
Kadipatèn Ratu, = Ratu Kancana 3.
Kaduwang [458, 847, 857, 859, 860, 864, 1008, 1010, 1012, 1022, 1023, 1103, 1264, 1353, 1358, 1361, 1363, 1364, 1366, 1367, 1374, 1379].
Kajengtigan village [1341].
Kajoran 1. Panembahan, Panembahan Rama, grandfather of Mangkurat II [430], father-in-law of Trunajaya [431-434, 436], flees to Trunajaya [458, 460-462], disappears to Sonyasirna [535], magically powerful, defeated, disappears into

the void [653-656].
Kajoran 2. place [459, 460, 462, 463].
Kakajang village [1111].
Kakum village [1347].
Kaladuta boat of Panembahan Purbaya 1 [383].
Kalammunyeng magical kris of Sunan Giri (Prabu Sètmata) [80], demanded by Mangkurat II [539].
Kalang distinctive social group specialized in wood-working [1012, 1270, 1272], a woman from this group taken as concubine by Mangkurat III [698].
Kalawéyan Kyai Buyut, in Semarang, father of Suradimanggala [541].
Kaleng Demang, messenger of Pakubuwana I to Mangkurat II [564-566].
Kalepu [1069, 1071].
Kaletingkuning Radèn Ayu, sister of Mangkurat II, captured by Trunajaya [529].
Kaletingwungu Radèn Ayu, sister of Mangkurat II, captured by Trunajaya, sent ahead to Mangkurat II [529-531, 533, 537], wife of Adipati Sindureja and mother of Radèn Sukra [703, 706, 730].
Kaliajir village [465, 552, 1074].
Kalibanthèng village [1245, 1246, 1254].
Kalibening village [552].
Kalibuthak village [104].
Kalicacing village [816, 830, 832, 1248, 1336].
Kalicari place near Semarang [1224].
Kalidhadhung village [279].
Kaligandhu village [1232, 1336, 1338-1340].
Kaligawé 1. Demang, mantri from Semarang, joins Tohjaya to Lumajang [1133, 1135].
Kaligawé 2. place near Semarang [1224].
Kaligunting village of the widow to whom Radèn Susuruh flees [32, 33].
Kalijaga Sunan, Jaka Said, son of Ki Gedhé Manila [53], turns bandit, made to repent by Sunan Bonang, meditates at the Kalijaga river near Cirebon, brother-in-law of Sunan Gunungjati [58], role during the building of the mosque of Demak [90], sends Awijaya to Demak [108], resides in Adilangu [127, 132], teacher of Awijaya [135], rival of Sunan Kudus [138], forces Awijaya to give Mataram to Kyai Pamanahan [168, 169], meets Pamanahan [174], advises Sénapati to build a stone wall [211], gives Sénapati the jacket Kyai Gundhil [287, 288].

- Kalijirak** village [598].
- Kalinyamat** 1. Pangéran, married to Ratu Kalinyamat, daughter of Radèn Trenggana, killed [129, 141].
- Kalinyamat** 2. Ratu, sister of Sunan Prawata [141], vow to have Arya Panangsang killed, asks Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) to kill Arya Panangsang [148, 149-151, 164], fulfills her vow [166, 167].
- Kalinyamat** 3. realm, offered as a reward for killing Pangéran Arya Panangsang [151, 166, 179, 217, 264].
- Kalitambang** village [739].
- Kalitan** village [847, 848].
- Kaliwungu** 1. burial place of Mandurareja and Baureksa [390].
- Kaliwungu** domain [390, 800, 808, 939, 948, 1149, 1159, 1170, 1242, 1245, 1246, 1282, 1283, 1320, 1326, 1327, 1330, 1371].
- Kaloran** Déwa, Balinese chief, conquers Gresik for Jayapuspita [923, 924], supports him later as well [930], returns to Bali under safe conduct [945-947].
- Kaluwak** Radèn Ajeng [1348].
- Kamagetan** = Magetan.
- Kamal** 1. Kyai, chief religious official of Pakubuwana I [479].
- Kamal** 2. village in Madura [883].
- Kamandhungan** gate of the kraton [732, 901, 1037].
- Kamlathèn** village [1083].
- Kampak** village [1319, 1323, 1324, 1328, 1337, 1338].
- Kan** Chinese captain of Batavia, tries to reason with Encik Sapanjang [1212].
- Kancana** 1. Ratu, wife of Mangkurat II, her nephew Sumaningrat, [742, 748].
- Kancana** 2. Ratu, concubine of Mangkurat III from Onjé, receives title [754].
- Kancana** 3. Ratu, = Ratu Kadipatèn, wife of Mangkurat IV [1150, 1162].
- Kancana** 4. Ratu, Ratu Mas, daughter of Panembahan Purbays [1141], wife of Pakubuwana II [1151, 1155, 1166, 1168, 1170], gives birth to a boy who dies [1176], manages to attract the distraught king and gives birth to a healthy son [1177, 1178], advances the career of her brother Pangéran Purbaya [1188, 1191], dies after a difficult pregnancy [1192].
- Kandheg** village [1023, 1224].
- Kandhiawan** son of Mahapunggung [19].
- Kandhuruwan** 1. Radèn, son of Radèn Patah [109].
- Kandhuruwan** 2. bupati, installed by Adipati Pragola 2 [365].
- Kandhuruwan** 3. Tumenggung, wadana Sèwu, sent against Panembahan Purbaya 2, and Pangéran Blitar 3 [1090], has their horoscopes cast [1093, 1094, 1095], dies after having been cursed by Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1199].
- Kanitèn** bupati, servant of Adipati Pasuruhan, defeated by Sénapati, killed by Adipati Pasuruhan [296-298].
- Kapalon** village [312].
- Kapanasan** 1. forest where Kyai Ageng Tarub II is born [69].
- Kapanasan** 2. market near Kartasura where Pakubuwana II makes a pilgrimage [1204].
- Kapasan** 3. village near Surabaya [954].
- Kapetengan** corps of soldiers [1296].
- Kapraban** village near Surabaya [989].
- Kapundhung** market near Kartasura [688].
- Kaputatan** village [1370].
- Kaputran** village near Surabaya [989-991].
- Karang** village [166].
- Karanganyar** 1. in Pagelèn [472].
- Karanganyar** 2. near Semarang [1242, 1245, 1283].
- Karangasem** village [1345].
- Karanglo** Kyai Ageng, welcomes Kyai Pamanahan in Mataram, predictions about his descendants [173, 174].
- Karaton** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Buminata 3.
- Karé** Nyai Ageng, daughter of Getaspandhawa [95].
- Karèng** one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381].
- Karonuban** Panji, deputy chief of the Makassarrese [437].
- Karsula** Radèn, Panji. commander against the Makassarrese, receives Japan, dies there [438-441].
- Karta** kitha, kraton of Sultan Agung [398], abandoned [402], becomes kraton Kartasekar of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1043].
- Kartabangsa** leader in battle of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1036].
- Kartadipa** apprentice official under Arya Pringgailaya 3 [1324].
- Kartanagara** 1. Tumenggung, = Adipati Mangkupraja.

- Kartanagara** 2. Tumenggung, son of Adipati Mangkupraja [1122, 1182], dies [1220, 1221, 1283, 1295].
- Kartas** Captain on the ship sent to Madura, killed in incident 967-970].
- Kartasana** [274, 1248, 1353].
- Kartasari** 1. Kartasekar, Madéganda, Karta, kraton of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1043, 1044, 1063, 1067], captured by Brikman [1070, 1075, 1076], visited and renamed by Mangkurat IV [1149].
- Kartasari** 2. Radèn, son of Tumenggung Mataun of Jipang [1294].
- Kartasekar** = Kartasari 1.
- Kartasura** [544, 546, 547, 549-553, 559-565, 569, 571, 572, 596-598, 600-602, 604, 605, 612, 615, 619, 630, 631, 641, 652, 655, 656, 658-661, 666, 669, 679, 680, 688, 690, 696, 697, 701-703, 736, 737, 739-741, 748, 750, 755, 758, 761, 763, 769, 770, 772, 773, 776, 779, 781, 783, 786, 792, 794, 795, 799, 800, 802, 806, 807, 810-815, 817, 825, 830, 832, 834-837, 839, 843, 845, 846, 851-854, 856-858, 860-864, 868-871, 875, 877, 883-885, 887-890, 892, 893, 895, 898, 899, 903, 908-910, 913, 915, 917-919, 922, 925-927, 944, 951, 952, 955, 959, 961-963, 984, 988, 994, 1005, 1009-1011, 1021, 1025, 1026, 1028, 1030, 1031, 1033, 1034, 1036, 1039, 1046-1048, 1050, 1057, 1060, 1062, 1065, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1076, 1078, 1080-1083, 1085-1087, 1092, 1093, 1096, 1098, 1102, 1104, 1105, 1107, 1109-1111, 1113-1115, 1117, 1118, 1120-1122, 1124-1126, 1129, 1130, 1136, 1140-1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1153, 1154, 1161, 1163, 1166, 1170, 1172-1175, 1179, 1180, 1182, 1184, 1185, 1188-1190, 1195, 1201-1205, 1208, 1218, 1224, 1227, 1235, 1238, 1247, 1249, 1250, 1252, 1254, 1267, 1270, 1276-1278, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1286, 1294, 1295, 1297-1302, 1305, 1310-1312, 1315, 1317, 1318, 1320-1323, 1326, 1327, 1331-1340, 1342, 1343, 1345, 1347-1351, 1353, 1354, 1358, 1359, 1362-1364, 1366-1370, 1372, 1374-1376, 1379, 1381, 1382].
- Kartawirya** 1. Ki, Tumenggung, kinsman of Mangunoneng 4 [1315], leads in the march on Kartasura [1336], made chief of the leaseholders [1354], dispatched to Nguter [1358, 1359], defeated [1362], reinforced [1366].
- Kartawirya** 2. arrives with Sutamenggala from Kartasura.
- Kartayuda** 1. Panji, Demang = Sasranagara 1.
- Kartayuda** 2. Radèn, leader of the Madurese [1287], killed in action [1289].
- Kartimasa** brother of Pangéran Mas of Kadhiri, raised in rank with title Saradipa (former title of his brother) [300, 308].
- Kartinala** Ngabèhi, son of Tumenggung Sumabrata [1029].
- Kartiyuda** = Tumenggung Surantani
- Karungkala** third son of Kandhiawan, also called King Baka [19].
- Kasar** Ki, heirloom kris of the husband of Radèn Ayu Taman [1198].
- Kasur** kris of Adipati Martalaya [509].
- Katangung** kraton office [1345].
- Katawengan** 1. Tumenggung, bupati of Kadhiri, leads the troops of Mangkurat III, defeated [869].
- Katawengan** 2. Tumenggung, Ki Anggakatawengan, appointed bupati in Kadhiri [1183].
- Katipes** village [1189].
- Kayulandhéyan** abode of spirits [18].
- Kebodhengen** kris of Kyai Bocor [198].
- Kebokabiri** Kyai, mantri of Sasranagara 1 [1017].
- Kebokanigara** son of Andayaningrat, dies as a Buddhist ascetic [96. 97].
- Kebokenanga** = Kyai Ageng Pengging 2.
- Kebonagung** village [1102].
- Kedhu** domain [196, 197, 230, 476, 479, 488, 495, 496, 525, 538, 815, 854-856, 875, 927, 1046, 1075, 1082, 1090, 1092, 1232, 1235, 1331, 1339, 1354].
- Kedhungrombong** village [1283].
- Kedhungsrengéngé** residence of the crocodile king Baureksa [122, 124].
- Kedhupingit** village of Dhadhungawuk [113].
- Kedhutrayem** = Trayem.
- Kedunggudèl** village [1347].
- Kélas** Dutch lieutenant of the Kartasura garrison [1279, 1283].
- Kelir** Mount [416].
- Kembanglampir** Kyai Ageng, father of the mother of Kyai Ageng Tarub 2 [67-69], village [168].
- Kembar** Mas, the twin sons of the bupati of Blambangan, succeed their father [393, 394].
- Kencèng** Demang, ordered to expel Panembahan Érucakra [1965, 1066].
- Kendhal** domain [939, 1246, 1282, 1318, 1320, 1326, 1330].

- Kendheng** mountain range [115, 186, 321, 764, 1265, 1319, 1322].
- Kener** [610, 611, 779].
- Kenol** Captain, Commissioner, in Semarang [754], wants to make Pakubuwana I king [770, 783], goes to meet him [788-791], deliberates in Semarang and Batavia about his recognition [800-804, 806, 807], present at his proclamation [809], sent out to Demak [811], becomes commissioner [823], concludes with Sepilman a contract with Pakubuwana I [826], stays in Kartasura [858], expeditions against Pasuruhan [864, 866, 868], has the body of Wiranagara (Surapati) cremated [880-882], builds a fort in Gembong, returns to Semarang [883].
- Kenthèng** village [842, 843, 1343].
- Ketug** Radèn Mas, = Radèn Mas Arya Purwawijaya.
- Ketut** Déwa, Balinese chief, plunders Madura [995], joins Pangéran Cakraningrat 3 [998], flees to Bali [1003, 1112].
- Khakim** Kyai Pangulu, leader in battle of Jayapus-pita [954].
- Kidul** Nyai Rara, queen of the South Sea, marries Sénapati and promises him help [206-210, 232], also marries Sultan Agung [398].
- Kidul** Ngabèhi, patih of Wiranagara, sent to help Mangkurat III, flees to Daha, killed in action [860, 863, 885].
- Kidung** horse of Patih Natakusuma [1298].
- Kilèn** Radèn Ayu, minor wife of Pakubuwana II [1345, 1348].
- Kiping** village [1009, 1012-1015].
- Klofdiansah** Dutch commander in Semarang [1154].
- Kolor** interpreter in Semarang, killed in action [1246].
- Kombang** Mount, abode of Ajar Cemarattungal [33, 35].
- Konangpasir** soldier from Sampang [621].
- Kondur** Demang [1273].
- Konthing** Mas, follower of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1201].
- Konyit** Dutch commissioner and envoy to Kartasura, arrests Patih Danureja [1181, 1182, 1184, 1185].
- Koripan** realm of Gathayu [19], village [563].
- Koster** Captain, Kartasura [1154].
- Krakal** village in Kadhiri [302].
- Kramawijaya** Ngabèhi, bupati of Japan, son of Mataun 1, killed in action [1292].
- Kramayuda** Demang, of Karang, his daughter a concubine of Pakubuwana II, but wanted by Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara, which led to his exile [1166].
- Krapyak** Panembahan, Radèn Jolang, Pangéran Dipati Anom, sixth son of Sénapati, appointed as successor [269], wounded near Pathi [311, 312, 316, 318], defeats the rebellious Pangéran Puger and Pangéran Jayaraga [320-324, 326-328], five children [329], dies [330].
- Krasbun** Captain, marches against Jayapus-pita, killed in action [939, 980].
- Krèbèt** Mas, = Awijaya
- Kudalaléyan** son of Panji, king of Pajajaran [21].
- Kudus** 1. Kyai Ageng, father of the father of Kyai Ageng Tarub 2 [67].
- Kudus** 2. Sunan, chief official of the newly erected mosque of Demak [90], has a kris of Sunan Bonang copied [93], kills Kyai Ageng Pengging 2 [103, 104], rival of Sunan Kalijaga [138], incites Arya Panangsang to kill Sunan Prawata and Awijaya [139-144], confers with Awijaya [145-147], proclaims Adipati Demak as king [243, 244].
- Kudus** 3. Pangéran, Pangéran Pancawati, conquers Demak but killed in action [1051-1054].
- Kudus** 4. Arya, bupati of Kudus, as envoy to Batavia [1187, 1188], joins the deliberations on the revolt of the Chinese [1218, 1220].
- Kudus** 5. domain [141, 144-146, 324, 456, 457, 517, 937, 964, 1051, 1087, 1138, 1168, 1228, 1234, 1282, 1316].
- Kudusan** village [1346].
- Kulalah** Daèng, leader of the Company's Muslim troops [1281].
- Kulawu** son of Watugunung [3].
- Kulon** Ratu, mother of Mangkurat III, disrupts the pregnancy of other wives, later called Ratu Ageng [752, 753].
- Kumbakinumbar** Kyai, royal gun [1177].
- Kumbarawi** royal gun [438, 1277].
- Kunci** artificial hill within the kraton [1038].
- Kuning** 1. Sunan, = Pangéran Arya Mataram.
- Kuning** 2. Sunan, Susuhunan Mangkurat Prabu Kuning Sénapati Ingalaga Ngabdurrahman Sayidin Panatagama, Radèn Mas Garendi, son

of Pangéran Tepasana 2, grandson of Suman Mangkurat III, predicted to become king [1189], flees Kartasura after the strangulation of his father [1264], escapes the killing of his uncle and brother, saved and hidden by a Chinese called Etik [1275], searched for by Patih Natakusuma and Mangunoneng [1311], set up as king by the Chinese and their Javanese allies [1313, 1315], reinstalled in Pathi [1316], pleased with the military successes [1327], news about the involvement of Patih Natakusuma and the latter's quandary [1328-1331], news of Natakusuma's arrest shocks him, decision to continue the war [1336], occupies the palace in Kartasura [1348], [1349, 1350, many officials submit to him [1354], orders counterattack at Nguter [1358, 1366], and Pamagetan [1369], tries to entice the supporters of Pakubuwana II to deliver him [1373, 1375, 1379].

Kuningan son of Watugunung [3].

Kunthara patih of Kandhiawan [19].

Kurantil son of Watugunung [3].

Kuruwelut son of Watugunung [3].

Kusuma Radèn Ayu, daughter of Panembahan Érucakra, wife of Pakubuwana II who dislikes her [1193].

Kusumawicitra son of Jayamiséna [19].

Kutha Mas, = Tumenggung Tirtanata 2.

Kuwel village [562, 566].

Kuwu abode of spirits [18].

L

Lafèl Captain, also Pan Pèlser, Dutch captain in Kartasura, hated by the Javanese [1218], [1279, 1301]. [passim].

Lamongan domain [274, 339, 344, 799, 800, 810, 921, 929, 948, 949, 962, 978, 1006, 1050, 1130, 1136, 1282, 1287-1289, 1293, 1297, 1352].

Lampèr village near Semarang [1237, 1243, 1244, 1246, 1318, 1331].

Landhep Dèwi, wife of Watugunung [3].

Langgar Pangéran, son-in-law of Radèn Trenggana [129].

Langkir 1. son of Watugunung [3].

Langkir 2. Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Prangwadana 2.

Langsar village [1347].

Lapèl = Lafèl.

Laroh village [1010, 1012, 1068, 1103].

Laroh Embok, mother of Pangéran Riya Mangkunagara [779].

Lasem domain [58, 180, 274, 239, 349, 450, 936, 937, 1282, 1311, 1315, 1316, 1358, 1362].

Lawéyan Lawiyan, village [136, 229, 847, 1347].

Lawiyan = Lawéyan.

Lawu 1. Mount [119, 306, 452, 737, 738, 1008, 1019-1022, 1033, 1347, 1375].

Lawu 2. Sunan, appears to Pakubuwana II [1376].

Layapan village [1320-1322, 1326, 1328].

Layar Captain of the Company militia in Batavia [1214].

Le[m]busa[n]gara Madurese leader [1287, 1292].

Leksajaya messenger/spy of Martapura 4 [1322].

Lemahabang = Lemahbang

Lemahbang Lemahabang, village [1235, 1239, 1381, 1382].

Lembah Radèn Ayu, eldest daughter of Pakubuwana I [681], marries against her will Mangkurat III [682, 683, 686, 687, 692], returns to her father's home [698, 699], Radèn Sukra falls in love with her [711-715], strangled [719-728], [742].

Lembahrawa = Bahrawa.

Lembu Kyai, = Tumenggung Mangkuyuda 3.

Lembuamiluhur son of Gathayu, king of Jenggala [20, 21].

Lembuamisani son of Ayamwuruk [43].

Lembupangarang son of Gathayu, king of Gege-lang [20].

Lembupeteng 1, son of Gathayu, king of Kadhiri [20].

Lembupeteng 2, = Kyai Ageng Tarub 3.

Lènder Major, sent to meet Panembahan Purbaya [1138].

Lènggang Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Panembahan Purbaya, marries Pangéran Ngabèhi [1159].

Lengkara Déwa, Balinese commander [393].

Lim Co Encik, Chinese who divulges the Chinese rebels' plans [1212].

Lindhu Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, with Panembahan Purbaya in Lumajang [1131], eventually returned to Kartasura [1141, 1142, 1147, 1155].

Lipura favourite spot of Sénapati [191, 200, 201], place of exile of Mangkurat II [428].

Liyang Po Cik, = Cik Po.
Lodhaya abode of spirits [18], place of exile of Panembahan Cakraningrat [469, 526, 527].
Logènder village [542].
Lonthang Mas, son of Panembahan Madiyun, flees to Surabaya, becomes bupati of Japan [282, 300].
Lopait village [825, 1248, 1251].
Lor Ngabèhi, patih of Wiranagara, sent to help Mangkurat III [860], flees to Daha [863], killed in action [885].
Loringpasar Pangéran Ngabèhi, = 1. Suryakusuma, 2. Pangéran Ngabèhi 2.
Lowanu village [1129].
Lumajang [274, 337, 915, 1119, 1130-1132, 1138, 1139].
Lumarap 1. Adipati, Bangsapatra, ordered by Pangéran Blitar 3 to conquer Pajang [1045, 1046], killed in action against Brikman [1069, 1071].
Lumarap = Jakub.
Lurungdhadha place near Batavia [1214].
Lurungtengah Nyai Ageng, eldest daughter of Kyai Ageng Séla [134].
Luyu village [860, 863].

M

Mabélah Daèng, leader of the Company's Muslim troops [1281, 1369].
Macan 1. Kyai, small gong of Sunan Kudus [103].
Macan 2. Pun, Cik, Encik, one of the leaders of the Pasisir Chinese [1218, 1222, 1224, 1242, 1322, 1325, 1336, 1338, 1339].
Macanbawuk crack troops [1251].
Macanguguh Kyai, heirloom horse bit [260, 1345].
Macankuning Panji, Balinese commander [393].
Macanlola Ranga, mantri of Sasranagara [1017].
Madéganda = Kartasari.
Madiyun 1. bupati, Pangéran, = Pangéran Timur.
Madiyun domain [130, 278-286, 289-291, 293, 295, 300, 306, 329, 348, 349, 739, 862, 863, 1008, 1016-1018, 1021-1024, 1033, 1103, 1110, 1112-1114, 1159, 1291, 1292, 1350, 1351, 1353, 1357, 1360, 1361, 1378, 1382].
Madura domain [180, 274, 339, 341, 359, 360-362, 434-436, 445, 450, 452, 510, 669, 773, 791, 795, 798, 802, 810, 812-814, 825, 832, 833, 835, 837, 843, 846, 848, 849, 866, 875, 879, 883, 894, 928, 945, 953, 965-970, 973, 975, 980, 995, 997-999,

1003-1005, 1050, 1110, 1112, 1114, 1145, 1152, 1159, 1175, 1238, 1276, 1282, 1286, 1290, 1295, 1299, 1354, 1368].
Madurese [436, 442, 445, 453-457, 459, 460, 463-465, 468, 477, 479, 497, 504, 506, 511, 512, 514-517, 524, 525, 528-530, 669, 674, 676, 677, 786, 811, 8128, 829, 833, 838, 843, 845, 857, 860, 866, 868, 895, 965, 998, 1003, 1076, 1113, 1114, 1130, 1139, 1238, 1251, 1286-1289, 1291-1295, 1297, 1352, 1368].
Maduretna 1. Panembahan, = Trunajaya.
Maduretna 2. Ratu, Radèn Ajeng Sitisundari, younger sister of Pakubuwana II [1175], married to Pangéran Cakraningrat 3 [1345], sent to Madura [1348], tries to flee the kraton [1155], caught by the Chinese [1159].
Maésanular Kyai, kris given by Brawijaya to Kyai Ageng Tarub 3 [76], given to Pakubuwana I [472], copied by Mangkurat II [699].
Magetan domain [1103, 1104, 1110, 1187, 1248, 1347, 1350, 1352, 1357, 1373, 1378, 1379, 1382].
Magiri = Imagiri.
Mahadéwa Bathara, son of Bathara Guru [1].
Mahapungung Sri, son of Suwélacala [19].
Majalegi village [848, 850].
Majapahit [37-40, 44, 46, 47, 49, 52, 53, 60, 61, 76, 79, 81, 82, 87-89, 96, 107, 119, 676, 677, 955].
Majaranu village [929].
Majasanga village [1343].
Majasem village [1376].
Majasta Ki Buyut, father of Ki Wila [120], accompanies Jaka Tingkir [121], [125].
Majenang village [124, 1187, 1190].
Makamdawa village [1345].
Makassarese [254, 438, 440-442, 445-448, 453-456, 481, 484, 491, 502, 503, 506, 516, 525-527, 574, 583, 815, 938, 1215, 1246, 1284, 1299, 1304].
Makincing Dhaèng, subordinate chief of Kraèng Galésung [437, 453].
Maktal son of Watugunung [3].
Malaka [55, 56].
Malang 1. in Pekalongan, also Pamalang [57, 592, 1090, 1246, 1304, 1330].
Malang 2. in Pasuruhan, also Pamalang [274, 338, 879, 884, 885, 890, 893, 1117-1121, 1146, 1149].
Malang 3. Ratu, Ratu Wétan, daughter of Ki Wayah, wife of Ki Dalem, mother of Natabrata [414, 419], concubine of Mangkurat I [415], dies [416].

- Malangsumirang** bupati in Pranaraga under Pangéran Jayaraga [325].
- Malaya** 1. Demang, Adipati of Sampang, killed by Pangéran Danupaya (Alit) [408], father of Trunajaya [431, 434].
- Malaya** 2. place on Madura [1003].
- Maléla** Kyai, kris given by Brawijaya to Kyai Ageng Tarub 3, cursed [76].
- Malinjon** village [551, 1097, 1098, 1100].
- Maloka** Nyai Ageng, daughter of Sunan Ampèl-denta, mother-in-law of Radèn Patah [62].
- Manahil** son of Watugunung [3].
- Manangèng** village [1244].
- Manca** Mas, Tumenggung Mancanagara, son of Ki Jombaléka, disciple of Ki Buyut Banyubiru [119, 120, 122], patih of Pajang [136], goes to Kudus [145], envoy to Mataram [213, 215, 218, 219].
- Mancanagara** Tumenggung, = Mas Manca.
- Mandaraka** 1. Adipati, = Jurumartani.
- Mandaraka** 2. Adipati Arya, envoy of Mangkurat II to Batavia [485, 491-494], becomes patih [495, 597, 507-510], dies [518, 520].
- Mandaraka** 3. Ngabèhi, uncle of Radèn Sukra, kills the latter [734].
- Mandhalika** Radèn Arya, patih of Pakubuwana I [479], incites him against Mangkurat II [545, 547, 549], commander [552], killed in battle [556].
- Mandhasiya** son of Watugunung [3, 1177].
- Mandura** 1. Pangéran, eldest son of Adipati Mandaraka (Jurumartani), father of Pangéran Mandurareja and Pangéran Upasanta, dies, buried in Gambiran [329, 333].
- Mandura** 2. Pangéran Arya, inspects fort after surrender [1279], sent to Tegal [1296], dies in battle [1304, 1305].
- Mandura** 3. Arya, follower of Sunan Kuning [1366].
- Mandurareja** 1. Pangéran, son of Pangéran Mandura [329], for a while allied with Adipati Pajang [355, 357], commander of the failed attack on Jakarta [378-380, 382, 384-386, 389], killed by Sultan Agung [390].
- Mandurareja** 2. Adipati, Tumenggung, sent by Mangkurat III to support Demak [800, 813], stays loyal to Mangkurat III [859], extradited and demoted by Pakubuwana I [890].
- Mandurareja** 3. Arya, sent by Mangkurat IV to assist Tumenggung Mangkuyuda 3 in Kedhu [1090].
- Mangaré** island [510, 514, 1290].
- Mangkubumi** 1. Pangéran, Radèn Jambu, son of Kyai Pamanahan [137], raised in rank [263], installs Panembahan Krapyak [316, 318], father of Adipati Sokawati and Bagus Péthak [329].
- Mangkubumi** 2. Adipati, Radèn Wirataruna, servant of Pakubuwana I [479].
- Mangkubumi** 3. Pangéran, Radèn Santareja, defeats the army of Pangéran Blitar 3 and Panembahan Purbaya 2 [1083].
- Mangkubumi** 4. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Sujana, son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank, marries Radèn Ajeng Manik from Madiyun [1159], receives apanage [1162], kliwon santana [1175], prophecies about his future [1179, 1186], seconded to Pringgalaya against the Madurese [1294, 1297], recalled [1312], deployed against the Chinese [1340, 1341], flees to Mataram [1349], refuses to submit to Sunan Kuning [1354], flees to the Company in Semarang [1355].
- Mangkudirana** Ngabèhi, kliwon of Bumi [1232].
- Mangkujaya** [1382].
- Mangkukusuma** = Radèn Tumenggung Mangkupraja.
- Mangkunagara** 1. Pangéran, = Pangéran Wiramenggala.
- Mangkunagara** 2. Pangéran Dipati Anom, = Mangkurat IV.
- Mangkunagara** 3. Pangéran Riya (Arya), Mas Baladho, Radèn Mas Damar, son of Mangkurat IV with a concubine [779], marries Radèn Ajeng Wulan a daughter of Pangéran Blitar 3, adopted by Pangéran Purbaya, receives title Pangéran Riya Mangkunagara [914], becomes Pangéran Adipati Anom under Pangéran Blitar 3 [1045], defeated by Brikman [1073, 1074], at Mrebung [1091, 1097], flees [1102], sent to Kartasura after the surrender and exile to Batavia of Panembahan Purbaya [1141, 1142], given his old name back and an apanage [1143], his brothers [1150], his father wants him to divorce [1151], excluded from the succession [1152, 1155], the king visits his residence [1156-1158], Radèn Ajeng Wulan becomes his main wife [1159], [1160], his children, the prediction of the future greatness of

his son Radèn Mas Said [1164], his wife Radèn Ajeng Wulan dies [1165], accused of having an affair with one of the king's wives and exiled [1166], sees Danureja in Batavia [1169], request to have him exiled to Ceylon [1171], rescues the exiled Danureja on his way to Ceylon [1186].

Mangkunagara 4. Pangéran, Radèn Sumawijaya, bupati of Madiyun [1350, 1361, 1378, 1379, 1382].

Mangkuningrat Pangéran, = Pangéran Tepasana.

Mangkupraja 1. Adipati, Kyai Banyakpatra, Tumenggung Kartanagara, patih lebet of Pakubuwana I [810], deposed [912], conquers Winongan [915], fight for Jipang [927-929, 932, 935], heads for Surabaya [940-943], his scribe Carik Bajra demanded by the king [950], after defeat at Sapanjang flees to Semarang [961, 962], again patih lebet [1029], promoted to Adipati Mangkupraja, campaigns against Pangéran Blitar 3 [1047], receives Brikman 1059], conquers Kartasekar [1071, 1072], returns to Kartasura [1076], attacks Mrebung [1090], commander [1111], dies 1120], his son made bupati with the title Tumenggung Kartanagara [1122].

Mangkupraja 2. Radèn Tumenggung, Mangkukusuma, brother of Tumenggung Mangkuyuda, appointed bupati of Bumija [1202], joins the pursuit of Pangéran Wiramenggala [1264, 1266-1268], joins the march against Semarang [1283], joins the fake attack on the Chinese [1308], with Pringgalaya against the Chinese [1319], sent against the Chinese at Salatiga [1336], defeated at Kaligandhu and flees [1339], sent out by Sunan Kuning against Kaliwungu, deployed at Ungaran and Lemahabang [1371, 1381].

Mangkurat Patih, Ki Wanapala, patih of Radèn Patah [90], dies, succeeded by his son Wanasalam [109].

Mangkurat I Susuhunan Mangkurat Sênapati ing Alaga Abdurrahman Sayidin Patatagama, Pangéran Adipati Anom, Pangéran Adipati Arya Mataram, son of Sultan Agung, son-in-law of Pangéran Pekik, succeeds as king [399, 400], builds a new kraton in Plèrèd [402], orders an attack on Blambangan [402], defeats his brother Pangéran Danupaya (Alit) [403-410], kills Pangéran Silarong [413], takes Ratu Malang as concubine [414-416], has 5 children [417], last king in Mataram [419], changes in character

[429], defeats against the Makassarrese [437-449], sends his son Mangkurat II against the Makassarrese [450, 459], flees to Banyumas [466-468], dies in Pasiraman [471-473], buried in Tegalwangi [474].

Mangkurat II Susuhunan Mangkurat Sênapati ing Ngalaga Ngabdurrahman Sayidin Panatagama, Pangéran Adipati Anom, eldest son of Mangkurat I and the princess from Surabaya [417], will ruin Mataram [419], love affair with the wife of Pangéran Singasari 2 [422], refuses to marry the daughter of the bupati of Cirebon [423], affair with Rara Oyi, exiled to Lipura [424-428], Panembahan Kajoran offers him the help of Trunajaya [430-436], sent out against Trunajaya 450-452], defeated [453-455], marches against Kajoran [459, 460], marches against the attackers of Mataram [464, 465], refuses to reconquer Mataram [471-472], succeeds his father (rumour of poisoning) [473], wants to make pilgrimage to Mecca, cancelled because of his dream [481, 482], succeeds as Mangkurat II [483], has the flower Wijayakusuma fetched [485], asks Batavia for help [485], goes to Tegal [486], receives the Dutch [491-494], to Jepara [499], marches against the Madurese [510-512], captures Kadhiri [517-525], has Tranajaya captured, kills him personally [526-537], goes to Surabaya [538], rumored to be the son of the Dutch admiral [539], defeats Pandhita Giri and others who spread the rumor [540], decides to move the kraton [542, 543], summons in vain Pakubuwana I [544-550], defeats him [551-559], reconciliation [562-570], takes Wiranagara (Surapati) into service [596, 570, 601], the latter's faked rebellion [605-607, 612-638], rewards him with Pasuruhan [629], settles his differences with Selupdriansah [631-636], has Tumenggung Martapura killed [638-650], crushes rebellion of Panembahan Kajoran and Wanakusuma [653-665], fake attack on Wiranagara (Surapati) [666-679], instructs his son Mangkurat III [680], marries him to his cousin Radèn Ayu Lembah [685-687], has Pakubuwana I (Pangéran Puger) remove the disasters that befell Kartasaura [688-690], allows Panembahan Cakraningrat to flee from Pasuruhan [695-697], has models made of heirloom weapons [699, 700] embellishes the

town of Kartasura and has a new mosque built [701, 702], has Radèn Sukra killed [727-734], adopts Radèn Ayu Impun and a niece of Radèn Ayu Puger [735], demanded payment of the war costs by the Governor General [737,738], new attack on Wiranagara [739], ill [740], dies [746, 747], buried in Magiri [748].

Mangkurat III Susuhunan, Sénapati ing Alaga Sayidin Panatagama, Pangéran Adipati Anom, Mangkurat Mas, Pun Kencèt (the cripple); son of Mangkurat II, taught by the latter [680], marries his cousin Radèn Ayu Lembah [685-687], changes the name of her brother [691-694], Radèn Ayu Lembah flees to her father's home [698], maltreats Radèn Sukra [703-706], informs on Radèn Ayu Lembah [720], 4 children [741], marries Radèn Ayu Impun [742], succeeds his father [749-751], informs the Dutch of his succession [754], has Pakubuwana I temporarily locked up because of the rebellion of Radèn Suryakusuma [756-760], redirects the Dutch black magician to Pakubuwana I [763], makes many enemies [767-773], allows Panembahan Cakraningrat to go to Madura [774], has Jangrana I pursue Pakubuwana I [781], has Wirawangsa killed and Suryakusuma locked up [793, 794], countermeasures against the rebellion of Pakubuwana I [800], frees Radèn Suryakusuma [807], defeated [845], follows the advice of Pangéran Arya Mataram and flees to Kaduwang [846, 847], goes via Laroh [857], behaves intolerably in Pranaraga [861], to Madiyun and Kadhiri [862, 863], surrenders after a long flight and taken to Batavia [876-879, 885-891].

Mangkurat IV Susuhunan Prabu Sénapati ing Alaga, Ngabdurrahman Sayidin Panatagama, Radèn Mas Surya, son of Pakubuwana I [681], renamed Radèn Mas Suryaputra [691], Mangkurat III changes his name to Radèn Wangsataruna [691], father of Pangéran Riya Mangkunagara, flees with Pakubuwana I [779], becomes Pangéran Adipati Anom [810], seduces the wife of Ngabèhi Martayuda [818-822], receives appanage [859], his son [914], succeeds his father [1028], orders Adipati Danureja to continue the war, promotions and demotions [1029], measures against Pangéran Blitar 3 and Pangéran Purbaya [1030], has Adipati Danureja arrested

[1058], receives Brikman [1059], has Pangéran Érucakra pursued [1065, 1066], has the army attack Purbaya and Blitar 3 [1079-1076], frees Danureja [1078], takes Tumenggung Tohjaya into service [1084, 1085], raises Danureja in rank [1089], dispatches Tumenggung Tohjaya against Adipati Natapura [1098], raises Adipati Mangkupraja's son in rank and nullifies the appointment of Ngabèhi Martapura as bupati of Semarang [1122-1127], sends Danureja to Semarang [1129], decision to drive Purbaya from Lumajang [1130], wishes to have Purbaya killed, but the Dutch intervene and he is exiled to Batavia [1141], insists on having his son Radèn Mas Lindu returned [1147], makes a pilgrimage to Mataram [1149], makes a pilgrimage to Butuh [1150], his children [115], becomes ill and dies [1151].

Mangkuyuda 1. Tumenggung, of Sampang, leader of Trunajaya's Madurese [453, 455], pathi of Trunajaya [462], captures the kraton of Mataram [468, 470], defeated, to Kadhiri [478, 502, 513], killed in battle [525].

Mangkuyuda 2. Tumenggung, Kyai Wangsacitra, appointed bupati in Kedhu by Mangkurat II [496], killed in action during the siege of Kadhiri [525], his sons Tumenggung Mangkuyuda 3 and Tumenggung Natayuda [538].

Mangkuyuda 3. Tumenggung, Kyai Buwang, son of Mangkuyuda 2 [496], in service of Mangkurat II, becomes bupati of Kedhu [538], defeats Raja Namrud and Pangéran Pamenang [571], sent out against Panembahan Kajoran, [645], sent by Mangkurat III to help Kaliwungu [800], fails in his mission [812], maintained by Pakubuwana I [859], defeated by Pangéran Blitar 3 and Pangéran Purbaya receives help [1075, 1090], escorts the Dutch commissioner [1185], escorts the returning family of the exiled Sunan Mangkurat Mas [1188], escorts the body of Ratu Kancana to Imagiri [1192], leads the vanguard of the army sent to Semarang [1283], advances on Semarang [1283, 1284], in the battles around Semarang [1298, 1308], part of the army of Pringgalaya [1319], sent against the Chinese at Salatiga, defeated after a fierce fight [1336, 1339, 1340].

Mangundara Radèn, pathi of Cakraningrat 3 [1238,

- 1290, 1293].
- Mangunjaya** 1. bupati installed by Adipati Pragola 2 [365], escapes and saves the latter's son Radèn Rangka [369].
- Mangunjaya** 2. Ngabèhi, mantri of Surabaya, father of the girl Oyi [420, 424].
- Mangunjaya** 3. Radèn, = Pangéran Cakranagara
- Mangunjaya** 4. Ki, Radèn, guides Pakubuwana II to Magetan, asks permission to return to Kartasura as a spy [1347], reports by letter [1351], = Mangunjaya 5?
- Mangunjaya** 5. Radèn, Sumawijaya, son in law of Adipati Suradiningrat of Pranaraga, appointed bupati in Pamagetan [1357], in conflict with his uncle Sumaningrat [1373], appointed bupati of Kaduwang with the title Radèn Mangunrana [1382], = Mangunjaya 4?.
- Mangunnagara** 1. joins Adipati Martapura in guarding Jepara [438]. stays loyal to Mangkurat III on his flight [859], extradited and demoted by Pakubuwana I [890].
- Mangunnagara** 2. Tumenggung, Kyai Martadipa, becomes wadana gedhong [1029], informs the Dutch about the attack of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1037], conquers Tembayat together with Tumenggung Tohjaya [1100], sends the rebel from Nusatembini to the Kapatihan [1149], shocked by the dismissal of Raden Tumenggung Sumabrata [1161], mentioned by the Governor General [1171], escorts the body of Ratu Pakubuwana to Imagiri [1177], escorts the Dutch envoy to Semarang [1185], escorts the returning family of the exiled Sunan Mangkurat Mas [1188], escorts the body of Ratu Kencana to Imagiri [1192], becomes bupati Sèwu [1207], part of the attack party on the fort of Kartasura [1270], killed in the attempt [1272], succeeded by his son [1276].
- Mangunnagara** 3. Tumenggung, son of Tumenggung Mangunnagara 2 [1276], joins the march on Semarang [1283, 1308], joins Pringgalaya [1319, 1322, 1323], deploys with Pringgalaya at Ambuh [1337], deploys at Tanawas [1338].
- Mangunoneng** 1. Tumenggung, conquers Surabaya for Sultan Agung [363, 364].
- Mangunoneng** 2. Tumenggung, Wija: appointed bupati of Pathi by Mangkurat II [510], part of de party sent out to kill Tumenggung Martapura [642, 645, 646].
- Mangunoneng** 3. Tumenggung, former bupati of Pathi, follower of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1042], captures Pathi, submits to Patih Danureja, becomes bupati in Pathi [1056], plays a duplicitous role in the capture of Pangéran Arya Mataram [1081, 1106-1108], killed [1149].
- Mangunoneng** 4. Tumenggung, Rangka Pramana, Dipati ing Pathi, bupati of Pathi, dismissed [1170], chief in Siti Ageng, asked by Pangéran Purbaya to find a wife for the Sunan, bungles it [1194], a chief of the night guards [1162], guardian of Radèn Sumadiwirya, a son of Patih Natakusuma and prospective bupati of Pekalongan [1262], promoted to Rangka Pramana in Pekalongan [1283], told by patih Natakusuma to raise a rebellion in Pathi and install Mas Garendi as king [1311], occupies Pathi [1314], joins Martapura, becomes patih of Mas Garendi with the title Dipati ing Pathi [1315], re-enacts the installation of Mas Garendi as Sunan Kuning [1316], drawn battle at Layapan [1321], watches over Sunan Kuning in Gubug [1322, 1327], informs Patih Natakusuma of the installation of Radèn Mas Garendi [1330], decides with Martapura to continue the revolt and to march on Kartasura [1336, 1338-1340], the first to enter Kartasura, collects the women of the kraton [1342, 1348, 1351], sets up a new administration [1354], under attack by troops from Pranaraga [1358], first time routed [1366], conflict with Martapura about his letter to Cakraningrat [1368], Martapura steals his dagger, considers to offer his submission to the Company [1369], Sapanjang confronts him about his supposed submission to the Company [1371], sends a letter to Pranaraga [1375], receives reply from Pranaraga [1379].
- Mangunrana** Radèn, = Radèn Magunjaya 2.
- Mangunyuda** 1. Radèn, brother of Sumaningrat 2 [1373].
- Mangunyuda** 2. Ngabèhi, kliwon (Siti Ageng Tengen?) [1263, 1270].
- Manik** Radèn Ajeng, marries Pangéran Mangkubumi 4 [1159].
- Manila** Ki Gedhé, also called Tumenggung Wilatikta (=Majapahit), father of Kalijaga, father-in-law of Sunan Ampèdenta [53].

- Mantili** Putri [1269].
- Mantu** Encik, Chinese leader [1366].
- Manumanasa** son of Parikenan [19].
- Manyaran** village [1103].
- Maospati** Tumenggung, follower Sunan Kuning [1371, 1372].
- Marakèh** son of Watugunung [3].
- Maréwa** Dhaèng, deputy chief of the Makassarese [437, 453, 455, 462, 470].
- Martabaya** Ki, panèket official of the Gedhong corps, fights wild buffalo [1206].
- Martadipa** Kyai, = Tumenggung Mangunnagara
- Martajaya** = Tumenggung Éndranata 2.
- Martajiwa** court official [1345].
- Martakusuma** 1. = Tumenggung Sujanapura 4.
- Martakusuma** 2. = Radèn Mas Sambiya, also Ambiya, second son of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara, younger brother of Radèn Mas Said [1165], promoted [1280].
- Martalaya** 1. bupati, Saradipa, brother of Pangéran Mas, bupati of Kadhiri [308], sent to evict Pangéran Jayaraga 326], commander of Sultan Agung against Wirasaba [343, 345-347, 353], conquers Pasuruhan [354].
- Martalaya** 2. Adipati; bupati of Tegal, where he buries Mangkurat I, ordered to build a ship for Mangkurat II [481], objects to asking the help of the Dutch [484, 486], quarrels with a Dutch officer [493], sent on a mission to Kraèng Galésong [502, 504], killed at the request of the Dutch [507-509].
- Martalaya** 3. Radèn, Pangéran, bupati of Madiyun, given the title Pangéran [1350], sends a spy to Kartasura [1351], in action against the Chinese [1361], in action against Pamagetan [1378, 1379, 1382].
- Martalulut** group of court officials responsible for executions [371, 901, 1275].
- Martaganagara** patih of Wirasastra of Demak [1369, 1370].
- Martapura** 1. Radèn Mas, son of Panembahan Krapyak, succeeds him for a short time [329-331].
- Martapura** 2. Kyai Adipati, Ngabèhi Wangsadipa, receives Jepara, his sons [438, 443], defends Jepara against Trunajaya [451, 456, 457], receives the Dutch allies of Mangkurat II [498-500], raised in rank [501], joins the mission to Kraèng Galésong [502, 504], kills Martalaya, dies himself as well [509].
- Martapura** 3. Tumenggung, Kyai Jiwaraga; mediates between Mangkurat II and Commander Selupdriansah, becomes bupati of Jepara killed at the request of the Dutch and his family banished [633-652].
- Martapura** 4. Tumenggung, Tumenggung Sujanapura, bupati of Grobogan, reports on the activities of the Chinese in the Pasisir [1218], disagrees with Adipati Jayaningrat and wants to support the Chinese, sent back to Grobogan to secretly support the Chinese [1219], summons the Chinese leaders [1222], pretends to help the Company [1224, 1225], Patih Natakusuma initially misunderstands the ruse, but then praises him [1226, 1227], feels relieved by the response of the patih [1229], faked fight with the troops from Kartasura [1235], another faked fight and it becomes known that Martapura has changed sides [1242, 1243, 1246], defuses the situation around the killing of the Chinese scribe [1252, 1253], handles the situation of Pangéran Wiramenggala who had fled to the Chinese, and agrees to disagree with Adipati Jayaningrat [1267-1269, 1275], attacks Semarang [1283, 1284, 1298], remains resolved to support the Chinese even though the Sunan has switched to support the Company [1307], sent by the patih with a letter to Kartasura, but feeling suspicious returns to Grobogan at night [1310], proclaims Radèn Mas Garendi as king [1313], joins with Mangunoneng 4, receives title Tumenggung Sujanapura (barely used in the text) [1315], a drawn battle with the patih [1321], meets the attack of Arya Pringgabaya [1322-1325], fights a winning battle against the vanguard of Patih Natakusuma [1327], sends a letter to Natakusuma to request orders [1330], receives the news of the arrest of Natakusuma, decides to march on Kartasura [1336], employs a ruse at Kampak [1338], temporizes the attack on Kartasura [1339], writes a letter to Mangkuyuda 3 to undermine his resolve [1340], final push on Kartasura [1342], enters Kartasura [1348], takes authority over Mataram [1354], discusses who to send against the enemy at Nguter [1358], conflict with Mangunoneng 4, steals his cherished dagger [1368, 1369], informs

- on Mangunoneng 4's attempt to submit to the Company [1371].
- Martasana** 1. Adipati, son of Pangéran Pringgalaya [329].
- Martasana** 2. Pangéran, son of Mangkurat I [417], sent to help reconquering Mataram [472], dies [480].
- Martasana** 3. Adipati, Radèn Rangga, follower of Pakubuwana I [479].
- Martasana** 4. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Utara, son of Mangkurat IV, marries Radèn Ajeng Jèmbel [1159], receives apanage [1162], divorces [1170], name changed to Pangéran Arya Dipanagara, becomes kliwon santana [1175].
- Martasana** = 4. Pangéran, Radèn Mas (S)utara, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Arya Dipanagara.
- Martasura** 5. Tumenggung, ordered by Panembahan Purbaya to subject Banyumas [1046].
- Martataruna** 1. Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Dipasanta
- Martataruna** 2. Radèn, arrests the deposed bupati of Batang [1254], chief of the Jayamengala corps [1320].
- Martatrana** court official [1346]. = Martataruna 2?
- Martawangsa** Radèn, bupati of Pranaraga, castrated by Mangkurat III, rises in rebellion against the latter [861, 862].
- Martayuda** 1. Embok, wife of Ngabèhi Martayuda, has an affair with Mangkurat IV [819-822].
- Martayuda** 2. Ngabèhi, scribe of Pakubuwana I, son of Suraadimengala, his wife has an affair with Mangkurat IV [819-822], also called nephew and son-in-law of Suraadimengala, his appointment as bupati of Semarang cancelled by Mangkurat IV [1123, 1124, 1126, 1127], returns to Semarang [1285].
- Martayuda** 3. Ki, follower of Patih Natakusuma [1331].
- Mas** 1. Lieutenant, son of Adipati Suradimengala of Semarang [1214].
- Mas** 2. Ensign, son of Adipati Suradimengala of Semarang [1214].
- Mas** 3. Sergeant, son of Adipati Suradimengala of Semarang [1214].
- Mas** 4. Encik, Chinese leader [1287, 1292].
- Mas** 5. Ratu, eldest daughter of Radèn Patah, married to Pangéran Cirebon [109].
- Mas** 6. Pangéran, bupati of Kadhiri, four brothers, dies [300].
- Mas** 7. Ratu Mas, = Ratu Kancana 4.
- Masahar** Kyai Buyut, overseer of the rice fields, raises Kyai Ageng Tarub 3 (Bondhankajawan) [63, 64], who follows him to Majapahit and later entrusts him to Kyai Ageng Tarub 2.
- Masaran** village in Gunung Kidul [755].
- Masjidséla** in Nusakambangan, place of exile of Pangéran Jayaraga [327], wijayakusuma flower [490].
- Mataram** 1. Arya, brother of Arya Panangsang, disappears [159, 164].
- Mataram** 2. Kyai Ageng, = Kyai Pamanahan.
- Mataram** 3. Pangéran Adipati Arya, = Mangkurat I.
- Mataram** 4. Tumenggung, sent out against Blambangan [402, 411, 412].
- Mataram** 5. Pangéran Arya, Pangéran Arya Panular, Sunan Kuning; younger brother of Pakubuwana I [479], carries the regalia [552], promoted and receives apanage [629], pays respect to Mangkurat II's body [746], dispatched by Mangkurat III against Pakubuwana I [838, 839], submits to him [841], fakes a flight [842, 844, 845], advises Mangkurat III to flee [846], back to Pakubuwana I [847, 848], maintained in his position by the latter [859]. After the latter's death proclaims Mangkurat IV [1027 1028], advises against Pangéran Blitar's plans to revolt [1031, 1032], rises in rebellion in Pathi [1057], as Sunan Kuning captured by Brikman with the help of Tumenggung Mangunoneng 3 and killed [1081, 1106-1109].
- Mataram** 6. Pangéran Arya, Radèn Mas Pamadé, younger brother of Pakubuwana II, promoted and receives apanage [1161, 1162], deployed in Banyudana [1340], flees to Mataram [1349], submits to Sunan Kuning [1354].
- Mataram** 7. [63, 153-155, 161, 163, 164, 166-171, 173-175, 178, 179, 183, 185-191, 194-197, 202, 203, 209-216, 219, 230-232, 234, 238, 239, 244-248, 251, 253, 259-262, 265, 269-275, 277-279, 281, 283, 287, 291, 298-309, 311, 312, 314-316, 318-323, 325-327, 331-335, 338-350, 352-357, 359-375, 377, 379, 383, 390, 391, 394-396, 400, 401, 403, 406-408, 410-412, 414, 416, 419-422, 426, 429-431, 433-437, 439-442, 445-455, 457-460, 462-466, 470, 472, 473, 475-481, 483, 488, 489, 503, 512-514, 523, 529, 539, 542, 545, 548, 551, 590, 688, 689, 701, 736, 755, 801,

- 802, 908, 909, 1029, 1039, 1043, 1044, 1047, 1058, 1060, 1061, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1072, 1077, 1083, 1086, 1091, 1092, 1102, 1149, 1169, 1170, 1192, 1201, 1204, 1207, 1218, 1269, 1285, 1327, 1331, 1339, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1354, 1358, 1362].
- Mataram** 8. Haji, [1296].
- Mataun** 1. Tumenggung, Kyai Sangka, patih, later bupati of Jipang, previously a servant of Pakubuwana I [1006], takes Kyai Wangsawana with him to Danureja [1179], asks about the rebellious Chinese in the Pasisir [1218], invited by Adipati Jayaningrat to discuss the situation [1220], joins the army of Pringgalaya to Salatiga [1247, 1248, his role in the killing of scribe Ham [1250-1253], faces the Madurese in Jipang and defeats them [1287, 1289], defeated and killed [1291, 1292], his son succeeds him [1297].
- Mataun** 2. Tumenggung, bupati of Jipang, son of Tumenggung Mataun 1 [1297], joins Pakubuwana II in Pranaraga [1353].
- Mataun** 3. Kyai, patih of Jipang, killed [157-159, 161, 162].
- Mayang** Tumenggung, married to daughter of Kyai Pamanahan [137, 170], father of Radèn Pabélan [220, 224, 228], sent to Semarang, abducted by Sénapati [230].
- Mayang** village near Pajang [238].
- Medhangkungan** son of Watugunung [3].
- Mega** Ki, follower of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1201].
- Megatsari** Radèn, bupati of Pathi [1159, 1314].
- Melambang** village where Panembahan Kajoran stays [653-655].
- Memenang** village [1353, 1356, 1366].
- Mendhang** mythical realm [2, 12].
- Menjanganbang** ruby of Ratu Kalinyamat, given to Kyai Pamanahan [166].
- Merapi** Mount, abode of spirits [18, 36, 203, 204, 232-234, 399, 422, 790, 807, 1047, 1201, 1204].
- Mesir** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Dipasanta
- Mirmagati** knows five languages, sent with the mission to Galésong [502, 504].
- Mlayakusuma** Arya, second cousin of Pakubuwana II, grandson of Pangéran Arya Mataram by his son Suryataruna, goes by the name Mas Surata, called Radèn Tirtakusuma, promoted to bupati Siti Ageng next to Arya Pringgalaya [1175], to Semarang to welcome Dutch envoy [1182], role in the Tepasana killing [1254, 1257, 1260, 1261, 1263], pursues the escaped Pangéran Wiramenggala [1264-1268, 1275, 1276], joins siege of Semarang [1283], his guns captured by Company, fails to recapture them [1285], his lines broken by Company [1298], informed that the Sunan switched support to Company [1308], joins the attack of Arya Pringgalaya on Grobogan, defeated [1319, 1322, 1323], recalled to Kartasura, redeployed to Kampak [1337, 1338], in the service of Sunan Kuning ordered to meet the attack from Kaduwang [1366], suspected of wanting to switch sides [1367], leads attack on Pranaraga [1382].
- Mrebung** village, [1082, 1090, 1091, 1094, 1097, 1102].
- Mudha Cupyan** Chinese leader [1235, 1239], blocks road between Semarang and Kartasura [1247], dispatches scribe Ham [1250-1253], ordered to attack Semarang [1371].
- Mudha Tik** = Etik 1.
- Muhammad** Ki, of Majasem, father-in-law of Ki Durahman [1376].
- Mum** Commandant, commander of the Company army [1380].
- Mundhingsari** son of Banjaransari [21].
- Mundhingwangi** son of Mundhingsari [21].
- Mungkung** River, village [1009, 1012, 1017].
- Mur** Captain, buyer of Wiranagara (Untung Surapati), his daughter seduced by the latter [573-575].
- Muruh** village [1358].

N

- Naba** Kraèng, major of the Makassarese and Ambonese auxiliaries for Mangkurat II, brother of Galésong, persuades him to defect [491, 502-505].
- Nagasari** village [1349].
- Naladirja** of Gresik, with Pakubuwana II on his flight [1346], accompanies Captain Orgondrop to Surabaya and Semarang [1367, 1377], joins him on his expedition to Brankas, as messenger to Pranaraga, sent back with letter to Semarang [1380, 1382].
- Nambi** Ki, brother of the widow of Kaligunting, mantri of Radèn Susuruh [33].
- Namèngyuda** kraton corps [1344].

Namrud Raja, rebel whose support Pakubuwana I temporarily seeks, killed [560, 571].

Narada Sang Hyang, messenger of Bathara Guru [2, 8-13, 15-18].

Narantaka corps of soldiers [1262, 1296, 1321].

Natabrata Pangéran, son of Ratu Malang [419], claims that Mangkurat II is a son of the admiral 547-549].

Natadiningrat Tumenggung, eldest son of Panembahan Cakradiningrat, sent out against Tugu (= Sasranagara 2? = Suradiningrat?) [810, 811].

Natadirja = Radèn Sukra

Natakusuma 1. Pangéran, Radèn Anggayuda; santana of Pakubuwana I [479], believes that Mangkurat II and Pakubuwana I are really brothers and stays with Mangkurat II [547-549], defects to Pakubuwana I [847], maintained by the latter [859], dies, succeeded by his son Pangéran Arya Pringgalaya [908].

Natakusuma 2. Adipati, Radèn, Radèn Natawijaya, son of Pangéran Pringgalaya, of Mataram, becomes panèwu pamijèn [1029], conquers Tembayat together with Tumenggung Tohjaya [1100], deployed in Magetan and the forest of Gegelang [1104, 1110], at the arrest of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara [1166, 1167], marries a younger sister of Ratu Kancana [1170, 1174], promoted to patih with the title Adipati Natakusuma [1183], sent to Batavia [1187], again sent to Batavia to pick up the children of Mangkurat Mas [1188], in the shadow of Pangéran Purbaya [1190], reports on the opposition against Pangéran Purbaya [1195, 1196], consulted about the handling of Pangéran Purbaya [1200], guards the state during the Sunan's pilgrimage [1204], dismisses rumours about Pangéran Tepasana [1209], discusses the revolt of the Chinese and advises to support them in secret [1218, 1219], is angry with Tumenggung Martapura until he learns of his ruse [1227], reminds Martapura to keep matters secret [1229], cannot create unanimity among the bupati [1230], sends some troops at the request of the Dutch [1231], tells the Chinese in Kartasura to leave [1232], sends Adipati Jayaningrat with his troops to Semarang [1333, 1334], belatedly consults Adipati Cakraningrat who turns him down [1238], pleased about the the attack on Semarang

[1247], dispatches Pringgalaya and others to Salatiga [1248], has the dismissed Tumenggung of Batang and his younger brother arrested on the orders of the Sunan [1254], has Pangéran Tepasana and his younger brother Jayakusuma killed [1260, 1261], sends troops to pursue Pangéran Wiramenggala [1264], decision to attack the fort of Kartasura and to kill Wiramenggala [1270-1277], issues orders to attack all Company positions in Java [1282], advises to kill the Company officers in Kartasura [1283], stalemate in Semarang [1285], the Sunan orders him to lead the troops in Semarang himself and to send another army to face the Madurese [1294], marches off to Semarang [1296], fakes fights in Semarang, but defeated [1298], loses the support of the Sunan [1299], told to support the Company [1302], but still supports the Chinese [1303, lets the Chinese escape [1308], hatches a plan to put Mas Garendi on the throne [1311], summoned to Kartasura [1312], sent out again to Semarang [1318], fights to a draw at Layapan [1321], and again at Toyana [1327], Sunan decides to have him arrested by the Company [1329], thinks about changing sides, but then hands himself over to the Company [1331].

Natakusuma 3. Radèn Ayu, wife of Natakusuma 2 [1348].

Natapraja Panembahan, of Adilangu, taken along with Mangkurat II [517], kills Radèn Singasari of Giri [540].

Natapura 1. Adipati, Panji Surèngrana, younger brother of Jangrana I and Jayapuspita, bupati of Lamongan [810], leader in battle of Pakubuwana I [828, 834, 835], rewarded [840], advises Jangrana I to resist [898], pays homage in Kartasura [917], attacks in vain Gresik for Jayapuspita [921-924], conquers Sidayu and Tuban [926], tries to occupy Jipang, defeated [929-932, 934-937], driven out of Lamongan [949], defeats the troops near Sapanjang [961], receives Murah Panji Balèlèng in Lamongan [978], advises Jayapuspita to retreat [988, 989], defeats with others commander Gobyo [991, 992], defeated by Major Gustap [1000], objections to his 'panji' title [1007], raised in rank with the title Adipati Natapura by Panembahan Érucakra [1020], remains commander under Jayapuspita [1021],

- marries Mas Ayu Tiksnasari [1086], attacks Kartasura 1098], to Japan where Jayapuspita dies [1101], joins Panembahan Purbaya [1112-1114], flees with the latter to Lumajang [1131, 1139], surrenders together with Panembahan Purbaya and taken to Semarang [1140] exiled to Ceylon [1144].
- Natapura** 2. Radèn, son of Tumenggung Mataun of Jipang, bupati of Warung [1294].
- Natawijaya** Radèn, 1 = Adipati Natakusuma, 2 = son of Adipati Natakusuma [1298, 1331, 1348].
- Natayuda** 1. Tumenggung, Kyai Buwang, son of Mangkuyuda of Kedhu, taken into service by Mangkurat II [496], promoted [538], sent against Panembahan Kajoran [654], sent to support Kaliwungu by Mangkurat III [800], defeated [812], maintained by Pakubuwana I [859].
- Natayuda** 2. Radèn Tumenggung, bupati of Bumija, his daughter marries Pangéran Pamot [1159], escorts the body of Ratu Kancana to Imagiri [1192], replaces Pangéran Purbaya as kaparak tengen, but keeping his position as head of the jaksa, his position as bupati Bumija taken over by a brother of Tumenggung Mangkuyuda [1202], on the Sitinggil during the siege of the fort [1270, 1271], killed in the fight with the Company kraton guard [1273].
- Natayuda** 3. Tumenggung, son of 2? Follows Sunan Kuning [1346, 1371, 1372].
- Nawangsih** Rara, daughter of Kyai Ageng Tarub 2, marries Kyai Ageng Tarub 3 her foster brother [72, 78, 94, 95].
- Nawangwulan** Déwi, nymph, wife of Kyai Ageng Tarub 2, mother of Nawangsih [72, 73].
- Nayadarma** servant of Sultan Agung, kills Adipati Pragola 2 with pike Kyai Baru [367, 368].
- Nayahita** bupati in Pranaraga under Pangéran Jayaraga [325].
- Nayakarti** messenger of Sénapati Kadhiri to Sénapati [300].
- Nayamenggala** messenger [1302, 1366].
- Nayatrana** 1. mantri of Mangkurat I, sent out to search for a beautiful woman [420, 421].
- Nayatrana** 2. = Tumenggung Rajamanggala.
- Ngabèhi** 1. Pangéran, = Radèn Suryakusuma.
- Ngabèhi** 2. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Sandéya, son of Mangkurat IV [1150-1152, 1155], raised in rank, married [1159], receives apanage [1160], [left] wadana santana, apanage increased [1175], escorts commander [1187], stays in Kartasura to guard the king [1194], deployed at Banyudana [1340, 1341], flees to Mataram [1349] submits to Sunan Kuning [1354].
- Ngahu** Encik, subordinate of Sapanjang [1213].
- Ngalengka** [1269].
- Ngasem** = Asem.
- Ngawi** village [1110, 1111, 1353].
- Ngenis** Kyai Ageng, youngest child of Kyai Ageng Séla, father of Kyai Pamanahan, adopts Ki Panjawi, takes up residence in Lawiyan [134-136].
- Ngénta-énta** = Énta-énta.
- Ngerang** Kyai Ageng, son-in-law of Kyai Ageng Tarub 3, disciple of Sitijenar, friend of Kyai Ageng Pengging, meets Awijaya in Butuh, predicts his kingship [95, 98, 100, 102, 116, 123].
- Ngrakudan (Rangkudan)** village [1320, 1331].
- Ngusman** Daèng, leader of the Company's Muslim troops [1281].
- Nguter** Uter, village south of Kartasura [307, 1068, 1358, 1359, 1362, 1363, 1366, 1374, 1380]; near Demak [1321].
- Nindakarti** Kyai, = Tumenggung Binarong.
- Nirbaya** corps of soldiers [1296].
- Nirmala** corps of soldiers [1296].
- Nirwati** horse of Radèn Sukra [708].
- Nitinagara** Radèn Tumenggung, Rangka Wirakrama, envoy to Batavia, after his return raised in rank, becomes bupati Gedhong Kiwa [1161], escorts Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara to Semarang [1167], the Governor General questions his elevation [1171], relieved of his post, becomes panèwu jawi [1175].
- Nitipraja** Serat, book taught by Mangkurat II to his son [680].
- Nitisastra** Serat, book taught by Mangkurat II to his son [680].
- Nrangkusuma** Adipati, uncle of Mangkurat II, sent to Mataram 495, 496], sent out together with the Dutch [497, 510, 514, 519], becomes patih [520], builds the kraton in Kartasura [543], takes in Wiranagara (Surapati) [596-598, 601], told to side with Wiranagara against Tak [606-608], fights Tak [616, 617, 619, 623, 625, 628], joins Wiranagara to Pasuruhan [629, 630].
- Numbakanyar** one half of Pagèlèn [1270].
- Numbakcemeng** elite corps of Sénapati [297, 298].

Nurasa son of Nurcahya [1].

Nurcahya Son of Sis [1].

Nusakambangan = Bali, [485, 490, 945, 1131].

Nusatembini a rebel from, deceived by Danureja [1149].

Nyakrakusuma Prabu, Sunan, Santri Bonang, son of Sunan Ampeldenta, travels to Malaka [56], meets Sunan Kalijaga [58], advises to toss up again the package that fell from heaven [90], has two crises made of his staff [91-93, 287].

O

Ogwis Lieutenant in the party of Captain Orgondrop [1318].

Olor = Tunggulwulung [205].

Ompak River, [174, 204, 233, 234].

Onder Diprus Major, member of the welcoming committee for Patih Danureja [1169].

Ondorop 1. Sergeant, in Jepara [444].

Ondorop 2. = Orgondrop.

Ondrop = Orgondrop.

Onjé in Banyumas, Mangkurat III takes a concubine from there and elevates her to official wife [698, 708, 754].

Orgondhrop = Orgondrop.

Orgondrop Ondorop, Ondrop, Gondrop, Orgondhrop, Ensign, Captain, sent to meet Patih Natakusuma, offers himself as future captain in Kartasura [1311, 1312], to Kartasura [1318], sends letter to Semarang to ask for help [1332], receives wife [1335], advises to flee to Surabaya-Semarang, helps Pakubuwana II out of the kraton [1345, 1350], told to be nice to Adipati Suradiningrat [1353], advises Pakubuwana II not to refuse former servants [1363, 1364], decision to leave for Surabaya, Semarang, presented with sword by Pakubuwana II [1367], arrives in Surabaya [1377], in Semarang [1380], defeats Chinese in Ungaran and Grobogan [1380-1382].

Oyi Rara, daughter of Ngabèhi Mangunjaya, reserved by Mangkurat I, in the care of Ngabèhi Wirareja [420, 421], demanded by Pangéran Pekik 424-426], seduced by Mangkurat II [427], killed by order of Mangkurat I [428].

P

Pabélan Radèn, son of Tumenggung Mayang, seduces Ratu Sekarkadhaton, killed [220-229].

Pacé domain [1264, 1353].

Pacikeran part of the kraton [1149].

Pacitan domain [1008, 1347].

Pacukilan Kyai Ageng, father-in-law of Kyai Mas Dana, killed [909, 911].

Padèrèsan Kyai Ageng, = Kyai Ageng Giring.

Padmanagara Tumenggung, one of the three bupati of Demak, dispatched to 'support' Semarang [1233] sent back to Demak and told to support Mas Garendi once he had been proclaimed [1311, 1316], [1348], [1370].

Padonan = Pandonan.

Padureksa = Pangeran Tepasana.

Padurungan village near Semarang [1246, 1252].

Pagagakan village [1113].

Pagelèn domain [19, 196, 197, 472, 475, 476, 479, 488, 495, 558, 560, 561, 755, 758, 815, 1011, 1090, 1092, 1321, 1331, 1358].

Pagongan [902].

Pahang son of Watugunung [3].

Paiton River, [448].

Pajang 1. Adipati, wants to defect, plots rebellion with Pangéran Mandurareja [355-358, 363, 364].

Pajang 2. domain [90, 119, 129, 130, 135-138, 142, 143, 145-148, 158, 160, 161, 164, 167-170, 172, 179-181, 183, 185, 188-190, 192-194, 196-198, 203, 213-215, 217-220, 230-232, 234-239, 242-243, 245-249, 251-254, 256, 258-261, 270-272, 282, 301, 311, 314, 322, 350-353, 355-358, 363, 364, 372, 458, 462, 463, 479, 488, 542, 1012, 1046, 1265, 1327, 1339, 1346, 1347, 1362].

Pajangkungan domain [1282, 1354].

Pajarakan 1. invaded by the Makassarrese [437], 2. place near Taji [465].

Pakacangan [274, 344, 360, 1287].

Pakéling horse of Wiranagara (Surapati) [867].

Pakiringan village [1382].

Pakis Nyai Ageng, daughter of Getaspandhawa [95].

Pakisdadu Nyai Ageng, daughter of Kyai Ageng Séla [134].

Pakubuwana Ratu, main wife of Pakubuwana I, mother of Pangéran Blitar 3, Pangéran Purbaya, and Mangkurat IV [821, 1038, 1165, 1176-1178].

Pakubuwana I Susuhunan, Pangéran Puger, second son of Mangkurat I [417], given task to retake Mataram [472], sets himself up as king in Jenar (Purwaganda) with the title Susuhunan Ngalaga Ngabdurrahman Sayidin Panatagama [475, 476], defeats the Madurese, in Mataram [477, 479], refuses to recognize Mangkurat II [545, 546, 549], defeated twice near Kartasura [552-556, 558, 560-562], reconciliation [563, 564, 566, 567], takes again his former name of Pangéran Puger [570], sides with Wiranagara (Surapati) [604-607, 613, 617], kills Captain Tak [627, 628], advises Mangkurat II to maintain peace with the Dutch [632], kills Jayalalana [661, 664, 665], called a pillar of the state [680], marriage of the eldest of his twelve children Radèn Ajeng Lembah with Mangkurat III [681-683, 685, 687], frees Kartasura of plagues [688-690], orders his sons to be obedient to Mangkurat III [693], marriage of Radèn Ajeng Lembah a failure [692, 698], she is killed on his orders [720-726], wants to refuse payment of the war costs to the VOC [737], defeats Wiranagara, recalled [738, 739], sucks up the royal light of Mangkurat II [746, 747], proclaims Mangkurat III [750, 751], in detention because of the rebellion of Radèn Suryakusuma [756, 757], released [760], defeats the black magician of the Dutch [763-765], decides to rise in rebellion [768-773, 775], flees Kartasura [777-782], goes to Semarang [783-787], welcomed by Suraadimanggala and Captain Kenol [788-792], after many objections accepted by the Dutch [801-803, 805], proclaimed king with the title Susuhunan Pakubuwana Sénapati ing Ngalaga Ngabdurrahman, Sayidin Panatagama [808, 809], promotions [810], orders the reconquest of Kartasura [811], reconciles his scribe Ngabèhi Martayuda with his wife [821, 822], concludes a treaty with Sepilman without his advisers [823, 826, 827], defeats Tumenggung Sumabrata near Salahtiga [832-837], captures the kraton of Kartasura [849-851], promotions and demotions [859], expeditions to Pasuruhan and Malang [864, 875, 884], demands the surrender of heirlooms and opponents [886, 889, 890, 892, 893], new promotions and demotions [894], has Tumenggung Jangrana killed at the request of the Dutch [895-901], restores the

mosque of Demak [913], measures against the rebellion of Jayapuspita [919, 927, 939], takes Tumenggung Tirtawiguna into service as head of the scribes [950, 952], receives the news of the defeat near Surabaya [960], promotions [1006], takes at the request of the Dutch measures against Pangéran Purbaya [1011], sends Pangéran Blitar 3 and Pangéran Érucakra (Dipangara) against Jayapuspita and leaves him eastern Java [1012, 1013, 1019], becomes ill, arranges the succession, dies, buried in Magiri [1025-1027],

Pakubuwana II Susuhunan, Sénapati Ingalaga Ngabdurrahman Sayidin Panatadinan, Radèn Mas Prabayasa, Pangéran Adipati Anom, son of Mangkurat IV [1150, 1151], ascends the throne despite doubts about his age [1152-1154], his 26 brothers and sisters [1155], does not sit on the throne out of respect for Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara [1156], visits the house of the latter [1157, 1158], raises his siblings in rank [1159], raises the rest of his brothers in rank and gives them apanages [1161, 1162], the Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara affair, has the latter exiled [1164-1167], deeply distressed after the deaths of both his son and adopted son shuns his duties and even the queen, reunites with the queen who gives birth to the future crown prince [1176-1178], exiles Patih Danureja [1180-1182], receives the Dutch envoy [1182, 1185], sends Patih Natakusuma on an embassy to Batavia [1187], and again to pick up the descendants of Mangkurat III [1188], the rise in power of Pangéran Purbaya, the brother of the queen [1188, 1190, 1191], the queen dies in childbirth [1192], the Pangéran Purbaya affair, ending with his exile to Ceylon [1193-1204], pilgrimages to Kapanasan and Mataram [1204, 1206, 1207], rumours about the supposed ambitions of Pangéran Tepasana [1208, 1209], the revolt of the Chinese in Batavia [1210-1217], inclined to support the Chinese [1218], adopts policy of outwardly supporting the Company, but inwardly the Chinese [1219-1253], decides to have Pangéran Tepasana and others killed after resurgent rumours about their ambitions and connections with the Company [1254-1263], the escape of Pangéran Wira-menggala who falls into the hands of the

- Chinese [1264-1269], spooked by Patih Natakusuma that the Chinese might set up a rival king decides to openly support the Chinese and attack the Dutch fortress in Kartasura [1270], decision to attack all Dutch strongholds in Java [1282], sends Patih Natakusuma to Semarang in a last effort to turn the tide of the war [1294], after the defeat of Patih Natakusuma [1298] and pushed by the queen mother and Tumenggung Tirtawiguna, decides to make peace again with the Company [1301], the Chinese and their Javanese allies (secretly supported by Patih Natakusuma) install Mas Garendi, a son of Tepasana, as Sunan Kuning [1311, 1313-1315, 1330], decides to have the Company arrest Patih Natakusuma [1329, 1331], unable to withstand the attack on Kartasura by the Chinese and their Javanese allies, flees the kraton [1344, 1345], flees to Magetan and on to Pranaraga [1346, 1347, 1350, 1351], attempts to retake Kartasura, after initial success defeated at Kaduwang and flees back to Pranaraga [1365, 1366], retreats into the mountains, receives spiritual help from Sunan Lawu [1375, 1376], abdicates and assumes the title Panembahan Brawijaya, his son given the title Prabu Jaka Sunan Bauwarna, sets out for a second attempt on Kartasura [1382].
- Pakubuwana III** = Radèn Mas Suryadi.
- Pakunagara** = Pangéran Wiramenggala.
- Pakuncèn** village in Kadhiri [301].
- Pakundhèn** [905].
- Pakuningrat** = Pangéran Tepasana.
- Pakuwati** Radèn Ayu, wife of Panembahan Cakraningrat, raped by Mangkurat III [767].
- Palabuhan** River [522, 1115].
- Paladadi** village [354].
- Palar** village, the chief of which predicts Panembahan Purbaya 2 and Pangéran Blitar 3's fate [1095-1096].
- Palaraban** place for visitors to announce themselves [661].
- Palasara** son of Sakri [19].
- Palémbang** Arya Damar becomes king of Palémbang [49, 51], Radèn Patah flees Palémbang [59].
- Pama (Supama)** Radèn Bagus = Adipati Jayaningrat 3.
- Pamadé** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV = Pangéran Arya Mataram 6.
- Pamagangan** kraton office [1345].
- Pamagetan** = Magetan.
- Pamalang** = Malang.
- Pamanahan** Kyai, Kyai Ageng Mataram, son of Kyai Ageng Ngenis, married to eldest daughter of Nyai Ageng Saba, disciple of Sunan Kalijaga [135], appointed chief of the Tamtama [136], has 7 children, among others Sénapati [137], accompanies Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) to Kudus and Kalinyamat [145, 146, 148-151], joins the attack on Arya Panangsang [154-156, 160, 161], pretends to have killed Arya Panangsang together with Ki Panjawi [163], chooses Mataram as his reward [164], rewarded by Ratu Kalinyamat [166], finally receives Mataram [168, 169], on his way there [170-172] treated to food and drink by Ki Karanglo [173], meets Sunan Kalijaga [174], founds Mataram and changes his name to Kyai Ageng Mataram [175], drinks the magic coconut juice of his friend Kyai Ageng Giring [177, 178], with Sénapati to Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) because of Sénapati's dally with the reserved woman of Awijaya [179], joins the visit to Giri [180], the kingship of his descendants predicted [183], dies [186, 187], the descendants of Kyai Ageng Giring [657, 658].
- Pamanggaran** village [1347, 1349].
- Pamantingan** abode of spirits [18, 36, 90].
- Pamardèn** Pamredèn, domain [994, 1011, 1336, 1339, 1343, 1344].
- Pambayi** Captain, [1116, 1130, 1138].
- Pambèbèr** Kyai, owner of Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) [573].
- Pamecut** Kyai, royal gun [1177, 1277].
- Pamekas** 1. Sri, son of Mundhingwangi, father of Arya Bangah, Radèn Susuruh, and Banyakwidhé, drowned by the latter in the River Krawang [21].
- Pamekas** 2. Radèn, youngest son of Radèn Patah [109].
- Pamekasan** domain [360, 362, 965, 967, 973, 979].
- Pamelaran** village [1287].
- Pamenang** 1. Radèn Mas, son of Panembahan Krapyak [329].
- Pamenang** Pangéran, stays with Raja Namrud, killed [560, 571].
- Pamot** Pangéran, Radèn Mas Subekti, son of Mang-

- kurat IV [1155], raised in rank, marries [1159], receives apanage [1162], deploys in Banyudana [1340], insists on following Pakubuwana II [1349], joins him [1356], retreats with him into the mountains [1375], returns with him to Pranaraga [1379].
- Pamredèn** = Pamardèn.
- Pamresan** village [1077, 1082].
- Pamuk** name of horse [1229].
- Panangsang** Pangéran Arya, son of Pangéran Sédainglèpèn, bupati of Jipang, refuses to submit to Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) [130], favourite student of Sunan Kudus [138], has Sunan Prawata and the husband of Ratu Kalinyamat killed [139-141], failed attempt on Awijaya [142, 143], receives Awijaya in Kudus [144, 146, 147], attacked and killed by Sénapati and others [156-161].
- Panarukan** [445].
- Panatagama** Adipati, = Jayapuspita.
- Pancadriya** son of Citrasoma [19].
- Pancawati** village [1051].
- Pancawati** Pangéran, = Pangéran Kudus.
- Pancod** village [1347, 1382].
- Pandhan(sari)** 1. Ratu, daughter of Panembahan Krapyak, wife of Pangéran Pekik, sister of Sultan Agung, mother-in-law of Mangkurat I, fetches the girl Oyi together with her husband, killed [329, 375, 377, 425, 426].
- Pandhansari** 2. Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Pandhudéwanata** son of Abiyasa, king of Astina [19].
- Pandonan** village in Sukawati, = Padonan [1061, 1033].
- Panekar** = Pajang [912].
- Panembahan Brawijaya** = Sunan Pakubuwana II.
- Panenggak** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Mangkunagara.
- Pangalasan** 1. mantri of Sénapati [214, 246].
- Pangalasan** 2. servant of Adipati Pragola 2, follows him in death [369].
- Pangambengan** village near Semarang [1283, 1285].
- Pangulu** Mas, banished with his wife to Ayah, his son executed [1204].
- Paninggaran** place near Batavia [1215, 1216].
- Panitikan** market [1178, 1204].
- Panjawi** Ki, adoptive son of Kyai Ageng Ngenis, disciple of Sunan Kalijaga [135], chief of the Tamtama [136], with Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) to Kudus [145, 146, 148-151], joins the attack against Arya Panangsang [154-156, 160, 161, 163], receives Pathi as reward [164, 165].
- Panjer** Adipati, ally of Pangéran Puger 1, killed in action [321, 323].
- Panji** 1. son of Lembuamiluhur, married to Candrakirana [21].
- Panji** 2. kris of Panembahan Purbaya [454].
- Panuhun** eldest son of Kandhiawan [19].
- Panular** 1. Pangéran Arya = Pangéran Arya Mataram.
- Panular** 2. Pangéran Arya, pays homage to the body of Mangkurat II [746], defects to Pakubuwana I [847], maintained by the latter [859], present at Pakubuwana's deathbed [1027], father of Radèn Suradiningrat [1047].
- Panular** 3. Pangéran Arya, Radèn Mas Genter, son of Mangkurat IV, raised in rank [1161], deployed against the Chinese at Banyudana [1340].
- Panular** 4. Arya, = Arya Bangah.
- Panular** 5. Arya, sent by Sultan Agung to plunder Pathi [368].
- Panumping** Sokawati [1320, 1324, 1354].
- Papa** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Prangwadana 1.
- Parangtritis** place on the south coast [211].
- Parapèn** Sunan, Sunan Giri, grandson and successor of Sunan Giri, defeated by Gajahmada [81, 83, 84], joins Radèn Patah [87], rules for forty days after the fall of Majapahit [89, 90], proclaims Awijaya Sultan [180-182], predicts the greatness of Mataram [183, 185, 186, 190, 219, 271], mediates between Sénapati and Pangéran Surabaya [275, 276], disapproves of Pangéran Surabaya's plan to attack Mataram [348], defeated but set free by Pangéran Pekik, adopts a Chinese as son [375-377].
- Pardèmes** Dutch captain at Surabaya [981].
- Parembun** place in Pagelèn [1296, 1331].
- Paridan** = Tumenggung Martapura 4.
- Parijagan** village [1289].
- Parikenan** son of Tritrustha [19].
- Parikesit** son of Abimanyu [19].
- Parisel** Ugo Parisel, Perisel, Guper Isel, Dutch commissioner in Batavia [1214, 1215], ordered to Se-

- marang [1281], in Semarang [1284], [passim].
- Paronggahan** [937, 944, 949].
- Partawijaya** Ki, told to stir up Lasem [1311, 1315].
- Parwata** = Prawata.
- Pasagi** bupati, commander of the eastern Javanese army against Sénapati, killed in battle [306, 308].
- Pasar Gedhé** market in Mataram, where Pakubuwana II makes a pilgrimage [1204].
- Pasérénan** village [1362].
- Pasingsingan** Tumenggung, guardian of Pangéran Danupaya (Alit), father of Agrayuda 1, incites Pangéran Alit to rebel, killed [403, 405, 406].
- Pasiraman** village in Bayumas where Mangkurat I passes away [473].
- Pasisir** Radèn Demang, son of Panembahan Cakraningrat, joins Major Burham for the expedition against Pasuruhan [669], killed in action because he did not know that it was just a sham war [672-675, 677, 678].
- Pasundhan** Sunda lands, granted to the Company [572, 737].
- Pasuruhan** domain [180, 274, 295-299, 335, 339, 344, 354, 382, 392, 438, 526, 527, 536, 629, 630, 651, 666, 669-672, 674, 676, 677, 695, 696, 737-739, 796, 797, 860, 863-866, 868, 872, 875, 877-881, 883, 884, 895, 915, 916, 1130, 1137, 1139, 1140, 1146, 1149, 1171, 1367].
- Patah** Radèn, Sénapati Jimbun, Adipati Bintara, son of Brawijaya and Chinese princess [59], flees with his half-brother Radèn Husèn to Java, converted to Islam by Sunan Ampèldenta [61], marries the latter's granddaughter, settles in Bintara [62], adopted by his own father [66], rises up against Brawijaya, becomes king of Majapahit 86, 87, 90], summons Ki Gedhé Pengging, has him killed two years later [99, 103, 104], dies, leaving six children behind [109].
- Patalan** village [268].
- Patanèn** Nyai Ageng, daughter of Kyai Ageng Séla [134].
- Patérongan** place near Semarang [788, 789, 1298, 1302, 1306, 1311, 1318].
- Pathi** 1. Kyai Ageng, = Ki Panjawi.
- Pathi** 2. Dipati ing Pathi = Mangunoneng 4.
- Pathi** 3. domain [153-155, 163-166, 169, 180, 264, 265, 272, 294, 309-315, 349, 350, 365-369, 371, 450, 456, 472, 510, 937, 1042, 1056, 1057, 1081, 1106, 1159, 1170, 1194, 1228, 1234, 1282, 1311, 1313-1316, 1330, 1346, 1354, 1358, 1362, 1366, 1369, 1371, 1379].
- Patras** commissioner, member of the welcoming committee for Patih Danureja [1169, 1171, 1184].
- Patrawisa** guardian of Radèn Sukra [708].
- Patut** Lake, made on the orders of Sunan Parapèn [184].
- Pawindan** village [1346].
- Payak** village at the foot of Mount Antang [526, 527].
- Pekalongan** domain [499, 894, 939, 1180, 1235, 1282, 1283, 1331].
- Pekik** Radèn Mas, Pangéran, son of Pangéran Surabaya, sent to Sultan Agung as token of submission [363], brought to Mataram [372-374], marries Ratu Pandhansari [375], defeats Sunan Parapèn [376, 377], father-in-law of Mangkurat I, grandfather of Mangkurat II [372], suspected of disloyalty [399, 418] forgiven [419], father of Radèn Dhobras [422], fetches the girl Oyi for Mangkurat II [425-427], killed with his followers [428], [430, 542].
- Pèlser** Pan Pèlser = Lafèl.
- Pengging** 1. Kyai Ageng, = Adipati Andayaningrat
- Pengging** 2. Kyai Ageng Pengging, Kebokenanga, son of Andayaningrat, disciple of Sitijenar, refuses to pay homage to Demak [99-101], father of Awijaya, visits the widow of Kyai Ageng Tingkir [102, 103], killed by Sunan Kudus [104], his son resembles him [115].
- Pépé** 1. village [104].
- Pépé** 2. River [1283].
- Perangkasap** crack troops of Cakraningrat 3 [1238].
- Perisel** = Parisel.
- Péthak** Bagus, son of Pangéran Mangkubumi, bupati in Madiyun [329].
- Picis** 1. River, travelled by Jaka Tingkir [121].
- Picis** 2. village [1086, 1098, 1101, 1358, 1359].
- Pilham** Major, one of the officers of Admiral Alduwèlbèh [493].
- Ping Bulung** Cik, Ngabèhi, Eping, Chinese leader [1235], receives title Ngabèhi [1242], 1246, 1277, 1278, 1308, 1321, 1322, 1327, 1336, 1338-1340, 1342, 1343].
- Plaosan** village [1347].
- Plèrèd** 1. Kyai, pike given by Brawijaya to Kyai Ageng Tarub 3 [76], used by Sénapati [161],

- used by Pakubuwana I [472, 556, 628, 661, 833], copied by Mangkurat II [699, 700], held by Pakubuwana II [1345].
- Plèrèd** 2. kraton of Mangkurat I [402, 410], captured by Trunajaya [466, 467], recaptured by Pakubuwana I [477, 479, 488, 544], besieged by Mangkurat II [553-559], [561].
- Po Cik**, Chinese leader [1235, 1242, 1277].
- Prabakesa** commander of Cakraningrat 3 [1238].
- Prabasetya** commander of Cakraningrat 3 [1238].
- Prabayasa** Radèn Mas, = Pakubuwana II.
- Prabu Jaka Sunan Bauwarna** = Radèn Mas Suryadi.
- Praga** River [467].
- Pragola** 1. bupati of Pathi, angry about the marriage of Sénapati with Retna Junilah [294], attacks Mataram, defeated [309-315].
- Pragola** 2. bupati of Pathi, ally of Sultan Agung [350], revolts, killed [365-367, 368-371].
- Pragota** Tanah, Gunung, place to the south of Semarang [1246, 1275, 1283].
- Pragunan** [274].
- Pramana** 1. Ranga, bupati of Wirasaba [300], later mentioned as patih of Wirasaba under Pangéran Arya [344, 347].
- Pramana** 2. Ranga, bupati of Lamongan [1006].
- Pramana** 3. Ranga, = Tumenggung Mangunoneng 4.
- Prambanan** [19, 231, 311, 312, 314, 551].
- Pranaraga** domain [325-327, 329, 349, 363, 428, 739, 861-864, 1008, 1009, 1012, 1022-1025, 1114, 1220, 1262, 1289, 1293, 1356-1358, 1364, 1366, 1367, 1373, 1375-1380, 1382].
- Pranasuta** = Tumenggung Sumabrata 2.
- Pranataka** = Adipati Sindureja.
- Prangbakat** son of Watugunung [3].
- Prangwadana** 1. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Papa [681], son of Pakubuwana I (Pangéran Puger), called Radèn Mas Antawirya [691], pursues Radèn Sukra [716-718], searches Radèn Ayu Lembah's bed [721-722], asks for clemency [725], unwilling to hand over kris [756], flees with Pakubuwana I [779], raised in rank [810], kills a Dutch ensign and is killed as a rebel [853, 856].
- Prangwadana** 2. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Langkir, son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank [1161], deployed in Banyudana [1340], flees to Mataram and on to Semarang [1349, 1354, 1355].
- Prapag** village [561].
- Prawata** 1. residence of Sultan Demak [120, 125, 140, 369].
- Prawata** 2. realm, offered as a reward for killing Pangéran Arya Panangsang [148, 151, 166], Chinese encamped at Prawata [1218, 1228].
- Prawata** 3. Pangéran, Sultan, son of Radèn Trenggana and his successor as Sultan Demak [129, 130], student of Sunan Kudus [138], killed at the instigation of Arya Panangsang whose father he had killed [139, 140], [141, 142, 148].
- Prawata** 4. Parwata, village, assembly place of the rebellious Pasisir Chinese [1218, 1224, 1228].
- Prawirataruna** Radèn, son of Pangéran Pringgabaya [329], idem (?) commander of the army against the Makassarese [442-445], killed in action [447, 449].
- Prayan** village where the waters have various flavours [1350].
- Prenggiwangsa** daughter of Gathayu, married to Lembuamijaya, king of Singasari [20].
- Pringgabaya** [274].
- Pringgabaya** 1. Pangéran, seventh son of Sénapati [269], sent to evict Pangéran Jayaraga [326, 327], his sons [329].
- Pringgabaya** 2. Pangéran Arya, son and successor of Pangéran Natakusuma [908], defeats Kyai Mas Dana [909, 910], = Pringgabaya of Mataram, father of Radèn Natawijaya.
- Pringgabaya** 3. Radèn Arya, Radèn Tumenggung, deployed with Radèn Natawijaya in Magetan [1104], marries Dèn Ayu Aminah [1174], escorts the Dutch envoy back to Semarang [1185], one of the main advisers of Pakubuwana II [1218, 1220, 1221, 1230, 1231], deployed at Salatiga against the Chinese [1247, 1248], has the Chinese scribe Ham killed [1250-1252], returns to Kartasura [1276], joins the siege of the fort [1276], receives the surrender of the garrison, the captain is put at his disposal [1279], is ordered to have the captain killed [1283], in conflict with the patih [1286], ordered to march against the Madurese [1294], occupies Jipang [1297], recalled [1312], marches to Kampak to counter the Chinese [1318, 1319], defeated by Tumenggung Martapura 4 [1322-1324], expresses his suspicions about the patih [1328], ordered to redeploy to the north of Bayalali [1337, 1338], swept along in the flight of his army

- [1343], joins Pakubuwana II in Kaduwang [1358, 1363], his wife Radèn Ayu Pringgalaya wakes up Pakubuwana II and urges him to flee from Kaduwang [1366].
- Pringglaya** 4. Tumenggung, a Chinese of mixed-descent called Ki Selobogan given the title Tumenggung Pringgalaya [1354], deployed at Grompol [1360, 1361], withdraws to Kartasura [1363].
- Priyembada** Mas, son of Pakubuwana II [1176, 1177].
- Pudhakhmiring** commander of Cakraningrat 3 [1238].
- Pudhakpayung** village, north of Ungaran [785, 788, 1371].
- Puger** 1. Pangéran, second son of Sénapati [269], bupati of Demak, rebels against Panembahan Krapyak [320-322], caught and brought to Kudus [323, 324].
- Puger** 2. Pangéran, Radèn Tembaga, younger brother of Pangéran Krapyak [322].
- Puger** 3. Pangéran, = Pakubuwana I.
- Puger** 4. Radèn Ayu, Ratu Pakubuwana I [735, 742].
- Pujawati** Mas Ayu [1348].
- Pujawati** wife of Sunan Kuning [1348].
- Pulangjiwa** 1. Radèn Panji, commander of the Maduraese, killed in action [339, 341].
- Pulangjiwa** 2. with others dispatched against the Makassarese [442].
- Pulangjiwa** 3. stays loyal to Mangkurat III, killed [890].
- Punggawa** village [1382].
- Punta** Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Singasari 2., rises in rebellion in Tegalurum, killed [743].
- Purbajaya** court official [1346].
- Purbaya** 1. Pangéran, Panembahan, third son of Sénapati [269], commander of the Mataram army [307], adviser of Mas Martapura and Sultan Agung [330, 331, 345, 346, 372, 373], dispatched against Jakarta [383, 384, 387, 388, 390], proclaims Mangkurat I [399, 400], becomes his adviser [404, 405, 407, 408], killed in battle against Trunajaya [450, 453-455].
- Purbaya** 2. Pangéran, Panembahan, Radèn Mas Sangka, Panembahan Sénapati ning Prang; son of Pakubuwana I, raised in rank [810], receives appanage [859], expedition against Pasuruhan [864, 868-871], conquers Pasuruhan in the second expedition [875, 876, 878-880, 883], adopts Pangéran Riya Mangkunagara [914], suspected by the Dutch [1011], appointed as second successor [1026, 1027], joins Pangéran Blitar 3 after some hesitation [1032-1032, 1037-1042], makes Blitar 3 Sultan [1044-1047, 1049, 1056, 1058], with difficulty persuades Pangéran Érucakra to join him [1060, 1061, 1063, 1067], expelled from Kartasari by the Dutch [1070-1074], flees to Kedhu [1075-1076], assembles again a large army in Mataram [1077, 1082], gives Mas Ayu Tiknasari in marriage to Adipati Natapura [1086], in Mrebung [1091], his rebellion fails but his grandson's kingship twice predicted [1093-1097], flees eastwards [1102, 1103, 1110, 1112-1117], ends up in Lumajang [1119], pursued by the Company and the Sunan [1130], persuaded to surrender 1131-1133, 1136-1140], exiled to Batavia [1141-1144], his daughters follow him [1147, 1148], one daughter marries Pakubuwana II [1151, 1155], dies in Batavia [1161], his sons [1162].
- Purbaya** 3. Pangéran Arya, Radèn Mas Umbaran, Radèn Mas Purwakusuma, Demang Urawan, son of Panembahan Purbaya 2 [1162, 1175, 1176, 1188], favourite of Pakubuwana II, amasses power, called tiger in the land [1190], wants the Company's kraton guard removed from the Sitinggil [1191], stays with his sister, the dying queen, day and night [1192], orders Mangunoneng to find a wife for the king [1194], the Dipasana incident [1195, 1196], feels uncertain about his position, predicts Radèn Mas Said's future [1197], the Tumenggung Kandhuruwan incident, Company informed [1199], the Sunan reluctantly decides to demote him, exiled to Sekararum under his old name Radèn Mas Purwakusuma [1200, 1201], under Dutch pressure moved to Kademèn [1203], the Pasisir bupati request the Company to demand banishment, exiled to Ceylon [1204].
- Purna** Nyai Ageng, daughter of Getaspandhawa [95].
- Purwacarita** realm of Suwélacala [19].
- Purwaganda** = Jenar in Pagelèn, new name of residence of Pakubuwana I (Puger) [472, 475, 476].
- Purwakusuma** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Arya Purbaya 3.

- Purwawijaya** Radèn Mas Arya, Radèn Mas Ketug, son of Panembahan Purbaya, given apanage [1162].
- Puspadirja** Raden, younger brother of Tumenggung Puspatenaya of Batang, marries Radèn Ajeng Banowati, daughter of Pangéran Tepasana 3 [1189], becomes close to the uncle of his wife Pangéran Wiramenggala [1208], gets entangled in the latter's schemes, arrested and put to death together with his brother [1254, 1255].
- Puspakancana** horse of Sénapati [290].
- Puspakusuma** Ki, son of Arya Jayapuspita, fights the Chinese at Teras [1343], joins Pakubuwana II [1347].
- Pusparaga** = Tumenggung Jayaningrat 1.
- Pusparana** Radèn, eldest son of Radèn Sumaningrat 2 [1373].
- Pusparudita** Kyai, bupati of Batang [894].
- Puspatenaya** Tumenggung, bupati of Batang, dismissed [1207], together with his younger brother Puspadirja arrested and killed [1254].
- Puspawati** wife of Sunan Kuning [1348].
- Puspawijaya** patih of Adipati Jayaningrat 2 [1283].
- Puspayuda** Ki, servant and scribe of Pakubuwana II, tells Captain Orgondrop to be nice to Adipati Suradiningrat [1353], as messenger to Semarang [1374], with Captain Orgondrop to Ungaran [1380], sent to Pranaraga to report and sent back to Semarang [1381, 1382].
- Putih** Encik, Chinese leader [1287, 1292].
- Puwun** village, gathering place of the rebellious Chinese [1218, 1222, 1224, 1227].

R

- Ragasmara** Radèn Ayu, daughter of Cakraningrat 2, married to Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara [1165].
- Ragisuta** court official [1345].
- Ragam** Son of Tumenggung Jayabrata, in jail, freed by his father [1030, 1036].
- Rahidin** Sèh, lived in Ampèldenta, buried in Pamalang [57].
- Rahmat** Radèn, = Ampèldenta
- Rajamanggala** 1. bupati, installed by Adipati Pragola 2 [365].
- Rajamanggala** 2. Tumenggung, Nayatrana; pretends to have killed Jayaparusa, raised in rank

- [663].
- Rajaniti** Tumenggung, bupati Mataram, attacks kraton guard [1270, 1271, 1273], receives the scribe of the fort in custody [1279], has the latter killed [1283], part of the army that marches on Semarang [1296], sets up camp near Semarang [1298], Patih Natakusuma discusses with him the order to make peace with the Company [1302], sent out against the Chinese [1308], sent to defend Salatiga [1336], disagreement about the tactics, flees with his troops [1339], informs Sunan of his defeat [1340], Martapura 4 moves into his residence [1348, 1354], captured by Chinese but ransomed [1351], escapes from Kartasura, shows up at the camp of Pakubuwana II [1363], sent to Pasuruhan [1367].
- Rama** 1. Panembahan, = Panembahan Kajoran.
- Rama** 2. Bathara [1269].
- Randhulawang** [214-216, 232].
- Randhuwatang** Kyai, spy of Mataram who sends the army of Pangéran Surabaya the wrong way [349].
- Rangga** 1. Radèn, son of Sénapati and the reserved woman of Awijaya, strong and a good dancer, humiliated by his father he goes to Pathi, dies [179, 217, 218, 264-269].
- Rangga** 2. Pangéran, bupati in Pranaraga under Pangéran Jayaraga, succeeds him as bupati [325-327].
- Rangga** 3. Radèn, son of Adipati of Pathi (Pragola 2) [369].
- Rangga** 4. Radèn, = Adipati Martasana
- Rangga** 5. Radèn Mas Surata, son of Mangkurat IV [1155], promoted [1161]. Sent out against the Madurese with his brothers [1294, 1297, 1312], deployed with his brothers in Banyudana [1340], flees to Mataram [1349], and on to Semarang [1350, 1355].
- Rangkud** agent of Arya Panangsang, kills Sunan Prawata, dies himself, too [139, 140].
- Rangkudan** = Ngrakudan.
- Rangsang** Radèn Mas, = Sultan Agung.
- Ranuita** Demang, bupati of Kadhiri, receives Radèn Mas Brahim, recalled to Kartasura and killed [1146, 1149].
- Ratujalu** made bupati in Kadhiri by Pangéran Surabaya, defeated [300, 302].
- Rawa** [301, 303, 471, 1264, 1353].

Regu Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Danupaya.

Reksanagara 1. Tumenggung, Agrayuda 2, younger brother successor of Adipati Martalaya of Tegal [510], defies Pakubuwana I [808], sent out against Mangkurat III [811].

Reksanagara 2. Tumenggung, bupati of Tegal, attacks the Company troops [1304].

Reksapraja Ngabèhi, kliwon of Arya Wiradiningrat [1221], leads attack on fort of Semarang [1285], one of the leaders at Toyana [1326], flees from Toyana [1327], retreats [1331].

Rembang domain [450, 452, 501, 510-512, 1282, 1316].

Rèncèh forest near Tarub [107].

Rengganis wife of Radèn Martakusuma (Tumenggung Sujanapura 4), killed in Magetan [1187].

Renggasari Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].

Renong [337].

Resamuka mountain from where Radèn Patah and Radèn Husèn depart for Java [61].

Retnaasmara Mas Ayu, given to Captain Orgondrop in marriage [1335].

Retnadiérawati Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].

Retnadiwati Radèn Ayu, Sunan wishes to give her in marriage to Téling [1319].

Retnasari Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].

Roban abode of spirits [18].

Roma [994, 1011, 1221].

Rondhon horse of Patih Natakusuma [1298].

Ruki village [1189].

S

Saba Nyai Ageng, daughter of Kyai Ageng Séla, mother of Adipati Mandaraka, mother-in-law of Kyai Pamanahan [134, 135].

Sabar Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara [1165], mantri anom with title Radèn Wiryakusuma [1280].

Sabranglèr Pangéran, Sultan Demak, son and successor of Radèn Patah, dies shortly after accession [109].

Sabukalu Chinese of mixed-descent, one of the Chinese leaders [1227, 1242, 1283, 1284, 1298].

Sadé Déwa, Balinese chief, ally of Jayapuspita [930].

Sagarayasa Lake [1263].

Said 1. Jaka, = Sunan Kalijaga.

Said 2. Radèn Mas, Radèn Mas Peksi (Seksi), Radèn Suryakusuma, second son of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara and Radèn Ajeng Wulan [1164, 1165], predictions about his future [1179, 1186, 1197], made mantri anom with the title Radèn Suryakusuma [1280].

Sakadi Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara and Radèn Ajeng Wulan [1165].

Sakri son of Sakutrem [19].

Sakutrem son of Manumanasa [19].

Salahtiga = Salatiga.

Salamah Radèh Ayu, wedded to Radèn Tumenggung Natawijaya [1174], = Radèn Ajeng Jèmbem.

Salatiga Salahtiga [815, 816, 838-840, 843, 1248, 1252, 1270, 1275, 1331, 1336, 1337, 1381].

Salawur village [1149].

Salinga in Pagelèn, residence of Raja Namrud [560, 571].

Salobog = Selobogan, = Arya Pringgalaya 4.

Salokantara Ajar, killed in Blambangan by Pangéran Silarong, his revenge [395, 413].

Saloringpasar Radèn Ngabèhi, = Sénapati.

Salukat Demang, spy of Arya Pringgalaya [1251].

Samarandana Ki, bupati of Kadhiri [1149], = Asmarandana?

Sambiya Radèn Mas, also Radèn Mas Ambiya, = Radèn Martakusuma 2.

Sambo Bathara, son of Bathara Guru [1].

Samboja Ki, his widow takes care of the future Prabu Sètmata [56].

Sampang Kyai Ageng, father of Pangéran Langgar, son-in-law of Radèn Trenggana [129].

Sampang domain [378, 382, 384, 386, 402, 408, 409, 431, 434-436, 452, 455, 456, 463, 468, 478, 481, 525, 528, 621, 622, 774, 786, 787, 795, 796, 798, 799, 802, 805, 883, 1130, 1145, 1175, 1238].

Sampura Mount [526, 527].

Sanasèwu village [1070].

Sandéya Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Ngabèhi.

Sandhanggarba second son of Kandhiawan [19].

Sanggung village [561, 566].

Sangka 1. Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Purbaya 2.

- Sangka** 2. Kyai, = Tumenggung Mataun 1.
- Sanjata** Adipati, = Ngabèhi Tambakbaya.
- Santareja** Radèn, = Pangéran Mangkubumi 3.
- Santayuda** of Cengkalsèwu [1347].
- Santri** 1. Radèn, youngest son of Brahimasmara, marries daughter of Adipati Téja [52, 54].
- Santri** 2. Radèn, = Pangéran Singasari.
- Sapanjang** 1. Tumenggung, installed as bupati of Surabaya, brings Pangéran Pekik to Mataram [363, 364, 372].
- Sapanjang** 2. Captain, Encik, Cik, leader of the rebellious Chinese, fights the Dutch around Batavia [1210-1213, 1215], flees to Kartasura and joins the siege of the fort [1278, 1283, 1284, 1298], worries about the position of Patih Natakusuma [1300, 1303], told that the Sunan wants to side with the Company [1307], flees to Demak [1308, 1309], agrees to the elevation of Mas Garendi as Sunan Kuning [1313, 1315, 1316], attacks the Kartasura army at Layapan [1321] guards Sunan Kuning [1322], decision to attack the Kartasura troops at Toyana [1327], after the arrest of Natakusuma decision to march on Kartasura [1336, 1338, 1339, 1342], his activities in Kartasura [1351, 1367, 1371].
- Sapanjang** village [942, 951, 961, 1021, 184, 1086].
- Sapujagad** heirloom spear [1345].
- Saradenta and Saradenti** Prabu, village heads in Ajibarang [593], made kings by Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) [594], killed [600].
- Saradipa** 1. brother of Pangéran Mas of Kadhiri, raised in rank = Martalaya 1.
- Saradipa** 2. Ngabèhi, of the Suranata corps [1344].
- Sarageni** corps of kraton soldiers, more specifically gunners [438, 1273, 1277, 1343].
- Satrutuna** 1. = Tumenggung Tirtawiguna.
- Satrutuna** 2. servant of the crown prince [1345].
- Sarawèdi** Kyai, headman of the Suranata corps [699].
- Sardin** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Dipasanta.
- Sarebed** village [1131, 1134-1137].
- Sarengat** domain [1264, 1265, 1353].
- Sari** Kyai Mas, bupati of Demak, resists Adipati Pathi [308, 310].
- Saroja** village [1232, 1250].
- Sasi** Radèn Ayu, daughter of Mangkurat III [741].
- Sasmitapura** Èndhang, giant, mother of Arya Damar by Brawijaya [46].
- Sasradiningrat** Radèn, son of Panembahan Cakradiningrat [798].
- Sasranagara** 1. Panji Kartayuda, Demang Kartayuda; younger brother of Tumenggung Jangrana [799], urges him to oppose the Dutch [898], pays homage in Kartasura [917], makes conquests on behalf of Jayapuspita [925], conducts a guerrilla against the besiegers of Surabaya [951], defeats the army near Sapanjang [961], receives Murah Panji Balèlèng in Lamongan [978], advises Jayapuspita to join forces with Murah Panji Balèlèng [988, 989], defeated by Major Gustap [1000], his panji title changed to demang [1007], subjects area to the east of Mount Lawu [1008, 1009], receives Panembahan Érucakra [1013-1019], raised in rank [1020], made commander of Panembahan Érucakra [1021], defeated by Pangéran Blitar [1021-1024], dies after attack on Panembahan Érucakra [1061-1064].
- Sasranagara** 2. Pangéran Cakraningrat 1 [894], (= Tumenggung Natadiningrat?).
- Sasranagara** 3. Tumenggung, Wirasraya, patih of Surabaya, promoted to Tumenggung Sasranagara by Pakubuwana II [1350], sends support and presents [1364], sends reinforcements [1377].
- Sasrawinata** grandson of Panembahan Cakraningrat, receives one-third of Madura [894], together with Suryawinata bupati of Grobogan [928], later Surabaya [1006].
- Sastrawijaya** Ngabèhi, Adipati, Ngabèhi of Gemulak, appointed bupati of Semarang [1127, 1128, 1246, 1256].
- Satomi** Nyai, heirloom cannon of Mataram, captured from Trunajaya by Tumenggung Jangrana [513, 514, 520].
- Satrutapa** group of agents of Pangéran Purbaya 3.
- Sawakul** Demang, mantri of Radèn Mlayakusuma [1298].
- Sawo** Mount/village, retreat of Pakubuwana in Pranaraga [1367, 1375, 1376, 1379].
- Sawojajar** kraton corps [1344, 1345].
- Sawunggaling** 1. bupati, installed by Adipati Pragola 2 [365].
- Sawunggaling** 2. Demang, messenger of Suraa-dimanggala to Pakubuwana I [770, 783, 784].
- Sawunggaling** 3. Tumenggung Secanagara 2.

- Sayid Mahbub** [1296, 1298].
- Sayid Nguluwi Bapekih** Arab Muslim teacher, captured by the Company [1256].
- Secabau** from Bora, offers his service [1363].
- Secadiningrat** = Suryadiningrat, bupati of Sidayu.
- Secadirana** leader in battle of Pangéran Blitar 3, killed in action [1023, 1036, 1037].
- Secagora** one of the guardians of Trunajaya, killed together with him [532, 535].
- Secanagara** 1. Kyai, messenger of Mangkurat II to Jepara [666, 667], joins Major Burham to Madura [669].
- Secanagara** 2. Tumenggung, Sawunggaling, patih of Surabaya, fights the Chinese in Semarang, wounded [1246], fights the Madurese in Surabaya [1293], promoted to Tumenggung Secanagara by Pakubuwana II [1350], sends support and presents [1364], sends reinforcements [1377].
- Secanirbaya** corps of soldiers [1262].
- Secanirmala** corps of soldiers [1262].
- Secapati** Ki, evicted from his house to accomodate the returnees from Ceylon [1188], interpreter, flees with Pakubuwana II, but stays behind [1347]. Same person?
- Sedahrama** village [1345].
- Sédainglèpèn** Pangéran, son of Radèn Patah, father of Arya Panangsang [109, 130].
- Segawé** village [1347].
- Sèh** Kyai, headman of the Suranata corps [699].
- Sekandha** Embahan, ascetic on Mount Wilis [1382].
- Sekararum** village, place of exile of Pangéran Purabaya 3 [1201, 1203, 1204].
- Sekarbala** village [1363].
- Sekardalima** heirloom gong [44, 76, 260].
- Sekarkadhaton** Ratu, daughter of Awijaya, seduced by Radèn Pabélan [220-222, 226, 228].
- Sekti** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV = Pangéran Buminata.
- Séla** 1. Kyai Ageng, son of Kyai Getaspandhawa? [95], teacher of Awijaya, his dream about the latter [107], attack on Demak fails [128], catches the lightning [131], obtains gong Kyai Bicak [132], 7 children, dies [134].
- Séla** 2. [105, 106, 128, 160, 161, 166, 167, 1291].
- Sélandaka** Kyai Ageng, finds the baby Kyai Ageng Tarub 2 [70].
- Selap** village [1047].
- Selobogan** Ki, = Tumenggung Pringgalaya 4.
- Selupdriansah** Commander of Jepara, his reaction after the death of Tak [631, 633-635], demands the death of Tumenggung Martapura [639, 640, 648, 650], receives Kyai Secanagara and requests the help of Batavia against Wiranagara [666, 667].
- Semanggi** River [357, 463].
- Semanggi** village [1012, 1065, 1066].
- Semangun** Captain of the Company militia in Batavia [1214].
- Semarang** [230, 462, 463, 540, 541, 544, 572, 605, 609-611, 680, 754, 770-772, 782, 783, 786-790, 792, 795, 797, 800-802, 804-806, 808, 810, 814, 817, 819, 823-826, 830, 850, 853, 858, 864, 868, 883, 888, 895-897, 919, 920, 922, 923, 927, 928, 933, 938, 939, 960, 962, 963, 1007, 1048, 1054, 1055, 1058, 1078, 1079, 1087, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1128, 1130, 1133, 1135, 1138-1143, 1147, 1154, 1161, 1166, 1167, 1169, 1172, 1173, 1181, 1182, 1184, 1185, 1188, 1196, 1219, 1223-1225, 1227-1231, 1234, 1235, 1237, 1242, 1244-1247, 1256, 1266, 1275, 1277, 1281-1286, 1294-1296, 1298, 1300-1302, 1304, 1307, 1310-1312, 1317, 1318, 1329, 1331, 1332, 1336, 1345, 1349, 1354, 1360, 1364, 1367, 1369-1371, 1374, 1377, 1380, 1382].
- Sembawanese** auxiliary troops of the Company [1369].
- Sembuyan** [1008].
- Semedhangan** village [1347].
- Sénapati** (Ing Ngalaga Sayidin Panatagama), Radèn Bagus, Radèn Ngabèhi Saloringpasar, son of Kyai Pamanahan, adopted by Sultan Pajang (Jaka Tingkir) [137], appointed chief of the Tamtama [145], joins Awijaya (Jaka Tingkir) to Kudus [148], joins the attacks on Arya Panangsang and kills him [160-164], joins his father to Mataram [171], marries a woman reserved by Awijaya, their son Radèn Ranga [179], succeeds Kyai Pamanahan [187, 188], builds a stone fortress [189], refuses to pay homage [190-195], wins the leaseholders over to his side [196, 197], his supernatural powers 198, 199], prediction of his greatness [200-204], marries Nyai Rara Kidul [205-210], chided by Sunan Kalijaga [211, 212], again summoned to Pajang [213-219], abducts Tumenggung Mayang [230], repels Awijaya 231-235], visits the latter's body [237-242],

- conquers Pajang [243-261], becomes Sultan in Mataram [262], his children [269], attacks eastern Java [271-274], chooses the vessel [275, 277], attacks Madiyun 278-286], receives the jacket Kyai Gundhil [287, 288], marries Retna Jumilah [289-294], conquers Pasuruhan, Rawa, and Kadhiri [295-304], has a wall built around Mataram [305], another attack by the bupati from eastern Java [308], dispatches Pangéran Krapyak, conquers Pathi [309-315], dies [316, 317].
- Sénapati Kadhiri** eldest brother of the bupati of Kadhiri Pangéran Mas, adopted by Sénapati [300-305], killed in battle against Adipati Pasagi, buried in Wedhi [306-308].
- Sendhi** Kyai, = Tumenggung Urawan.
- Senggama** Personal servant of Martapura 4 [1369].
- Sepilman** Admiral, envoy to Pakubuwana I, concludes a treaty with him [823, 826, 827], present at the capture of Kartasura [848-851], back to Semarang [858].
- Sepreh** village [1352].
- Sepuh** Ratu, first wife of Mangkurat IV, mother of Pakubuwana II, ousted by Amangkurat who replaces her with her younger sister, Ratu Kancana [1150, 1151, 1155].
- Serangbaya** messenger [1380, 1382].
- Sérénan** village [1347].
- Sèt** Prabu, royal title of Wisnu [1].
- Sétankober** kris of Pangéran Danupaya (Alit) [408].
- Sètmata** Prabu, Santri, Sunan Giri, son of Sèh Walilanang, taken care of by the widow of Ki Samboja, disciple of Sunan Ampèlenda [55, 56], defeats Gajahmada [79, 80], dies [81], magic powers of his grave [82, 83].
- Setrajaya** = Adipati Danureja.
- Setrawijaya** messenger of Pangéran Tepasana 3 [1205].
- Séwabangsa** lower official of the Kapatihan [1264, 1331]. = Surabangsa?
- Séwaka** Radèn, brother of Radèn Ajeng Manik [1159].
- Séwanagara** Radèn, patih of Cakraningrat 4 (Radèn Jimat) [998], flees with him to Bali [1003], taken to Kartasura and returned to Madura [1145].
- Sèwu** one half of Pagelèn [1199, 1206, 1207, 1270].
- Sèwujaya** messenger and spy of Martapura 4 [1322].
- Sidayu** 1. domain [180, 274, 344, 926, 927, 933, 979, 1050, 1149, 1238, 1248, 1251, 1253, 1276, 1282, 1286, 1287, 1289, 1290, 1293, 1294, 1297].
- Sidayu** 2. Rangga, killed in action against Trunajaya [453].
- Sika** Encik, Chinese leader [1287].
- Silarong** 1. Pangéran, conquers Blambangan, kills Ajar Salokantara, killed in revenge by the latter [392, 395, 396, 410, 413].
- Silarong** 2. Pangéran, prompts Trunajaya to obey Mangkurat II [534].
- Silarong** 3. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Yadi, son of Mangkurat IV [1155], raised in rank [1161], deployed in Banyudana [1340], flees to Mataram and on to Semarang [1349, 1354, 1355].
- Sima** village [104, 1265].
- Simun** Lieutenant, of the Kartasura garrison [1143], Major, receives Patih Danureja in Batavia [1169].
- Sindupati** 1. Ngabèhi, from Tegal, envoy of Mangkurat II to Batavia [485].
- Sindupati** 2. Ngabèhi, Ki Sutamenggala, messenger Natakusuma to Sunan [1301, 1302], flees kraton with Pakubuwana II [1345-1347], raised in rank [1350], joins Captain Orgondrop to Surabaya and Batavia [1367, 1377], and Ungaran [1380].
- Sindureja** 1. bupati, installed by Adipati Pragola 2 [365].
- Sindureja** 2. Adipati, Tumenggung, Pranataka; servant of Mangkurat II, as messenger to Panembahan Kajoran [430], finds the flower Wijayakusuma [485, 490], raised in rank [495], advises to hand over Wiranagara (Surapati) [604, 605], sent to meet Captain Tak [610, 611, 614], accompanies him to Kartasura [617, 618, 619], 620, 622], appointed patih [629], informs Jepara about Tak [631], to Jepara to kill Tumenggung Martapura [641-652], father of Radèn Sukra by Radèn Ayu Kaletingwungu [703], supports Sukra without success [706, 707, 712, 718, 727-734], adviser of Mangkureat II [737, 738], dies [744], a son of his raised in rank [766].
- Sindureja** 3. Tumenggung, son of Sindureja 2 [766], keeps his rank [859].
- Sindureja** 4. Tumenggung, = Ki Mas Gerit [1045], ordered by Pangéran Blitar 3 to subject Kedhu [1046].
- Singabarong** Buginese soldier of Mangkurat II

- [662].
- Singajaya** informs Pakubuwana II about the enemy [1336].
- Singanada** guardian of Radèn Sukra [708].
- Singagara** group of court officials [371, 901].
- Singapatra** informs Pakubuwana II about the enemy [1336].
- Singarano** 1. Tumenggung, ordered to conquer Sumedhang and Ukur [396].
- Singarano** 2. Radèn, Tumenggung, kliwon of Tumenggung Pringgalaya [1221, 1251], kills the Chinese scribe Ham and some of his escort [1252], replaces Tumenggung Jayasuderga [1276], joins the march on Semarang [1283], joins the fake attack on the Chinese [1308], escorts the Company kraton guard to Semarang [1317], joins Pringgalaya in his attack on the Chinese in Grobogan [1319, 1322], dies in action [1323, 1327, 1328], replaced by his son [1337].
- Singasari** Realm of Lembuamijaya [20], Radèn Susuruh heads there [36].
- Singasari** 1. Pangéran, Radèn Santri, son of Kyai Pamanahan, father of Radèn Mas Wujil [137, 263, 329].
- Singasari** 2. Pangéran, son of Mangkurat I [417], unfaithfulness of his wife [422], sent out against Trunajaya [453], sent out to help reconquering Mataram [472], dies [480], father of Radèn Mas Punta [743].
- Singasari** 3. Radèn Ayu, wife of Pangéran Singasari 2, has love affair with Radèn Dhobras [422].
- Singasari** 4. Radèn, defender of Giri, killed in action by Panembahan Natapraja [540], his granddaughter Radèn Ayu Taman [1194].
- Singasari** 5. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Sunaka, younger brother of Pakubuwana II, raised in rank [1161], receives apanage [1162], deployed in Banyudana [1340], submits to Sunan Kuning [1349, 1354].
- Singasari** 6. Raden, messenger of Pakubuwana II [1204].
- Singasura** crack troops of Cakraningrat 3 [1238].
- Singawijaya** of Kendhal [1318].
- Singkal** village near Kadhiri [518, 520].
- Singsèh** Captain, main leader of the Pasisir Chinese [1217, 1222, 1225, 1227-1229, 1231], beats off faked Javanese attacks [1235, 1241, 1242], attacks Semarang [1245, 1246], informed of the killing of scribe Ham [1253], receives the fugitive Pangéran Wiramenggala [1267], hands the latter to the Javanese [1269, 1270, 1275], provides reinforcements for the attack on the fort of Kartasura [1277], renewed attack on Semarang [1284, 1285], beaten back from Semarang [1298, 1300, doubts actions of the Javanese [1303, 1307-1309], decision to proclaim Mas Garendi [1313, 1315, 1316], attack on the troops of Patih Natakusuma [1321, 1322, 1327], sends letter to the latter [1330], decision to march on Kartasura [1336, 1338, 1339, 1342], informed of the possible disloyalty of Radèn Mlayakusuma [1367].
- Sinta** Dèwi, wife of Watugunung [3-5, 15, 16].
- Sirnayuda** from Kudus, sent out to forage [964].
- Sis** son of Adam [1].
- Sisik** Ki, a gun [1298].
- Siti Ageng** general area between Pajang and Demak, divided in a left (kiwa) and right (tengen) half [1175, 1194, 1354, 1360].
- Sitijenar** Pangéran, Islamic teacher [98].
- Sitisundari** Radèn Ajeng, = Ratu Maduretna.
- Situyé** one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381].
- Siwalan** village [351, 352].
- Siyungwanara** = Arya Banyakwidhé 1.
- Smaraningsih** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Soka** 1. servant of Ratu Sekarkadhaton [222, 225].
- Soka** 2. Déwa, Balinese chief, ally of Jayapuspita [930].
- Sokawati** 1. Adipati, eldest son of Pangéran Mangkubumi [329].
- Sokawati** 2. domain (Sukawati), submits to Trunajaya [458, 462], subjected by Sasranagara [1009, 1010], base of Panembahan Érucakra [1033, 1060, 1061].
- Sonyasirna** where Panembahan Kajoran went [535].
- Soré** River, Caket, river near Kudus, also Sorécaket [147, 156, 159, 160].
- Srenggara** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II, taken by Sunan Kuning [1348].
- Sri** Dèwi, daughter of Bathara Guru [1].
- Srigati** Radèn, son of Bathara Wisnu [10-13].
- Srimanganti** gate, audience place of the kraton [746, 1143, 1157, 1271, 1279, 1345].
- Subadirana** Mas, messenger of Patih Natakusuma

- [1227].
- Subekti** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Pamot
- Subrangta** Radèn Mas, (also Subrangti) son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Balatèr (Blitar).
- Subrangti** = Subrangta.
- Subrastha** Kyai, royal gun [555, 1177, 1277].
- Suciyan** Rara, daughter of Gathayu [20].
- Sudama** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Blitar 3.
- Sudarma** Radèn, brother of Radèn Ajeng Manik [1159].
- Sudimara** village [1349].
- Sudira** Radèn Mas, = Radèn Suryakusuma.
- Sujana** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Mangkubumi 4.
- Sujanapura** 1. Adipati, = Radèn Jayasupanta, sent to join Tumenggung Suratani [335], conquers Tuban for Sultan Agung [359], killed in action against Madura [361].
- Sujanapura** 2. Tumenggung, Jayapati, son of Adipati Martapura succeeds him in Jepara [510].
- Sujanapura** 3. Adipati, captures Pangéran Prangwadana, bupati of Jepara [855, 856], dies [876]. = Tumenggung Sujanapura 2?
- Sujanapura** 4. Tumenggung, Radèn Martakusuma, head of the kraton, exiled to Majenang, his wife Rengganis killed [1187], recalled from exile and made one of the bupati of Demak, marries Radèn Ajeng Umik, the widow of the late bupati of Demak and sister of Pakubuwana II [1190], joins the march on Semarang [1283], joins the attack of the fortress of Semarang [1285], part of the fake attack on the Chinese [1308, 1309], in the battle at Layapan [1321], supports Natakusuma if he wants to revolt [1331], receives permission from the commissioners to return home [1355], submits to Sunan Kuning [1360], faces the troops from Madiyun [1361], deployed at Grompol [1363], deployed at Kaduwang [1367], one of the leaders in an attack on Pranaraga [1382].
- Sujanapura** 5. = Tumenggung Martapura 4.
- Sukawati** = Sokawati.
- Sukra** Radèn, Natadirja, son of Adipati Sindureja and Kaletingwungu [703], maltreated by Mangkurat III [704, 705], tries to seduce Radèn Ayu Lembah wife of Mangkurat III [708-727], wants to attack the kadipatèn after her death [728], is killed himself [729-734].
- Sulanjari** village [1370].
- Sumabrata** 1. Tumenggung, adviser of Mangkurat II [729, 732], becomes patih jawi [744], raises objections at the coronation of Mangkurat III [749-751], discredits Pakubuwana I [754, 756, 757], asks forgiveness for Pakubuwana I [759, 760], reports the flight of the latter [778, 779], opposes the latter at Salahtiga [830, 831], defeated [837], flees to Kartasura [838, 839], remains loyal to Mangkurat III [859, 862], defects in the end, becomes bupati in Kartasura [869, 870], as messenger to Jayapuspita [903, 904, 906, 919, 921], dies, father of Kartinala [1029].
- Sumabrata** 2. Tumenggung, = Pranasuta, merchant in Kartasura, made tumenggung [1048], dismissed as bupati Gedhong Kiwa [1161]
- Sumabrata** 3. Tumenggung, = Adipati Suradiningrat 4.
- Sumadipura** son of Pangéran Kudus, killed in action [1053].
- Sumadiwirya** = Adipati Jayaningrat 3.
- Sumaningrat** 1. Radèn, nephew of Ratu Kancana 2, marries adopted daughter of Mangkurat II [742].
- Sumaningrat** 2. Radèn, = Sumaningrat 1? former [?] bupati of Pamagetan, because of illness cannot meet Pakubuwana II on his flight, his wife serves food and drink [1347], follows Sunan Kuning [1373], challenged by his nephew Radèn Mangunjaya [1373], seems to pursue Pakubuwana II [1378], faced by Pangéran Mangkunagara and Pangéran Martalaya of Madiyun [1379], wants to submit, but only accepted after showing up in person, leads the army of Pakubuwana II against the Chinese in Kaduwang [1382].
- Sumaningrat** 3. nephew and scribe of Citradiwirya [1357].
- Sumawicitra** patih of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1197, 1204].
- Sumawijaya** 1. Radèn, = Pangéran Mangkunagara, bupati of Madiyun.
- Sumawijaya** 2. = Radèn Mangunjaya 5.
- Sumawijaya** 3. Mas, patih of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara, joins him in exile [1167].
- Sumawijaya** 4. son of Tumenggung Sutanagara of Kaduwang [1366].

- Sumendhi** servant of Mangkurat II, sent to Panembahan Kajoran [430].
- Sumenep** domain [274, 344, 360, 540, 967, 973, 979, 1130].
- Sumengit** Ki, messenger of Mangkurat I, killed by Pangéran Danupaya (Alit) [407].
- Sumilah** Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Pangéran Tepasana 3, marries Pangéran Buminata 3 [1189].
- Sumurbacin** village near Semarang [1246].
- Sunaka** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Singasari.
- Sungkawa** Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Érucakra.
- Sungsang** son of Watugunung [3].
- Sura** Ki, blacksmith from Tuban, makes two crises for Sunan Bonang [91].
- Suraadimanggala** Adipati, Martanaya, Mas Rangga Yudanagara, Rangga Semarang, son of Kyai Buyut Kalawéyan [541], receives Captain Tak [609], pillar of the realm [680], nurses grievances against Mangkurat III, invites Pakubuwana I to Semarang [770], receives him [782-785, 787, 792], advocates his cause with the Dutch (himself half Dutch?) [801-805], raised in rank [810], reproaches Pakubuwana I for concluding a contract with the Dutch without involving him [823, 827], dies [1123-1127]. Also Suradimenggala [1214].
- Surabangsa** = Séwabangsa?
- Surabaya** domain [61, 87, 180, 274-277, 300, 339, 340, 344, 348, 349, 357, 358, 360, 363, 364, 372, 374-378, 417, 418, 420, 424, 426, 436, 444, 445, 452, 458, 461, 489, 502, 510-514, 519, 520, 538, 539, 542, 612, 669, 768, 786, 795, 797, 799, 802, 810-812, 825, 832, 833, 835, 837, 8443, 846, 848, 849, 864, 866, 875, 879, 886, 887, 891, 892, 894-896, 898-900, 903, 906, 907, 917, 919, 920, 922, 929, 931, 940, 942-944, 946, 948, 949, 951, 953-955, 963, 964, 967, 970, 971, 973, 974, 976-978, 985, 987, 988, 991-994, 996-1000, 1002-1004, 1006, 1021, 1029, 1049-1052, 1057, 1058, 1062, 1078, 1084, 1085, 1087, 1098, 1100, 1106, 1118, 1119, 1130, 1149, 1183, 1235, 1246, 1282, 1289, 1293, 1295, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1350, 1364, 1367, 1374, 1377].
- Surada** Radèn Mas, son of Radèn Jayakusuma 2 [1189], [1264, 1275], 1313].
- Suradadaha (Suradedaha)** Ki, messenger to invite Pakubuwana II to Pranaraga [1350], commander at Nguter, initial success [1358, 1359, 1361-1363], defeated [1366], besieges Magetan [1382].
- Suradigdaya** chief of the night guards [1262].
- Suradilaga** Radèn, son of Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) [874], defeated [877, 878, 885], flees, joins Pangéran Purbaya [1115], flees to Lumajang [1119], helps persuading Pangéran Purbaya to surrender and surrenders himself as well [1131-1139], sent to Batavia and exiled to Ceylon [1140, 1144].
- Suradimenggala** Ngabèhi Martayuda 2 [1214, 1285]. Rangga Tiksnawijaya probably his son.
- Suradiningrat** 1. Radèn, = Pangéran Cakraningrat 3.
- Suradiningrat** 2. Radèn, son of Pangéran Arya Panular 2, commander [1111], dies [1120, 1122].
- Suradiningrat** 3. Tumenggung, = Tumenggung Tirtanata.
- Suradiningrat** 4. Adipati, Tumenggung Surabrata, bupati of Pranaraga, consulted about the depression of Pakubuwana II [1177], discusses the response to the Chinese revolt [1220], secondary part in the killing of Pangéran Tepasana [1262, 1263], leads the Mancanagara troops to Surabaya, retreats after the defeat of Tumenggung Mataun of Jipang [1286, 1289, 1293], invites Pakubuwana II to Pranaraga, strongly opposes the plan to go to Surabaya, raised in rank [1350, 1352], his daughter marries Pakubuwana II and the start the counter attack on Kartasura [1353, 1358, 1365], defeated at Nguter, flight back to Pranaraga [1366], after the return of the Dutch party via Surabaya to Semarang, advises the king to retreat into the mountains [1367], informs the king of the letter from Mangunoneng 4 to arrest him [1375, 1379], advises the king to return to Pranaraga [1379].
- Suradipura** 1. son of Pangéran Kudus, killed in action [1053].
- Suradipura** 2. Tumenggung, sent with Tirtawiguna to Semarang to appease the Company [1318, 1371].
- Suradirja (Suradireja)** Ki, messenger to invite Pakubuwana II to Pranaraga [1350], commander at Nguter, initial success [1358, 1359, 1361-1363], defeated [1366], besieges Magetan [1382].
- Suradiwangsa** Chinese of mixed-descent, joins with his younger brother Elik Pakubuwana II,

- seconded to Ngawi [1353].
- Surahim** = Adipati Wiranagara 3.
- Surajaya** Ki, Ngabèhi, patih of Patih Natakusuma [1227, 1254, 1270, 1274, 1296, 1298, 1301, 1331].
- Suralaya** 1. kraton of Bathara Guru [1, 5-8, 10-15].
- Suralaya** 2. Tumenggung, Radèn, bupati of Brebes, married to Radèn Ajeng Dèwi [1159], as envoy to Batavia [1187, 1188], reports on the Chinese revolt [1218, 1220], consulted by Adipati Jayaningrat [1269], defends Tegal [1304], with Patih Natakusuma at Talgaji [1326], reads the letter in which Natakusuma is invited to lead the rebels [1330].
- Suralegawa** Ngabèhi of Sarengat [1265].
- Suramenggala** Demang, younger brother of Ranga Kaliwungu, replaces Mangunoneng 3 [1149].
- Suramenggala** 2. Ki, son of Tumenggung Wiraguna 3, killed in action [1323].
- Suranagara** Radèn, court servant [1345-1347].
- Suranata** 1. Tumenggung, joins Cakraningrat in collecting Trunajaya [531], joins the killing of Martapura [642, 645, 646].
- Suranata** 2. Tumenggung, Radèn Arya, marries Radèn Ajeng Umik, sister of Pakubuwana II, becomes bupati of half of Demak [1159], dies [1190].
- Suranata** 3. Tumenggung, third bupati of Demak, with the other two bupati of Demak told to march against the Chinese [1233], told to join Sunan Kuning [1311, 1316, 1322, 1369, 1370].
- Suranata** 4. group of court officials (religious affairs) [699, 904, 1263, 1344, 1345, 1348].
- Surandriya** Ki, messenger of the Sunan, captured in Tuban, sent on to Madura, then to Surbaya, then to Semarang, then to Batavia, back to Semarang [1295], finally as go-between to Kartasura [1299, 1301].
- Surangga** Kyai, senior servant of Radèn Suryakusuma [755].
- Surantaka** 1. servant of Adipati Pragola 2, follows him in death [369].
- Surantaka** 2. Ngabèhi, bupati of Sarengat [1265].
- Surantaka** 3. Ki, head of the Sawojajar corps [1344].
- Surantani** Tumenggung, Kartiyuda, brother-in-law of Mangunoneng 4, made bupati Gedhong [1354, 1371, 1372].
- Surapati** 1. Radèn, adopted son of Sultan Cirebon, killed by the latter [586-589].
- Surapati** 2. Radèn, = Wiranagara 1 (Untung Surapati).
- Surapati** 3. Radèn, son of Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) [874], defeated [877, 878, 885], flees, joins Pangéran Purbaya [1115], flees to Lumajang [1119], helps persuading Pangéran Purbaya to surrender and surrenders himself as well [1131-1139], sent to Batavia and exiled to Ceylon [1140, 1144].
- Surapraméya** 1. servant of Adipati Pragola 2, follows him in death [369].
- Surapraméya** 2. envoy of Pakubuwana II to Batavia [1160], the deposed bupati of Batang confined in his residence [1207, 1254].
- Surata** 1. = Pangéran Ranga 5.
- Surata** 2. = Arya Mlayakusuma.
- Suratani** Tumenggung, sent to conquer eastern Java [334, 335, 337, 338], drowns 340, 342].
- Suratanu** chief of the Tamtama [228].
- Surawiguna** Ki, court official, flees the kraton [1344-1346], rejoins Pakubuwana II [1363].
- Surawijaya** Tumenggung, Ngabèhi Wirasantika, mantri, kills among others Kyai Bunjaladriya [885], becomes bupati of Jipang [894, 941], defeated at Sapanjang [961], dies [962].
- Surawikrama** Ki, to be installed as bupati of Sidayu [1287, 1291].
- Surayata** messenger of Sunan Prawata, killer of Pangéran Sédainglèpèn [140].
- Surayuda** Ki [1263, 1272, 1274, 1296, 1331], leader of the troops from Parembun (Pagèlèn). Also Sutayuda?
- Surèngrana** 1. Panji, = Adipati Natapura.
- Surèngrana** 2. Radèn Tumenggung, bupati of Surabaya [1183], during the siege of Semarang [1235, 1246].
- Surtikanti** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Surya** Radèn Mas, = Mangkurat IV.
- Suryadi** Radèn Mas, son of Pakubuwana II [1178], appointed crown prince [1204], joins his father on flight to Pranaraga [1344-1347, 1350], elevated as Prabu Jaka Sunan Bauwarna [1382], future Pakubuwana III.
- Suryadiningrat** Tumenggung, also Secadiningrat, son of Pangéran Cakraningrat 3, bupati of Sidayu, sent with Pringgalaya to attack the Chi-

- nese at Bahrawa [1247, 1248, 1250, 1251], returns to Sidayu [1276], defeated [1289], flees to Mangaré [1290], recovers Sidayu [1293].
- Suryakusuma** 1. Radèn, Radèn Mas Sudira, Pangéran Ngabèhi, son of Pakubuwana I [681, 682], favourite of Mangkurat III [691, 693, 694], involved in the killing of Radèn Ayu Lembah [721, 723-725], his magical powers [740], escorts the body of Mangkurat II to Imagiri [748], rises in rebellion against Mangkurat III [755, 756], defeated [758], captured [776], locked into a cage [794], freed because of supernatural signs, receives the title Pangéran Ngabèhi [807], joins his father, receives appanage [852, 859], flees to Tegal exiled to Cape of Good Hope [1128], dispute about his maintenance costs [1128], his body returned to Java [1188].
- Suryakusuma** 2. = Radèn Mas Said.
- Suryaputra** Radèn Mas, = Mangkurat IV.
- Suryataruna** son of Pangéran Arya Mataram, father of Arya Mlayakusuma [1175].
- Suryawinata** grandson of Panembahan Cakraningrat, receives one-third of Madura [894], accompanies Adipati Mangkupraja, together with Sasrawinata bupati of Grobogan [928], later Surabaya [1006].
- Susuruh** Radèn, son of Sri Pamekas, destined to be king of Pajajaran [21], fights Arya Banyakwidhé, flees away [32, 33], meets Ajar Cemara-tunggal [34-36] founds Majapahit [37], defeats Pajajaran [38], becomes ruler of Java [39, 40].
- Sutadipa** Ki, [1382].
- Sutagati** court official [1345, 1346].
- Sutamenggala** 1. Ki, = Ngabèhi Sindupati 2.
- Sutamenggala** 2. a servant who arrives from Kartasura [1376].
- Sutanagara** Tumenggung, bupati of Kaduwang [1366].
- Sutara** = Utara.
- Sutawijaya** 1. Ngabèhi, son of Demang Urawan 2, does not succeed him, becomes panèwu jawi [1175].
- Sutawijaya** 2. Ngabèhi, son of Patih Natakusuma, tries to make his father retreat [1298], sent to Demak [1317, 1318, 1320], leads the Kartasura troops against the Chinese at Toyana [1326], forced to flee [1327].
- Sutawirya** servant of Pangéran Tepasana [1264].
- Sutayuda** Ki, member of the Kapatihan, willing to fight Mas Brahim, arrests the rebel from Nusatembini [1149], follower of Pangéran Purbaya [1197], visits him during his exile in Sekararum [1201], mantri of the Kalang people, member of the raiding party on the fort of Kartasura [1270, 1272], attendant of the crown prince during the flight from the kraton, gets wounded and flees [1345]. All the same person? Also Surayuda?
- Suwanda** Nyai, chief of the female court servants [729, 730].
- Suwélaçala** son of Anglingdriya, ruler of Java, called Purwacarita [19].

T

- Tajang** panakawan [1345, 1346].
- Tajem** Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Mangkurat IV [1155], marries Radèn Wiratmeja 2 [1159], dies [1176].
- Taji** gateway to Mataram [172-174, 307, 412, 459, 463, 465, 551, 552].
- Tak** Captain, sent to capture Wiranagara (Untung Surapati) [603-605], to Semarang [609], welcomed by Adipati Sindureja [610, 611, 613-615, 617, 618], fights Wiranagara [619, 620, 622, 623, 625], killed by Pakubuwana I [628, 629, 631, 634], who is blamed for it [802].
- Talangpati** crack troops of Jayapuspita [986].
- Talgaji** = Telagaaji.
- Talijaya** messenger [1380, 1382].
- Taman** 1. Radèn Ayu, granddaughter of Radèn Singasari 4 of Giri, although already married, proposed as a candidate wife for Pakubuwana II, the murder of her husband by Mangunoneng 4 bungled, Radèn Ayu Taman herself gets killed [1194], her husband vows revenge [1198].
- Taman** 2. village [1358, 1362].
- Taman Sokawelahan** garden in Kartasura [1348].
- Tambakaji** Kyai Pangulu, leader in battle of Jayapuspita [954].
- Tambakbaya** 1. Ngabèhi, Adipati Sanjata, horse demanded by Sultan Agung [356], commander of the army of Pajang 357], flees to Surabaya, son-in-law of Pangéran Surabaya [358], killed by Sultan Agung [363, 364].
- Tambakbaya** 2. Tumenggung, [563].
- Tambakbaya** 3. Nyai, go-between for Radèn Ayu

- Lembah and Radèn Sukra [719], killed together with her [723, 726].
- Tambakbaya** 4. Ngabèhi, mantri of Sasranagara [1008]. = [1382]?
- Tambakuwos** village [323].
- Tambir** son of Watugunung [3].
- Tamtama** crack troops of Demak [111-115, 117, 125, 126, 128, 136, 145, 228, 229].
- Tanawas** village [1338].
- Tanduran** village [1367].
- Tangkeban** Jaka, = Tumenggung Jangrana 2.
- Tangkisan** village [1072].
- Tanjung** = Tanjung Welahan.
- Tanjung Welahan** starting point of the Chinese revolt in the Pasisir [1217, 1222, 1225, 1227, 1228, 1231, 1234, 1235, 1240, 1243, 1316, 1367].
- Tanpagembung** corps of soldiers [1262, 1320]. Also Tanpagempung.
- Tanpanaha** Demang, messenger of Suraadimanggala to Pakubuwana I [770, 783, 784].
- Tanpanangkil** 1. Radèn Demang, son-in-law of Sénapati [269].
- Tanpanangkil** 2. Pangéran Demang, Radèn Kadhawung, younger brother of Pangéran Krapyak [322].
- Tanparaga** corps of soldiers [1262, 1321].
- Tanumanggala** son of Kyai Adipati Martapura [438].
- Tapa** Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat I, predicted to become bupati of Pathi [417, 472, 473].
- Tarub** 1. Kyai Ageng Tarub 1, his widow raises Kyai Ageng Tarub 2 [71].
- Tarub** 2. Kyai Ageng Tarub 2, grandson of Kyai Ageng Kudus [67-71], marries the nymph Nawangwulan [72], loses her, their daughter is Nawangsih [73, 74, 75], raises Kyai Ageng Tarub 3, takes him as son-in-law, dies [94].
- Tarub** 3. Kyai Ageng Tarub 3, Bondhankajawan, Lembupeteng 2, son of Brawijaya with a Wandhan woman, raised by Kyai Buyut Masahar [64], brought to Kyai Ageng Tarub 2 [76-78], marries his foster sister Nawangsih [94], father of Ki Getaspandhawa and a daughter, dies [95].
- Tédhéng** Johanis Tédhéng, second-in-command of Émuf [1216].
- Tegal** [450, 473, 474, 481, 484-487, 490, 492, 493, 497, 499, 510, 512, 534, 541, 800, 805, 808, 811, 812, 939, 948, 956, 1090, 1128, 1180, 1235, 1246, 1282, 1296, 1304, 1305].
- Tegalarum** gravesite of Mangkurat I [474, 1200].
- Tegalsari** village [1382].
- Téja** Adipati, father-in-law of Radèn Burareh and Radèn Santri [54], bupati of Tuban, joins Radèn Patah [87].
- Téjalaku** Ajar, killed by Mangkurat II and released [518].
- Téjawati** wife of Sunan Kuning [1348].
- Telagaaji (Talgaji, Tlagaji)** village [1320, 1326, 1327, 1331].
- Télamaya** Mount, Jaka Tingkir makes pilgrimage there [107].
- Téling** Johan Harman / Arman / Man Téling, Tilen, Tilem, Dutch commissioner in Batavia [1214, 1215], ordered to Semarang [1281], in Semarang [1284, 1299], [passim]. Sunan wishes to present him with a wife [1319].
- Tembaga** Radèn, = Pangéran Puger 2.
- Tembayat** holy grave [236, 1066, 1067, 1100, 1349].
- Tembelèk** Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Pangéran Bli-tar 3, marries Pangéran Buminata 2 [1159], after his death marries Pangéran Tepasana [1188].
- Tembiring** village [813].
- Tèng Mulu** Encik, headman under Sapanjang [1213, 1215].
- Tengaran** village, strategic gorge on the road between Semarang and Kartasura [1336, 1339, 1340].
- Tepasana** 1. son-in-law of Sénapati [269].
- Tepasana** 2. Padureksa, as messenger of Sultan Agung joins the expedition to Blambangan, raised in rank [392, 396].
- Tepasana** 3. Pangéran, Radèn Mas Alit, Pangéran Mangkuningrat, Pangéran Pakuningrat, third son of Mangkurat III [741, 766], sent out against Pakubuwana I [877], returns from exile in Ceylon and renamed Pangéran Tepasana, given an apanage, the right to have a ceremonial umbrella, and the widow of Pangéran Buminata [1188], has five children, his daughter marries Puspadirja of Batang, another daughter eventually marries Pangéran Buminata, his son Radèn Mas Garendi predicted to be become king for a short while [1189], worries caused by his elder brother Pangéran Wiramenggala [1205, 1208, 1209], trapped and killed [1254, 1255, 1257, 1258. 1260-1263], his children flee

- with Pangéran Wiramenggala [1264], questions about his killing [1269], his remaining two sons [1275, 1313].
- Teras** village [1341, 1343, 1347].
- Terbaya (Trebaya)** place near Semarang [1194, 1246, 1283, 1284, 1298].
- Termala (Tremala)** village [1322, 1332].
- Ternatense** (actually Tanetese, from the small kingdom of Tanete in southern Sulawesi) [447, 491, 938].
- Terung** Adipati, = Radèn Husèn.
- Tiksnanagara** to be installed in Kaliwungu [1371].
- Tiksnarengga** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Tiksnasari** Mas Ayu, woman given in marriage to Adipati Natapura [1086].
- Tiksnawati** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Tiksnawijaya** Rangga, son of Suradimenggala of Semarang (Martayuda 2), serves as go-between between Patih Natakusuma and Company [1302, 1304, 1306, 1311], [1355, 1381]. Probably the same as Rangga Yudanagara 3 [1317].
- Tilarsih** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II [1348].
- Tilem** = Téling.
- Tilen** = Téling.
- Timah Tesir Jongkok** Captain, member of the welcoming committee for Patih Danureja [1169].
- Timbel** spy of the Sunan in the Surapraméya residence [1254].
- Timur** Pangéran, Pangéran Madiyun, son of Radèn Trenggana [129], bupati of Madiyun [130], opposes Sénapati, flees to Wirasaba [291].
- Tindak** village, formerly Bulu, in Majenang [124].
- Tingkir** 1. Kyai Ageng, disciple of Sitijenar, friends with Kyai Ageng Pengging 2, gives Awijaya the name Mas Krèbèt, dies, his widow raises Awijaya [98, 100, 101, 102].
- Tingkir** 2. Jaka, Mas Krèbèt, Sultan Pajang, = Awijaya.
- Tingkir** 3. village [102, 105, 108, 116, 117, 542, 1336].
- Tirisan** village [1356-1358].
- Tiron** Arya, stays loyal to Mangkurat III on his flight [859], extradited and demoted by Pakubuwana I [890, 894].
- Tirtakusuma** 1. Radèn, of Winongan, rises in rebellion, defeated [915].
- Tirtakusuma** 2. Radèn, = Arya Mlayakusuma.
- Tirtanata** 1. son of Wiranagara (Untung Surapati), joins Panembahan Purbaya 2 [1115], flees to Lumajang [1117, 1119], remains behind in Sarebed [1136, 1137], joins the surrender of Panembahan Purbaya [1139].
- Tirtanata** 2. Tumenggung, Mas Kutha, Jayakusuma, younger brother of Jayaningrat 2, bupati of Bahrawa made bupati in Tegal, chased away by the local people, made mantri in Kartasura, bribes Tumenggung Tirtawiguna and Wirajaya to make him bupati in part of Pekalongan with the title Tumenggung Suradiningrat, on the orders of Patih Danureja demoted and dismissed, leading to the fall of Danureja [1180], as Tumenggung Suradiningrat appointed in Tuban [1183], raided by Dipasana [1195], killed by the Madurese [1286, 1295].
- Tirtawiguna** Tumenggung, Ngabéhi, Saratrana, Carik Bajra, scribe of Adipati Mangkupraja, becomes chief of the scribes under Pakubuwana I [950, 952], raised in rank (Ngabéhi) [1029], at proclamation Pakubuwana II [1154], envoy to Batavia [1168], raised in rank (Tumenggung) [1175], bribed by Tirtanata 2, writes letter for Danureja's dismissal [1180], at the reception of the Dutch envoy [1182], envoy to Batavia [1187], again envoy to Batavia [1188], advises on the exile of Pangéran Purbaya 3 [1200], with Arya Pringgalaya 3 main adviser of Pakubuwana II [1218], avoids the discussion on whether to support the Chinese or not [1219-1221, 1230, 1231], Pangéran Wiramenggala hopes for help from him [1259], guards kraton gates during attack on fortress [1270, 1271], replies to letter of the captain [1279], the lieutenant put at his disposal [1279], refuses to give advice in the matter of Madura [1286], presents the letter of the patih about his "draw" in battle [1298], presents the letter of the Dutch commissioners [1299], and another letter of the patih [1300], conspires with queen mother to reconcile Sunan with Company [1301], order to the patih to reconcile with the Company [1302], Martapura 4 visits Sunan, patih recalled [1310, 1311], discusses with patih and Sunan the offer of Captain Ondorop [1312], to Semarang and stays there to represent the Sunan [1318], informs Sunan about the sus-

- pitions of the Company concerning the patih, decision to have the patih arrested [1329], arrest of the patih [1331], urges Company to reinforce Kartasura [1333, 1334], in Semarang during Pakubuwana II's flight to Pranaraga [1354], meets Pangéran Mangkubumi and his brothers, request to return denied by the Company [1355], consulted by the Company [1371].
- Tlagaji** = Telagaaji.
- Tohjaya** Tumenggung, Ngabéhi, Juragan Bali, merchant from Gresik [931], assists Adipati Natapura [933, 934, 944-946, 950], defects to Pakubuwana I, becomes Ngabéhi Tohjaya [952], flees in the battle of Surabaya [957, 958], sent to forage [964], stays in Surabaya [1050], taken into personal service by Mangkurat IV [1084, 1085], conquers Tembayat [1100], rewarded with the domain of Lamongan and the tumenggung title [1105], sent to Kadhiri in pursuit of Panembahan Purbaya [1116], marches to Gembong [1130], as envoy to Lumajang to persuade Panembahan Purbaya to surrender [1132-1140], sent after Mas Brahim [1149], retakes Lamongan [1287, 1288], reinstalled in Lamongan [1297], summoned by Pakubuwana II to Pranaraga [1352], in Kaduwang [1366].
- Tohjiwa** Rangga, bupati of (Pa)malang, defeated [338].
- Tohpati** 1. bupati, installed by Adipati Pragola 2 [365].
- Tohpati** 2. Panji, leader in battle of Pangéran Blitar 3, killed in action [1023, 1036, 1037].
- Tolomondo** secretary in the party of Captain Orondrop [1318, 1345].
- Tolu** son of Watugunung [3].
- Tompé** Radèn, = Tumenggung Gagakbahning.
- Tonar** Dutch captain at Surabaya [981], also sent out against Cakraningrat 3 [1003], and after Panembahan Purbaya 2 [1116, 1138].
- Toyona** village [1326, 1327, 1330, 1336].
- Trajukuning** village [1347].
- Trayem** Kedhutrayem [462, 463, 465].
- Tremala** = Termala.
- Trenggana** Pangéran, son of Radèn Patah, succeeds him after Pangéran Sabranglèr dies [109], adopts Jaka Tingkir [111], summons Sunan Kalijaga to Demak [127], 6 children [129], dies [130].
- Tritrutha** son of Bramani [19].
- Trunadilaga** Radèn, younger brother of Trunajaya, wants to attack Pasuruhan, but does not know that the war is a sham [675, 676, 677].
- Trunajaya** Radèn, = Panembahan Maduretna Panatagama, son of Demang Malaya, son-in-law of Panembahan Kajoran [431, 432], ally of Mangkurat II [433-436] and Kraèng Galésong [445, 450, 451], makes himself king [452], defeats Mangkurat II [453-455], bases himself in Kadhiri after fetching Panembahan Kajoran [458, 461], conquers Mataram [462-466], exiles Panembahan Cakraningrat [469], loses Surabaya [502, 512-515], kills Galésong [516], expelled from Kadhiri 521-525], lured from Mount Antang by Panembahan Cakraningrat [526-532], killed, his body mutilated [533-537].
- Trunalanang** crack troops from Sidayu [1251].
- Trunalawung** crack troops of Cakraningrat 3 [1238].
- Trunasura** corps of Kapatihan soldiers [1149].
- Trunawijaya** court official [1346].
- Tuban** domain [87, 91, 180, 213, 216-219, 231, 234, 274, 339, 344, 349, 359, 501, 510-512, 926, 933, 934, 936, 937, 940, 944, 949, 1050, 1138, 1159, 1183, 1195, 1196, 1282, 1286, 1287, 1289, 1293, 1295].
- Tugu** village near Semarang [812, 1245, 1355, 1371].
- Tumapel** village [1288, 1289].
- Tundhungmungsuh** cannon of Pangéran Mangkubumi 2 [1083].
- Tunggal** Sang Hyang, son of Sang Hyang Wenang [1].
- Tungulmetung** fourth son of Kandhiawan [19].
- Tunggulwulung** Olor, fish left alive by Sénapati [205].
- Tunjungan** [995, 998, 1003].
- Tuntang** River, with strategic bridge on the road between Kartasura and Semarang [782, 1251-1253, 1381].
- Turunsih** Radèn Ayu, concubine of Pakubuwana II, taken by Sunan Kuning [1348].

U

- Udanarum** Kyai, small gong in Pengging [104].
- Udara** Dipati, son of Patih Wahan, dipati of Kadhiri [40].
- Ujungsabata** kills Patih Wahan [41].

Uluk diamond of Ratu Kalinyamat, given to Kyai Pamanahan [166].

Umar Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara and Radèn Ajeng Wulan, adopted by Pakubuwana II [1164, 1165], becomes ill and dies [1176, 1177].

Umbaran Radèn Mas, = Pangéran Arya Purbaya 3.

Umik Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Mangkurat IV, [1155], married to Radèn Tumenggung Suranata of Demak [1159].

Ungaran [785, 815, 824, 825, 1296, 1298, 1353, 1367, 1371, 1380, 1381].

Untung = Radèn Tumenggung Wiranagara.

Upagsa Dutch captain [1173].

Upasanta 1. Pangéran, son of Pangéran Mandura [329].

Upasanta 2. [859] = Dipasanta?

Urawan 1. Tumenggung, Kyai Sendhi, servant of Mangkurat II [495], attacked by Ajar Téjalaku [518], advises about the building of the Kartasura kraton [542, 543], reconciles Mangkurat II and Pakubuwana I [557, 563, 564, 566, 567].

Urawan 2. Kyai Demang, urges Mangkurat IV to release Danureja [1078], shocked by the dismissal of Radèn Tumenggung Sumabrata [1161], the Governor General asks after him [1171], dies [1175].

Urawan 3, Demang, = Pangéran Arya Purbaya 3.

Urutsèwu [471].

Utara Radèn Mas, (also Sutara), son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Martasana.

Uter Nguter, village

Uwuh Radèn Ajeng [1348].

W

Wahan Patih, Ki Wiro, brother of the widow of Kaligunting, patih of Radèn Susuruh, assassinated [33, 39, 40, 41, 42].

Waladana place of exile of Pangéran Silarong [413].

Walilanang Sèh, from Juldah, visits Ampèdenta, marries daughter of king of Blambangan [55], father of Prabu Sètmata, teaches him at Malaka [56].

Wami one of the eight captains during the siege of Jakarta [381].

Wanagiri Kyai, senior advisor of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1044, 1045].

Wanakarta forest where the kraton of Mangkurat II will be built, renamed Kartasura [372, 419, 542-544].

Wanakrama village [991, 992, 996, 999-1002].

Wanakusuma Kyai, descendant of Kyai Giring, father of Jayaparusa and Jayalalana, disappears without a trace [657-659, 661, 664].

Wanapala 1. Ki, = Patih Mangkurat.

Wanapala 2. Kyai Ageng, servant of Sénapati Jimbun (Radèn Patah) [99].

Wanasalam Patih, son of Patih Mangkurat, becomes patih of Radèn Trenggana [109, 128].

Wandhan woman from ~, brought with her by the princess from Cempa, mother of Bondhankajawan with Brawijaya [63].

Wanèngpati Panji, kinsman of Trunadilaga [676].

Wanèngsekar Panji, kinsman of Trunadilaga [676].

Wanglu Nyai Ageng, daughter of Getaspandhawa [95].

Wangsacitra Kyai, = Tumenggung Mangkuyuda 2.

Wangsadipa 1. Ngabèhi, Kyai Adipati Martapura.

Wangsadipa 2. from Kalegèn, replaces Cakrajaya, son of Danureja, as kliwon Sèwu [1207].

Wangsadirja Kyai, = Tumenggung Wiranagara.

Wangsadita Ki, court official [1363].

Wangsadriya Pangéran, Panembahan Érucakra stays in his house [1066, 1067].

Wangsagati court official [1345, 1346].

Wangsajaya Ki, messenger of the Sunan, captured in Tuban, sent on to Madura, then to Surabaya, then to Semarang, then to Batavia, back to Semarang [1295], finally as go-between to Kartasura [1299, 1301].

Wangsamanggala messenger of Pangéran Arya Mataram to Pakubuwana I [839].

Wangsaprana leader of Trunajaya's Madurese [453, 462].

Wangsataruna 1. Radèn Mas, = Mangkurat IV.

Wangsatrana 2. Radèn, joins Pakubuwana II on his flight but stays behind [1347].

Wangsawana Kyai, Sèh, ascetic who predicts the future greatness of Radèn Mas Sujana (Pangéran Mangkubumi) and Radèn Mas Said (Pangéran Mangkunagara) [1179].

Wargamenggala Demang, patih of Tumenggung Martapura 4 [1224, 1225].

Warigagung son of Watugunung [3].

Warigalit son of Watugunung [3].

- Waringinpitu** abode of spirits [18].
- Warsah** Radèn Ajeng [1348].
- Warung** domain [277, 1248, 1289, 1291, 1294].
- Wates** village [1366].
- Watugunung** king of Gillingwesi [3, 4, 8, 14-17, 19].
- Wayah** Kyai, wayang gedhog puppeteer whose daughter becomes a concubine of Mangkurat I [414].
- Wayang** son of Watugunung [3].
- Wedhi** village [308, 852].
- Wenang** Sang Hyang, son of Nurasa [1].
- Weru** village in Gunung Kidul [251, 252].
- Wétan** 1. Ratu, = Ratu Malang.
- Wétan** 2. Ratu, princess from Giri, former wife of Mangkurat II, given to Panembahan Cakraningrat [697].
- Wibisana** [1269].
- Wija** = Tumenggung Mangunoneng 2.
- Wijayakusuma** flower [485, 490].
- Wijil** 1. Panembahan, of Adilangu, present at the accession to the throne of Pakubuwana I [808].
- Wijil** 2. Mount where Pangéran Tepasana and Radèn Jayakusuma are buried [1263].
- Wijil** 3. Pangéran [1344, 1345].
- Wila** Ki, = Wilamarta, son of Ki Buyut Majasta [120], companion of Jaka Tingkir, appointed bupati [136], envoy to Sénapati in Mataram [190-193].
- Wilaja** Nyai, chief of the female court servants
- Wilamarta** Ngabèhi, = Ki Wila.
- Wilatikta** Tumenggung, = Ki Gedhé Manila.
- Wilis** Mount [1137, 1382].
- Winongan** [335, 337, 338, 915, 916].
- Wirabumi** 1. Panji, bupati in Pranaraga under Pangéran Jayaraga [325].
- Wirabumi** 2. Panji, one of the commanders of Mataram sent against the Makassarese, killed in action [442, 453].
- Wiracana** Tumenggung, wadana gedhong under Pakubuwana I [859, 895], restores the mosque of Demak, dies, succeeded by his brother [913].
- Wiradigda** 1. Tumenggung, Andakara, servant of Mangkurat II, as messenger to Panembahan Kajoran [430], raised in rank [495].
- Wiradigda** 2. Ngabèhi, one of the leaders of the Kartasura army [1326, 1327, 1331].
- Wiradikara** Mas, messenger of Patih Natakusuma [1227, 1229].
- Wiradirana** messenger from Surabaya, sent back with a request for reinforcements [1364].
- Wiradirja** 1. Radèn, brother-in-law and messenger of Panembahan Érucakra [1013-1015].
- Wiradirja** 2. Ngabèhi, one of the leaders in the attack on the fortress of Semarang [1285].
- Wiragatèn** village [1345].
- Wiragati** son of Kyai Adipati Martapura [438].
- Wiraguna** 1. Tumenggung, sent out against Blambangan [402, 411], dies [412].
- Wiraguna** 2. Tumenggung, becomes patih lebet [744, 759], opposes Pakubuwana I at Ngasem [844], flees [845], stays loyal to Mangkurat III [859], extradited and demoted by Pakubuwana I [890, 894].
- Wiraguna** 3. Tumenggung, [wadana Panumping] [1199], participates in the attack on Semarang [1283, 1298, 1308], escorts the Kartasura Company guard to Semarang [1317], marches with Arya Pringgalaya to Grobogan [1319, 1322] killed in action [1323, 1324], death reported to Sunan Kuning [1327] and Pakubuwana II [1328].
- Wiraguna** 4. Tumenggung, son of Wiraguna 3, deploys in Ambuh [1337].
- Wirajaya** 1. Ngabèhi, killed in action against Trunajaya [453].
- Wirajaya** 2. Tumenggung, Nggabèhi, wadana lebet [Kaparak], shocked by the dismissal of Tumenggung Sumabrata 2 [1161], in a bribery case with Tumenggung Tirtawiguna which leads to the downfall of Patih Danureja [1180], part of the escort of the Dutch envoy [1182], sent to Pangéran Purbaya to order his exile [1200], sent to the fort to inform the captain of the arrests of Puspadirja and Puspatenaya, the captain informs him of the chests that Pangéran Wiramenggala had entrusted to him, orders the killing of Puspadirja and Puspatenaya [1254], guards the kraton gates during the attack on the guard and the fortress [1270, 1271, 1273], verifies Arya Pringgalaya's account of Patih Natakusuma and advises the Sunan to put the patih at the disposal of the Company [1328, 1329, 1331], advises on the defense of Kartasura [1336], opposes the king's going out to battle, offers to go himself, but flees once outside the kraton [1344, 1345, 1346], submits to Sunan

- Kuning, renamed Baureksa [1351, 1354], leads the attack on Kaduwang [1366, 1379].
- Wirajaya** 3. Tumenggung, a leader of the Javanese following Sunan Kuning [1336].
- Wirajaya** 4. Tumenggung, = Wirajaya 3? a man from Pajangkungan chosen by Sunan Kuning to replace Wirajaya 2 [1354].
- Wiraka** [1008, 1363].
- Wirakabluk** Kyai, loyal servant of Mangkurat III, father of Angakusuma [1189].
- Wirakanca** his house [1345].
- Wirakarti** Ngabèhi, chief of the Tamtama [228, 229].
- Wirakrama** 1. Ranga, = Radèn Tumenggung Niti-nagara.
- Wirakrama** 2. messenger of Patih Natakusuma to Madura [1238].
- Wirakusuma** Ki, member of the raiding party on the Kartasura fort [1272].
- Wiramanggala** Pangéran, Tumenggung, conquers Kadhiri for Sénapati [301, 303].
- Wiramantri** from Demak, offers his services to Mangkurat II, [488].
- Wiramenggala** Pangéran, Radèn Mas Panenggak, Pangéran Pakunagara, Pangéran Mangkunagara, second son of Mangkurat III [741, 766], sent out against Pakubuwana I [877], returns from exile in Ceylon, renamed Pangéran Wiramenggala, demoted [1188], tries to visit Imagiri ahead of the king [1205], sees signs that he or his brother should ascend the throne and approaches the Company [1208], the rumours reach the king [1209], conspires with Puspadirja the son-in-law of his brother [1254, 1259], flees Kartasura after the strangling of his younger brothers [1264, 1265], reaches the camp of the Chinese [1268, 1269], reported to Kartasura [1270], the Sunan sends his executioner and has Wiramenggala strangled [1275, 1276, 1313].
- Wiranagara** 1. Radèn Tumenggung, Untung, Radèn Surapati 2, as slave boy bought by Captain Mur [573], seduces his daughter [574], jailed but gets free with his fellow prisoners and conducts a guerrilla against the Dutch [575-583], flees to the Sultan of Cirebon who adopts him [584-591], gets into favour with Mangkurat II [592-601], Company asks for his extradition [602-605], accepts the order to fight Captain Tak [606-608], fake rebellion against Mangkurat II [609-618], fight against Tak [619-628], receives Pasuruhan as reward [629], his conduct there [630], a new faked attack on him, defeats Major Burham and kills Radèn Demang Pasisir, apologizes for the latter, attacked by Radèn Trunadilaga, drives Panembahan Cakraningrat in a faked fight to Kartasura [666-679, 695-697], refuses to join the rebellion against Mangkurat III [796, 797], sends the latter help [860, 863], dies after a heroic fight against the Dutch and Javanese 864-868, 872, 873], his sons [874], his grave, his grave found, his corpse cremated [881, 882].
- Wiranagara** 2. Tumenggung, sent by Pakubuwana I against Tegal [811].
- Wiranagara** 3. Adipati, Mas Surahim, eldest son of Wiranagara 1 (Surapati) [874], = Surapati 3.
- Wiranagara** 4. Panji, bupati of Tegal, killed in action at Surabaya [956].
- Wiranagara** 5. Tumenggung, Kyai Wangsadirja, follower of Pangéran Blitar 3 [1045], sent to assist Adipati Lumarap [1069], flees [1071], has Pangéran Purpaya's horoscope confirmed [1095, 1096].
- Wiranagara** 6. Tumenggung, bupati of Tegal, attacks Company troops [1304].
- Wiranagara** 7. Tumenggung, bupati of Lasem under Sunan Kuning [1358].
- Wiranagara** 8. a relative of Suranata of Demak, accompanies Company troops against the Chinese [1369, 1370].
- Wiranagara** 9. = Radèn Brahim.
- Wirantaka** court official [1345, 1346].
- Wirapati** 1. Ngabèhi, sent by Sultan Agung to plunder Pathi [368].
- Wirapati** 2. Ki, = Tumenggung Wirareja 2.
- Wirapraba** Adipati, son of Adipati Mandaraka, dies, buried in Gambiran [329, 333].
- Wirareja** 1. Ngabèhi, guardian of the girl Oyi [421, 424], handed over to Mangkurat II [425, 426], exiled to Pranaraga and killed [428].
- Wirareja** 2. Tumenggung, Adipati, Ki Wirapati, counsellor of Pakubuwana II, made wadana Gedhong Tengen [1207], guards kraton gates during attack on fortress [1271], joins Pakubuwana II on his flight to Pranaraga [1345-1347], raised in rank [1350], [1352-1354, 1356, 1363, 1365-1367, 1375, 1378, 1379, 1382].

Wirasaba domain [180, 274, 291, 300, 343-347, 875, 894, 925, 927, 1353].

Wirasantika Ngabèhi, = Tumenggung Surawijaya.

Wirasastra Tumenggung, one of the three bupati of Demak, dispatched to 'support' Semarang [1233-1235, 1240], breaks and runs during the siege of Semarang [1298], acts as go-between [1299, 1301, 1320, 1369].

Wirasemita Kyai, bupati of Wirasaba [894].

Wirasetra Tumenggung, sent by Mangkurat III to support Demak [800, 813].

Wirasraya = Tumenggung Sasranagara 3.

Wiratanta mantri of Tumenggung Jangrana 1 [898].

Wiratanu Ki, mantri of Sasranagara [1008].

Wirataruna 1. Radèn, = Adipati Mangkubumi.

Wirataruna 2. Ngabèhi, kliwon of Mlayakusuma, escorts Pangéran Purbaya 3 to Sekararum [1201], pursues Pangéran Wiramenggala [1265].

Wiratmeja 1. Radèn, son of Pangéran Tepasana 3 [1189], flees Kartasura [1264, 1265, 1267, 1270], strangled [1275].

Wiratmeja 2. Radèn, bupati of Pathi, married Radèn Ajeng Tajem [1159], after death of Tajem, marries Radèn Ajeng Jumanten [1176], 1346].

Wirawangsa 1. with others dispatched against the Makassarese [442].

Wirawangsa 2. rebel in Gunung Kidul, killed by Mangkurat III [793].

Wirawangsa 3. Tumenggung, sent by Mangkurat III to support Demak [800, 813].

Wirayuda village head of Pamanggaran [1347].

Wiro Ki, = Patih Wahan.

Wiryadiningrat Tumenggung, Radèn Arya, Jombla, Anggadiwirya, son of patih Natakusuma, appointed wadana Panekar [1221], marches on Semarang, deployed in Pangambengan [1283], defeated [1285], attacks Chinese [1308, 1318], defeats Chinese [1321], ill [1331].

Wiryakusuma Radèn, = Radèn Mas Sabar.

Wisageni Dhaèng, deputy chief of the Makassarese [437].

Wisarsa wife of Sunan Kuning [1348].

Wisnu Bathara, son of Bathara Guru, Prabu Sèt, [1, 2, 8-14, 18].

Wotan village [1309, 1313, 1315, 1316, 1322].

Wringinkuncung village [1350].

Wugu son of Watugunung [3].

Wujil Radèn Mas, son of Pangéran Singasari, bu-

pati in Pranaraga [329].

Wukir son of Watugunung [3].

Wulan Radèn Ajeng, daughter of Pangéran Blitar 3, married to Pangéran Arya Mangkunagara 3 [914], Mangkurat IV wants him to divorce, but does not succeed [1151], becomes his main wife [1159], mother of Radèn Mas Said [1164], dies in childbirth and buried in Imagiri [1165].

Wular Demang, patih of Lembuamisani [43].

Wuragil Ki, relative of Ki Buyut Banyubiru, companion of Jaka Tingkir [120], appointed bupati [136], envoy to Sènapati [190-192].

Wuyé son of Watugunung [3].

Y

Yadi Radèn Mas, son of Mangkurat IV, = Pangéran Silarong 3.

Yanis Captain Wilem Yanis, Semarang [1246].

Yudakarti mantri of Mangkurat I, sent out to search for a beautiful woman [420, 421].

Yudanagara 1. Rangga, = Adipati Suraadimanggala.

Yudanagara 2. Tumenggung, bupati of Banyumas, follower of Pangéran Arya Purbaya [1197], joins the surprise attack on the fort of Kartasura [1270], escapes [1272].

Yudanagara 3. Rangga, probably the same as Tiksnawijaya, son of Martayuda 2.

Yudayana son of Parikesit [19].